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WHITEAWAY'S

100

A.R.P. PROFITEERING TO BE STOPPED

Home Office Calls Prices Conference

Prices of A.R.P. materials, which jumped as much as 500 per cent. at the peak of the crisis, are to be considered by a conference of contractors called by the Home Office.

Manufacturers are to assist the Government in avoiding a repetition of this retail profiteering, which has left municipal authorities with fabulous bills.

The iron and steel trades have a manufacturers' controlling board to fix prices. These boards are now investigating the inflated charges of certain merchants for their materials.

The Home Office conference will decide on a uniform list of prices, and trade unions are ready to adjust their labour charges to the new figures.

"There were some shocking examples of overcharging in the retail trade," Mr. W. T. Cockle, borough treasurer and accountant of Barking, said.

"Retailers were to blame—they took advantage of large orders when there was no time for considering tenders. In our case, the price of corrugated iron for anti-bomb trenches rose from £21 per ton to £27."

Sandbag prices in Essex rose in one day from 2½d. to 10d. In parts of Yorkshire the cost of timber shot up by £3 a standard.

Some authorities have already paid these bills. Others are waiting for the Government to save them a substantial sum of money.

RECRUITING DRIVE

Authorities all over the country are asking for recruits to fill the gaps which the crisis revealed in A.R.P. and this week recruiting schemes will be debated at many council meetings.

On Saturday appeals were broadcast to football crowds for recruits for the Auxiliary Fire Service and the volunteer ambulance service.

The London fire service wants 30,000 to serve as firemen, telephonists, and car drivers, and the ambulance service needs 5,000 women to drive emergency ambulances.

Authorities fear that with the passing of the crisis the question of defence precautions will sink into the background in people's minds.

LOVE FILMS BORE CHILDREN

Children's tastes in the cinema run entirely to action thrill and adventure—they are bored by love stories. The Hon. Eleanor Plumer, Governor of the British Film Institute, expressed this view at the Cinema Christian Council Conference at Lambeth Palace recently.

"Right must triumph in children's films because the children's sense of justice is very strong indeed," she said.

"The death of the villain is not looked on as a painful event but as the tidying up of the world and leaving more space for other people." A high Home Office official and leading psychologist, she added, shared the view that crime and gangster films were not likely to develop criminal tendencies in those who saw them.

FOUR HOURS A WEEK

Children who invited adult strangers to take them into cinemas to see "A" category films were a problem. Some even wore the clothes of older brothers or sisters to persuade the person at the booking office that they were 16.

Dr. J. E. Smart said that 23 million people (half the population of Britain) spent four hours a week in the cinema.

An inquiry by the British Film Institute showed that the girl of today had learnt from the film how to behave at table.

DOCTOR LOSES "KISS" APPEAL

Dr. C. Bernard Kelly, of Gay-street, Bath, lost his appeal at Bath Quarter Sessions recently against a £2 fine for assaulting his housemaid 10-years-old Marie Fingean, by kissing her.

The Recorder, Mr. R. P. Croome-Johnson, K.C., said he was satisfied with the young woman's evidence, and added: "I cannot accept the evidence of the appellant."

He added that he was not satisfied with the evidence of the doctor's wife that the girl was imaginative about sex matters.

The Recorder expressed the hope that before whomsoever Dr. Kelly should hereafter be examined, they would find it possible to consider whether the publicity and his decision had not been punishment enough.

Mrs. Kelly, in the witness-box, said that she and her husband were the greatest of friends.

BIGGER CROPS AND APPETITES

By L. F. EASTERBROOK

The annual report of the Potato Marketing Board, published recently, shows how much the potato growers, at any rate, have to gain from this system of collective security.

For, despite a very difficult season, when supplies exceeded 4,000,000 tons for the first time since 1934, and when the freak weather of last spring caused a serious falling off in demand throughout March, prices, although about 35s. per ton lower than in the previous year, kept remarkably steady until the middle of April.

After that they shot up about 70s. per ton for three weeks and ended in June at about last year's level. The lower prices have meant that consumers could buy on an average 7½ lb. of potatoes in the past season for about 6½d., compared with 7½d. the year before.

It is interesting to note that although national production was 244,000 tons greater in 1938 than in 1937 the stocks in hand last June (71,000 tons) were 14,000 tons fewer than in June, 1937.

So the increased supply has been brought into consumption.

STAIN A BUYER

When growers were tumbling over one another to sell in the early part of the past season, the Board stepped in to steady the market and offered to buy at a guaranteed price.

Altogether they bought 26,850 tons, of which they sold 4,931 tons to Spain.

The remainder was released in May, and helped to keep down the steep rise in prices that would have been even greater had these potatoes not been available for release at that time.

TELL-TALE PRICE GRAPHS

It has not been a rosy year for growers, and it proves that even organisation under a Marketing Board cannot entirely insulate them against the results of supplies in excess of requirements, especially since the Board has no control over sales.

Financial stringency, local rumour, cost of storage and need to release labour for other farm-work are all factors that encourage the rush to sell early in a bumper season.

But study of the series of price graphs in this report suggests that some producers might still gain financially by having a little more confidence in the increased stability of their industry that has come about by organised marketing.

CANNED POTATOES

More research work has been carried out with potatoes not wanted for human consumption.

The organised manufacturers of glucose have expressed a desire to co-operate with the Board.

High class canned potatoes are now being turned out, and the War Office has given a trial order for 500 tons of them, while a canning firm is doing good business exporting them.

Experiments are being made in drying potatoes in factories that are only open seasonally for such other purposes as drying grass, lucerne, chicory and the by-products of brewing.

FALL KILLS "EMERALD SISTER"

While staying in her sister's houseboat at Thames Ditton, Mrs. Eileen Rosina McConnell (67), of Lambert Road, Brixton Hill, fell and died from a fractured skull.

At the inquest at Esher recently, a verdict of "Accidental death" was recorded.

Mrs. McConnell and her sister Norah, widow of Will Evans, were the original "Emerald Sisters" of the music hall. Another sister is Mrs. Stanley Lupino (Connie Emerald), who is in Hollywood.

ELLY O'DARE

"Mrs. McConnell's stage name was Elly O'Dare," Mr. Stanley Lupino, the actor, said.

"She was a singer and was regarded as a very quick dancer."

"She married Mr. Charles McConnell and became one of the McCormell trio."

"Her son, Mr. Charles J. McConnell, is stage director at the Victoria Palace Theatre."



Recent orders issued in England called for distribution of more than 35,000,000 gas masks stored in 11 cities, following a week-end drill in which millions of persons were fitted for the masks. Here are three girls in the select Wembley Hill school, in London, receiving fittings for the masks. Children and adults alike were measured. Elsewhere, policemen went from door to door with instructions on how to darken windows in air-raid blackouts.

Terriers To Be Taught By Post

Correspondence courses to train Territorial Army officers for staff duties under Mr. Hore-Belisha's new scheme to bring the "Terrier" organisation more into line with that of the Regular Army, were announced by the War Office recently.

Fifty captains or senior lieutenants will be trained annually to fill staff appointments in the event of mobilisation.

As Territorial Army officers who have civil occupations cannot easily live at the staff college, it has been arranged to train them in the theory of staff work in their own homes.

Selected officers will be sent over a period of nine months a series of lectures on subjects they are required to study. They will be set papers to write and will be given tactical and administrative problems to solve.

SAME STANDARD

The lectures, papers, and problems will be prepared under the direction of the Commandant, Staff College, Camberley, thus ensuring the same standard as in the Regular Army.

Correction and criticism of the papers, and answering of questions put by officers taking the course, will be carried out by the staffs of commands.

After the theoretical side has been mastered, there will be a two-weeks practical course at the Staff College during August, after which officers will be placed as having qualified or otherwise.

In the event of mobilisation, short refresher courses will be arranged at the Staff College for qualified officers, after which they will be available for staff appointments.

LIFE SAVED BY VIPER'S VENOM

Haemophilia Victim

Sheffield. By the application to his tongue of a preparation made from the venom of deadly vipers, the life of a Sheffield man who was choking to death has been saved in the City General Hospital.

He is Walter Woodbine, 41, of Walkley-street, Sheffield, who is said to be a descendant of Fletcher Christian, the leader of the Bounty mutineers.

Mr. Woodbine suffers from haemophilia, a condition of the blood which prevents it from clotting and which renders its victims liable to bleed to death should they cut themselves.

When Mr. Woodbine bit his tongue in falling from a ladder, bleeding inside the tongue caused it to swell to many times its normal size and block the air passage.

He was taken to the hospital, where the "viper venom" was applied by means of a swab to the tip of his tongue. The bleeding stopped and the swelling diminished.

Although Mr. Woodbine has recovered sufficiently to talk with difficulty, he is still unable to eat and can take only liquid water.

The venom may mean death to ordinary persons because it causes their blood to clot, but on account of this property it is beneficial to sufferers from haemophilia.

There have been several previous cases of its successful application to such patients.

Champion Eats 48 Eggs

Wickford, R. I. Louis Tillinghast claims to be Rhode Island's egg-eating champion, and to prove it he downed four champions, and eggs—without losing a yolk—at the annual carnival of Elcke-Thett Post, American Legion, of Narragansett.

REDTAPE PUT BREAKS ON WORLD RIDE

"In a world bicycle tour of 28,000 miles, the biggest obstacle I met with was red tape." So Allan Pendlebury, aged twenty-six, said recently when he arrived home at Victoria-street, Wigan.

He had been round the world on a bicycle and three words. These were "bread," "water," and "sleep."

"I learned the native equivalent for these through every country I passed," said Pendlebury, "and I found they worked perfectly."

"With £200 and a light bike I started from West Ealing two years ago and actually rode 28,000 miles, counting nothing for sea trips."

"The biggest obstacle I came up against was not the Italian police nor the Persian brigands who attacked me with knives, but red tape."

"I found a world full of people who have next to nothing to do and make a terrible fuss about doing it."

"The British are not the worst sinners in this respect but they are bad enough."

CONQUERED DESERT

"British roads, however, are the best in the world, no matter what you have heard to the contrary. The worst are the semi-desert tracks."

"They told me at Bagdad that I was the first white man to cross the desert on a bicycle. For the last few miles of the journey it seemed doubtful whether I would be the first for these were done in a terrific storm."

"Friendly Arabs with cars offered to pick me up and the bike as well, but I was determined to finish the job myself."

"It has been a marvellous experience. People spend fortunes on giving their children a university education. I learned more in six months' travel than I learned at the university."

CASTLE AS SCHOOL

Offer To Scots Education Committee

Learning How To Produce Necessities Of Life

Sir Daniel and Lady Hamilton of Balaclava, Ross-shire, have offered Duncraig Castle, Plockton, to Ross-shire Education Committee for use as a school for the practical education of the young. The committee have remitted the matter to a special committee.

Sir Daniel, in a letter read to the Education Committee, stated that the castle and outbuildings were all ready for a start. The existing buildings could accommodate young people, in short, Duncraig might follow the lines of the Dunstaffnage Folk Schools. Such a training, he added, was badly needed, especially in the Western Highlands. A similar system was in operation on their property in India. That system included farming, gardening, and building, to which could be added weaving and navigation. If a man grew his food he need never be in gaol; if he could build a cottage he would be weather-proof.

These necessities of life could all be provided at Duncraig. The young people could be taught how to become more or less self-supporting and independent of all the world. The shore gravel on the estate made first-class concrete for building, and a hand machine for making bricks was available on the spot. Boat-building might accompany navigation, and there was plenty of good larch wood available for this purpose.

The training of girls, added the letter, could also be carried on at Duncraig, such as milking, looking after poultry, spinning, besides cooking and other branches of domestic science.

The Director of Education, in a letter to Sir Daniel Hamilton, expressed appreciation of the proposals, agreeing wholeheartedly with the views as to the desirability of a rural technical centre to fit young people for life in a crofting community.

The Rev. J. C. Nicolson, Foddergry, chairman of the Committee, said they were greatly indebted to Sir Daniel for his offer.

DOCTOR ON ROAD DEATH CHARGE

An accident in which a woman was knocked through a hedge by a car and killed was described at Burnham, Bucks, recently.

Dr. Eric Finch Peck, of Bourne End, Bucks, was committed for trial at Aylesbury Assizes charged with the manslaughter of Mary Ann Price (58), of Taplow, Burnham, and driving a car while under the influence of drink. Bail was allowed.

Stanley Coxhill, a butler, said a car passed him at a terrific speed. He saw a dog lying dead on the path-way. Miss Price's body lay on the other side of a hedge.

Dr. Peck was staggering and holding his hand to his head. He thought, he said, "I'm for it."

Andrew Dykes, farmer, said that Dr. Peck, who walked unsteadily, said: "I hit a woman." When they found the body and it was suggested that a doctor should be fetched, Dr. Peck said, "I am a doctor," but did not examine the body.

P.S. Garrett said that Dr. Peck smelt strongly of whisky and staggered about. At the police station he laughed and cried.

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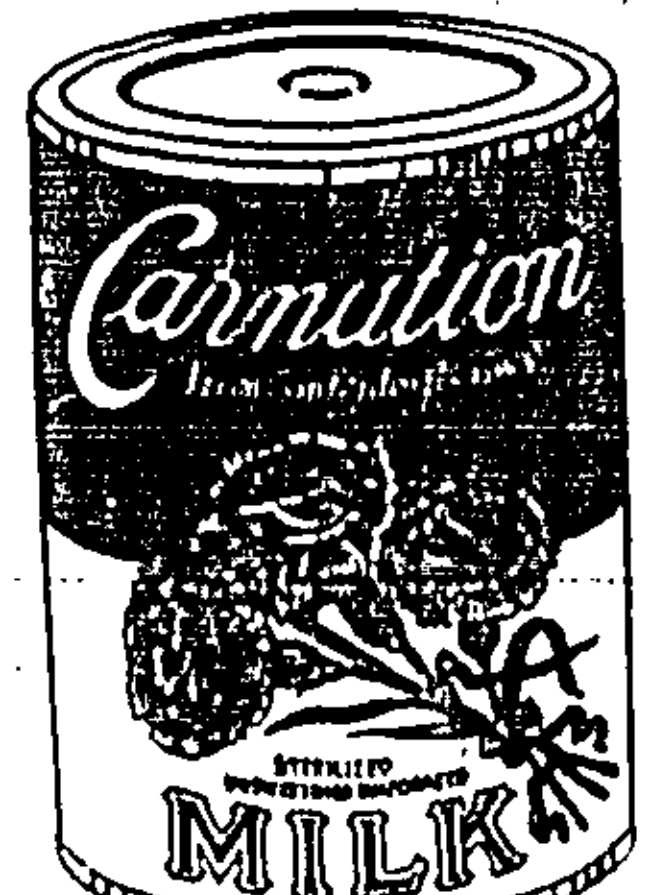
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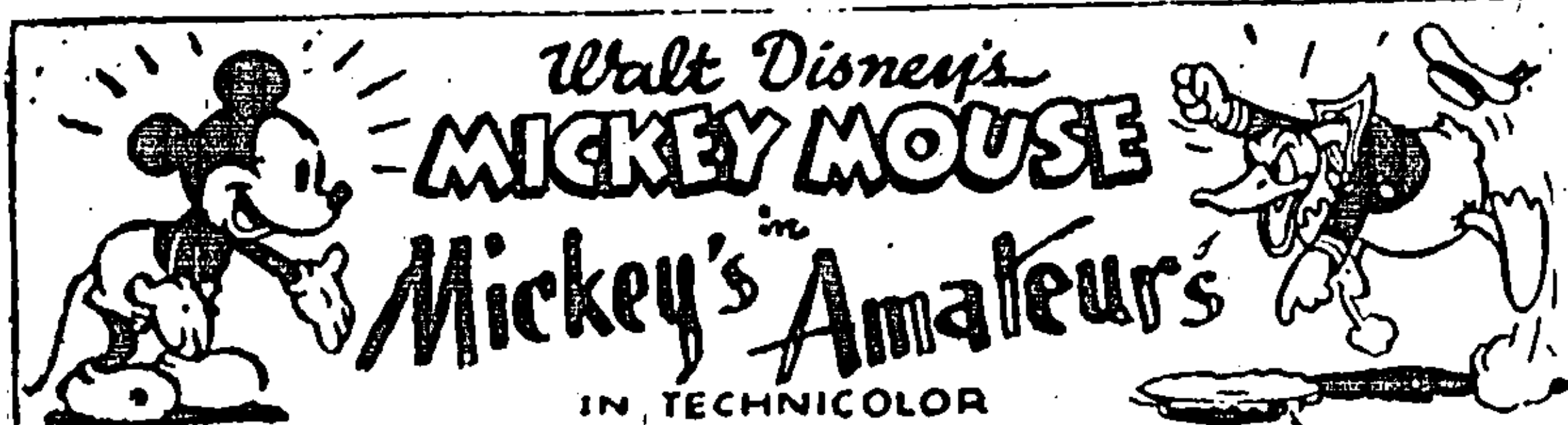
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QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

THROUGH TYPHOON Delphinus Lands Here After Stormy Trip LONDON MAILS

Changing the plane's course because of a typhoon which was raging off Hainan, Captain J. N. Wilson flew through bad weather to land the Imperial Airways plane Delphinus at Kai Tak at 5.30 p.m. yesterday.

Mr. J. N. Smakman, a German mechanical engineer, who was a passenger on the plane, paid a tribute to the pilot's skill in the difficult weather.

Leaving Fort Bayard at 2.47 p.m., the Delphinus reached Kai Tak half-an-hour behind schedule in gathering clouds.

Conditions were such that night flying at Kai Tak was cancelled last night.

The Delphinus brought United Kingdom and Australian mails.

CHRISTMAS MAILS

Daedalus Will Be Ready To Help Traffic

In order to cope with the rush and extra burden of air mail during the Christmas period, the Imperial Airways plane Daedalus will be brought back into the Bangkok-Hongkong service on December 7.

At present the plane is in the Kai Tak hangar undergoing overhaul for the annual air-worthiness examination.

The Dorado, which was slightly damaged at Bangkok recently, is also expected to be ready by Christmas time. A new wing tip and parts to the undercarriage of the plane are being fitted.

K. L. M. SERVICE

Large Increase in Traffic Of all Kinds

Figures released in Hongkong show that for the K.L.M.'s Far Eastern route during the first six months of this year, there was a 50 per cent. increase in the number of passengers carried over the corresponding period last year and a 35 per cent. increase in mail. The freight increase was 70 per cent.

The introduction of three services a week with Douglas D.C. 3 aircraft in place of two Douglas D.C. 2's has added to the total passenger accommodation available on the run from Holland to Saigon. This service is shortly to be extended to Hongkong. By agreement with Imperial Airways and Air France reductions were recently introduced in the passenger rates.

EURASIA SCHEDULES

Resumption of Inland Services Announced

Kunming, Nov. 9.
A new air service between Kunming, Chungking and Chengtu on Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays, has been started by the Eurasia Aviation Corporation since November 6.

Planes bound for Chengtu leave here at 12.20 p.m. (Shanghai time) reaching Chungking at 3.25 p.m. Continuing at 3.50 p.m., the planes are expected to arrive in Chengtu at 6.20 p.m.

Kunming-bound planes leave Chengtu at 8 a.m. and arrive at Chungking at 9.25 a.m. Resuming the flight at Chungking at 10 a.m. they are expected to reach Kunming at 1.10 p.m.

The fare from Kunming to Chungking is \$245 National currency and from Chungking to Chengtu \$95.

Some changes in schedule in the Corporation's Kunming-Sian-Lanchow, and Kunming-Hanoi services have also been made since November 6. The new schedule is as follows:

Kunming to Lanchow, via Chengtu, Sian, Monday, Thursday; Lanchow to Kunming, via Sian, Chengtu, Tuesday, Friday; Kunming to Hanoi, Wednesday, Friday; Hanoi to Kunming, Wednesday, Sunday.

A round trip between Lanchow and Ninghsia is scheduled on Tuesday.—Central News.

ITALIANS GIVE UP

Plane Damaged in Landing At Beirut

Rome, Nov. 9.
The Italian flyers attempting a non-stop flight from here to Tokyo gave up their attempt to-day after landing at Beirut. Slight damage to the wing was caused when the plane landed as the radio operator slightly injured by an electric shock.

The flyers claim to have broken the speed record from Rome to Beirut, covering the distance in five hours at a speed of 294 m.p.h.

The plane left the Guidonia airport at Rome carrying a message to the president of the Japanese Press Association from the Minister of Propaganda, Sig. Dino Alfieri.—Reuter.

All-Metal Machine

The plane, a mono-machine of Fiat B.R. No. 20 type, entirely built of metal, is equipped with 21,000 horse-power engine. It is a passenger plane and is designed along the same lines as the up-to-date heavy bomber of the Italian Air Force.

It carries a crew of five including Major Marnet Lualdi, chief pilot, two assistant pilots, a wireless operator and a mechanic.

Proposing to establish a new world record for the return flight between Rome and Tokyo, it expects to cover the distance for the double trip of 20,000 kilometres in 100 hours.

Stopping on its way at Damask, Karachi, Calcutta, Hanoi and Taihoku, it is expected to reach Tokyo either on Friday night or on Saturday morning, says Domei.

PLANES FOR EGYPT

Britain to Supply Machines On Treaty Terms

London, Nov. 9.
Fast Army co-operation and general liaison aircraft are being supplied to the Egyptian Government in fulfillment of the contract recently included within the framework of contract in the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty of 1936.

The machines concerned are Westland Lysander high-wing mono-planes resembling those supplied to the Royal Air Force.

The first batch has already been delivered to Egypt. Remainder of order is scheduled for completion by the end of this year. A notable feature of the Lysander's performance is its capacity for flying at high and low speeds. Its comprehensive equipment fits it to undertake many missions including bombing, observation, reconnaissance and aerial photography.—British Wireless.

SINGAPORE NON-STOP

Return Flight of Bombers From Australia

Darwin, Nov. 9.
Squadron Leader Kellet announced to-day that the three R.A.F. record breaking bombers on their return flight to England would fly non-stop from Singapore to England.

The machines will tour Australia, leaving for Brisbane on Saturday and Sydney on Monday. From there they will fly to Adelaide and Darwin.

Kellet said when he landed he had 44 gallons of petrol in the tank of his machine. In the other there were 17.—Reuter.

AIRMAIL MILEAGES

Britain Behind America On World List

According to official records, the leading countries of the world in the year 1938 with regularly operated airmail mileages are as follows:

United States, 31,084 domestic, 51,288 international, a total of 82,372 miles; Great Britain 68,240; France, 33,798; Germany 23,494; Netherlands, 19,397 and Italy 14,070.

The Pan American Airways system is the world's most extensive, with regular lines crossing and circling the Caribbean, around South America and the Pacific ocean between the United States and Hongkong, a total of more than 50,000 miles of regularly operated routes.

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THIEVES' PARADISE

Warning to Dealers Of Second-Hand Goods

RECEIVING CHARGES

Admitting that he had burgled two houses and stolen two cash registers, a man named Wong Chung, 22, unemployed, testified before Mr. K. M. A. Barnett at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday in two receiving charges against a man named Yik Ki, 45, shop-keeper of Canton Road.

Wong was convicted, but not sentenced, on two counts of burglary in another Court of the same Magistracy yesterday morning. Det. Sergeant C. Mottram called upon him to testify in the case against Yik in the afternoon.

In evidence Wong said that he had pleaded guilty to two charges of burglary in which he was accused of having stolen two National cash registers. After he had stolen one of the registers, about 4 a.m. one morning, from a shop in Nathan Road he hired a rickshaw and took the register to the vicinity of the Alhambra Theatre. There he hid the register in the lane behind the Theatre until about 6 a.m. the next

day when he took it to Yik's establishment to sell. He asked Yik for \$22, but finally sold it for \$10. He stole the second register from the Sun Sun restaurant in Nathan Road and this too he sold to Yik for \$18. Answering Mr. Barnett, Wong said that he had told Yik, on being asked, that the registers were his property and that he was selling them because they were old models. He would be surprised to hear that the registers had only been bought a few days before he stole them.

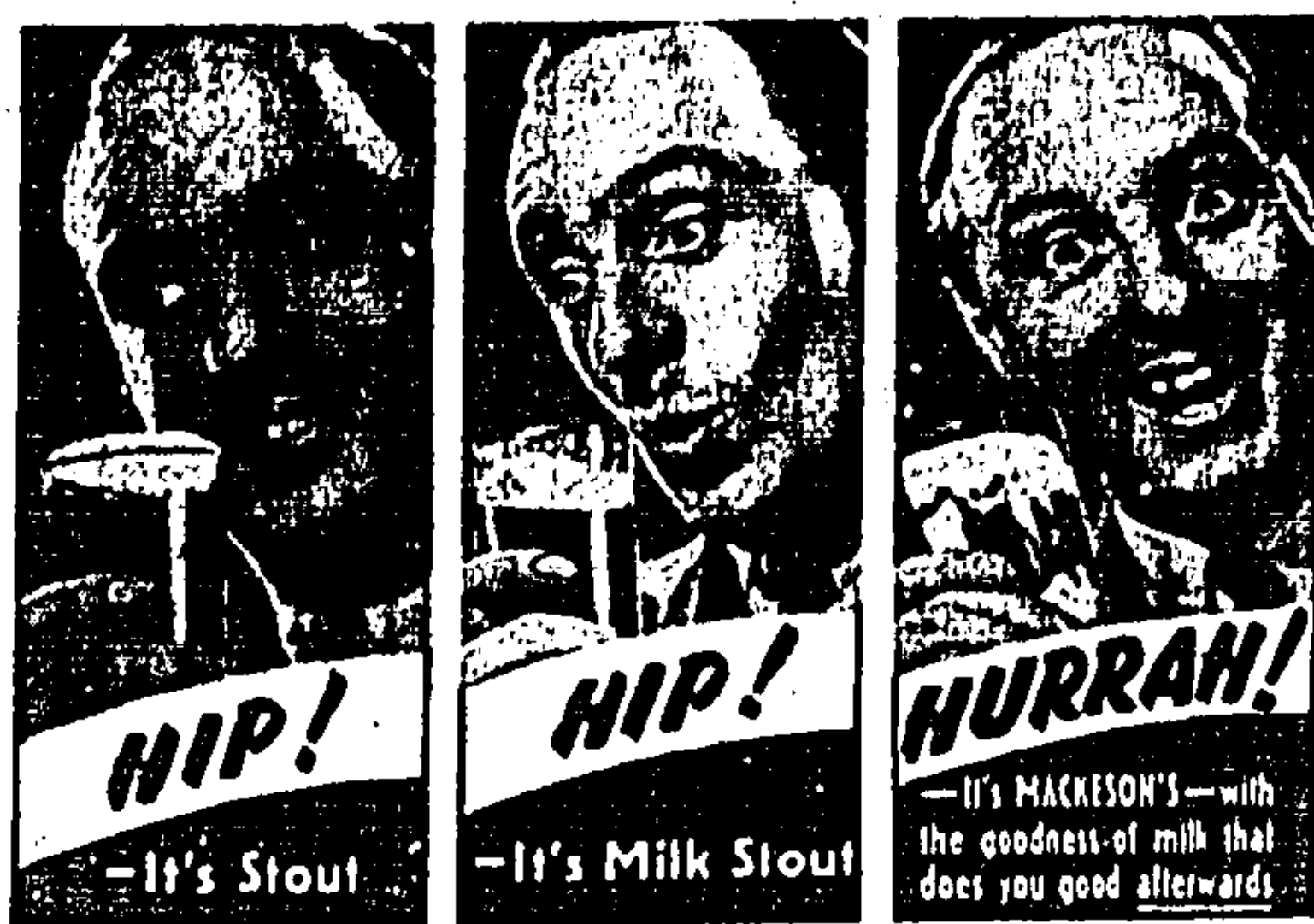
Paradise for Thieves

Yik did not give sworn evidence but said from the dock that he had bought the registers from the defendant. He had not asked the defendant for his name nor for his address.

Before fining the defendant \$200 or 20 weeks' hard labour on the charges, Mr. Barnett told him that Hongkong was already "a paradise for thieves." He had on many occasions tried to impress upon dealers in second-hand goods that if articles, other than old pieces or broken goods, were taken to them to buy for a minute fraction of their proper value (the cash registers were together worth over \$700), it was not only their moral but also their legal obligation to report the matter to the police.

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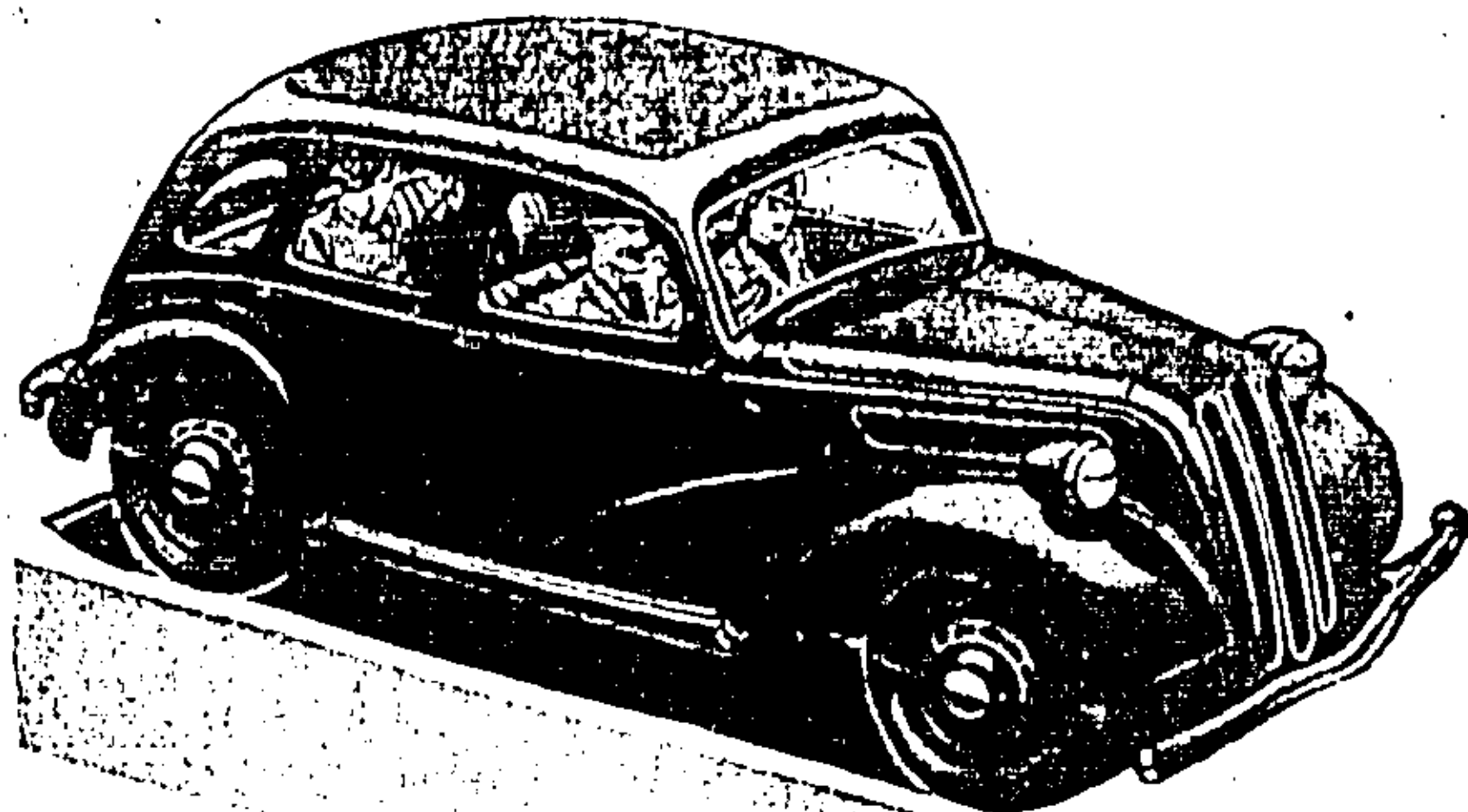
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The Hongkong Telegraph.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1938.

Autumn or Fall?

When corn ears turn brown and hang downward, when nuts thud on thin sod or clatter on the bare earth, when leaves redden and yellow, when the lawn caretaker rakes them into heaps, and coal trucks rumble in speeded-up delivery, there is no mistaking the season. But do you call it autumn, or fall?

"In every way," says a learned Englishman of old London, "fall is better on the merits than autumn. It is short, Saxon, picturesque. It reveals its derivation to every one who uses it, not to the scholar only as does autumn. We once had as good a right to it as the Americans, but we have chosen to let the right lapse so that to use this monosyllable now is little better than larceny."

Apparently autumn is now English, while fall is American. Further investigation reveals autumn as better suited to verse, with fall congenial to prose. The searcher can scarcely find a poetic reference to fall whereas he encounters autumn almost at every turn—"yellow autumn wreathed with nodding corn," "autumn is the mellow time," "autumn nodding o'er the plain," "an autumn that grew by reaping," "autumn days are here again," "autumn's fire," "happy autumn-fields," "the windy lights of autumn," and "autumnal leaves in Vallombrosa."

Autumn has won classic approval and wide sanction through long usage; it speaks the scholarly. Fall is popular because of its shortness and ease of enunciation. But autumn remains the poets' favourite because autumnal glory has a poetic ring and fall, it seems, has none.

Theory—

Almost 150 years ago Thomas Day died without learning much from life. He was an ardent apostle of Rousseau, the French educationist.

His enthusiasm for reform even coloured his idea of the wife he wanted. Day adopted an orphan girl and tried to train her after the Rousseau principles. But she jumped when he fired a blank shot near her, screamed when he dropped hot sealing-wax on her hand.

In fact, she reacted as any normal girl would, and Thomas Day decided against marrying her. For she would not behave according to his theories.

And human nature

Years later he was still trying to train other lives. He experimented with a colt this time. But the horse knew nothing about Rousseau.

It kicked Thomas Day and he never recovered.

EMPTY CRADLES in the Western World...

Small Increase Over 25 Years

	To-day	1911
World	2,100,000,000	1,620,000,000
BRITISH EMPIRE	495,800,000	419,400,000
United Kingdom	46,000,000	45,400,000
Irish Free State	3,000,000	3,000,000
Australia	6,600,000	5,800,000
Union of South Africa	8,600,000	6,000,000
Canada	10,375,000	7,100,000
Soviet Russia	165,750,000	135,000,000
France	41,900,000	39,250,000
Germany	68,000,000	64,900,000
Italy	43,800,000	34,700,000
United States	127,000,000	91,170,000
Japan	69,250,000	51,000,000

IN his speech at Margate, and last year when opening the Budget, Mr. Chamberlain drew attention to the new set of problems which "the progressive decrease in our population" is going to raise. They are vast and terrifying problems which demand the closest study.

The hour is at hand when our population will decrease. It has risen continuously for the last 250 years. It doubled itself between 1801 and 1851; it doubled itself once more between 1851 and 1911. But now this automatic advance is ceasing. We are approaching one of the turning-points in world history.

Falling Population

DR. GRACE LEYBOURNE, a statistician of special authority, after a detailed investigation of the figures, has calculated that a definite decline in the English population will begin in 1941. By 1951 the population will have fallen from 40,500,000 to 38,500,000. By 1975 it will have been halved and will fall to 19,000,000.

This calculation assumes that fertility will continue at its present level. There are experts who regard that as an optimistic assumption. Dr. End Charles, another statistician of distinction, calculates that if the rate of fertility should continue to fall as it is at present doing, a century hence the population of England will have shrunk to 4,426,000.

This would be about half the population of Greater London to-day. It is an alarming figure, and were it verified, it would mean the fall of the British Empire.

Peculiar Decline

It will naturally be asked whether faith can be placed in such calculations. The answer is that the statisticians of the world are in tolerably close agreement. Moreover, there is the fact that in 1921 calculations of the probable population in 1931 were made in the Registrar-General's office for non-official use. When the 1931 Census Returns were available, the error in the estimates was only 0.13 per cent—a negligible amount.

The decline in population is not going to be peculiar to Great Britain, though in her case it threatens to be more marked and much more dangerous than in other countries. The whole civilised world is affected. In France, the low birth-rate has for fifty years been causing anxiety, and there a drop in population from 42,000,000 to 39,000,000 is anticipated by 1980, the decline setting in next year.

In Germany, ever since the Nazi advent to power, there has been anxiety about the birth-rate, which has shown a distinct tendency to fall. A positive decline in the population forecasted by the biometricians from 1946 onwards.

According to Kahn's estimate—prepared before Herr Hitler's removal measures were put into force—it will sink from its present figure of 66,000,000 to less than 50,000,000 by 1975; or, by Burgdorfer's calculations, it will fall to 47,000,000 in 2000.

The Exception

THE most important exception to the world-wide decline is likely to be Russia, perhaps because her civilisation is too rudimentary to be affected by the mysterious forces at work. The present population of about 150,000,000 is expected to double itself in the next sixty years. A Russia of 300,000,000 inhabitants confronting a Europe with shrunken and sinking population will be an even graver problem than the unwieldy, heavily armed Soviet State of to-day.

The reason for Herr Hitler's strenuous efforts to increase the German birth-rate is now clear. The portentous Russia of the future will be a tremendous peril to Germany.

As yet, however, Herr Hitler's measures have produced disappointing results, though it is true that they have raised the number of births from 978,000 in 1930 to 1,181,000 in 1934.

In the opinion of Professor Carr-Saunders, the best British authority on the subject, "all that has happened so far is that an unusually large number of first births have been crowded into a year, and no abiding change has been produced in the rate of fertility." He thinks the forces at work too powerful to be readily mastered.

In Italy the case is much the same. There, too, the Government is doing its utmost to increase the birth-rate and to make Italy one of the most prolific nations. But there, too, the expert verdict is that its measures have not permanently increased the number of births, though they may have encouraged marriage and prevented the birth-rate from falling more rapidly than it has done.

In Asia's most highly civilised State, Japan, there are distinct indications that forces unfavourable to

fertility are at work, though her population is still increasing, and will probably continue to increase for another twenty years—till it reaches 80,000,000.

But according to Mr. Crocker, who studied the problem on the spot, Japan's people are marrying at a later date or avoiding marriage, despite strong social pressure upon them to marry.

Such is a bird's-eye view of the population problem in some of the world's typical States. What stands out from it is its menace to the British Empire. If the population of Great Britain sank by 10,000,000 or 20,000,000 there could be no steady flow of emigrants to the Dominions overseas, where the population now tends to stagnation or decline.

The authorities on the subject are agreed with a singular unanimity that the small family customary to-day is the true cause of the world-wide movement of depopulation. They can point to the ancient Greeks,

among whom the same influences were seen at work.

To change from the small family, in which the number of children is deliberately limited, will not be easy. It will be a case of the cradle versus comfort, and will involve drastic changes in our housing schemes, which have boycotted the baby, as garages have replaced nurseries.

Action Required

It is particularly noteworthy in this connection that, where the standard of comfort is highest, there the decline in the birth-rate is most marked.

Action is clearly required, but of what character should it be? Here the biometricians do not help us. Professor Carr-Saunders has no doubt as to the urgency of the matter or the stupendous difficulties which will have to be overcome. He holds that there must be a reform in the outlook upon marriage as the prelude,

PERSONALITIES OF OLD HONGKONG

Fate's Strange Trick On A Brilliant H.K. Lawyer

Hongkong during the first few years of its history was the mecca for all sorts and conditions of men who flocked here in search of wealth, adventure, and a successful career. Some had been sailors before the mast, others, army veterans from India, and a formidable host of nondescript individuals of various crafts and professions. Among these latter were a number of lawyers, many of whom subsequently proved to be pariahs of the legal profession, whose sojourn here was usually short and troublous. Many of them, moreover, were "Sydney ducks" and these men, especially by their irregular methods, brought disgrace upon the profession, so much so that by the year 1845, the European residents felt that one of their most urgent needs was for a fully qualified member of the Bar who would not only be able to represent them honourably in legal matters, but who also would be willing to assist in the building up of the infant Colony.

Their wishes were soon to be gratified; for late in June 1846, rumours were circulated that at long last a barrister who was really an ornament to his profession was shortly to settle in the Colony. This person whose identity was not disclosed, was stated to possess "extensive legal acquirements and experience," and, moreover, was avowed to be a "welcome acquisition to the society of the

place." Naturally enough the community which thrived upon gossip in lieu of infrequent news from the outside world was keyed up to expectancy, and the following announcement in the *Government Gazette* of July 29, 1846 was regarded with the most avid attention:

"Mr. N. D'Esterre Parker, Solicitor of the High Court of Chancery, and one of the Attorneys of Her Majesty's Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer, in Ireland, has been duly admitted to practice as a Solicitor, Attorney, and Proctor of the Supreme Court of Hongkong. Mr. Parker is likewise a legally constituted Public Notary of the High Court of Prerogation of England. Office at Messrs. Bowra and Co.'s, Queen's Road."

Mr. Norcott D'Esterre Parker was born in Ireland about the year 1818. Very little is known about his life at home, save that he was a graduate of the University of Dublin, and was a member of the Irish Bar. He was, however, apparently a man with high connections; for his establishment of a legal practice in the Colony was at once welcomed, and from the very beginning of his stay he possessed an extensive clientele. The local administration favourably regarded him, and he was appointed by the Governor, Sir John Davis, to serve as temporary Crown Prosecutor, "until

the pleasure of Her Majesty be known." Meanwhile, the official Coroner of the Colony, Mr. Percy Caulincourt McSwiney, who seemed to have been a former classmate of his, had been forced to resign from his office, and he was nominated to fill the vacancy. This latter appointment was, however, but temporary; for the Governor felt that Mr. Parker was better fitted to serve as Proctor in Admiralty than as a Coroner, and he was accordingly gazetted in that capacity on January 12, 1847.

The year 1847 was, moreover, the *annus mirabilis*—the "wonderful year" of his stay in Hongkong—for on every hand he prospered. His legal practice increased by leaps and bounds, so that he felt it incumbent to seek additional assistance, and despatched a letter to his younger brother William in Ireland to come out and join him in Hongkong. The administration, too, had come to regard him as one of its most promising servants. His successful discharge of his duties as temporary Crown Prosecutor influenced the Governor to name him permanent appointee, and on November 30, 1847, an announcement to this effect was published in the *Gazette*.

His speedy rise in the esteem of the general public was unfortunately to be suddenly dashed by an apparently inexplicable performance, which brought the young Irishman's lofty visions of success down about his ears like the collapse of a house of cards. It seems that one January day in 1849, Mr. Parker finding time hanging rather heavy upon his hands was hoping that something would turn up to allay the tedium; for life in Hongkong was now for the first time beginning to surfeit him. As if in answer to his wish there arrived in his office a Chinese police informer by name of Lee Kip-tye, who told him that at Ping Chau, an island between Hongkong and Macao, there was a junk anchored which had on board a number of articles from the wreck of a European ship.

"How jolly it would be," thought young Parker to himself, "if I could just find out what the name of the wreck may be. By Jove, I think I will go out and have a look."

Leaving his office in charge of his brother William, Mr. Parker set off for Ping Chau, in company with the above-mentioned police informer, and another Chinese whose name is not mentioned in accounts of the episode. Upon their arrival at the island they found the Chinese junk beached upon the shore, and being caulked by a number of boatmen who were

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty



"Next week is Joe's birthday—I'm thinking of buying him two new gags!"

(Continued on Page 7.)

CHINESE SOCIAL WORK Record Number Of Inmates Sent To Po Leung Kuk

A considerable increase in the number of inmates, brought about by the sudden growth of the population of the Colony, was mentioned in the reports of Mr. Au Shu-cho and Mr. Chan Kam-po, past and present Chairmen respectively of the Po Leung Kuk, which were submitted to His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote at a reception held at Government House on Tuesday.

Mr. Au reported that of the 508 cases handled during 1937 most of them were in connection with *mui-tai*. Women and children admitted during the year numbered 558, of whom 438 were later sent away.

The report of Mr. Chan dealt chiefly with the heavy expenses incurred in consequence of the record number of inmates admitted. He said that in 1937 the number of inmates averaged from 90 to 100 per day at its highest but since he and his Committee took over the management at the beginning of this year the figure had been doubled.

The report of Mr. Au was as follows:

"It is an honour to us that we are invited here to-day by Your Excellency and thus enabled to profit by your instructions.

My colleagues and I were chosen to serve on the Committee of the Po Leung Kuk for the year 1937. For lack of ability we were often afraid that we might not be competent enough for the work. Fortunately, with the blessing of Sir Andrew Caldecott, the previous Governor, and Your Excellency, coupled with the guidance of the Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs, the Hon. Chinese Representatives on the Councils and Members of the Permanent Board of Directors and the help of Dr. and Mrs. S. W. Tso, Mrs. M. K. Lo and Colonel Dowbiggin, we managed to follow the proper path and were thus able to carry out our work smoothly. Our gratitude is beyond our power of expression.

During our tenure of office, Your Excellency and the Hon. Mr. North and Mrs. North visited our Kuk on various occasions. The entries you made in the Inspection Record gave us every encouragement, for which we tender our thanks.

The women and children of our Kuk, according to original arrangements, were to have been visited three times only each week by Dr. Pun Sik-wing of the Tung Wah Eastern Branch Hospital, but last year at the request of the Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Dr. (Mrs.) Dovey specially arranged for Lady Medical Officer Dr. Lai Po-chuen to make weekly visits to the Kuk. For this we feel most grateful.

During the year under review, apart from our routine work there were two things especially worthy of being recorded. One was the happy occasion of His Majesty the King's Coronation on May 12, in the celebration of which the building of the Kuk was illuminated. The other was that the Ting-chau year (1937) happened to be the 60th year of the founding of the Kuk which took place in the Mo-Yin year (1878), a stone tablet containing a brief history of the Kuk was erected in memory of the anniversary. As we were fortunate enough to be on the Committee that year, we shall never forget these two very happy events.

The Year's Work
I now beg to report on the work of the Kuk. All cases sent to us were handled with justice by the Committee. Most of the cases were in connection with registered or unregistered *mui-tai*; next were the cases concerning children who were kidnapped or who had lost their way; and finally cases concerning quarrels between husbands and wives, family troubles, trafficking in human beings, marriage disputes, women and girls who had been intercepted while going aboard or who had attempted to commit suicide and had been saved, adopted daughters who had been ill-treated, elopement, prostitutes who had been arrested, wives who had secretly run away from their husbands, and children who had been placed under our care pending the discharge from prison of their guardians.

As regards *mui-tai* and kidnapped children, or children who had lost their way, we made enquiries for their relatives to take them back. In cases where the relatives could not be located, we selected husbands for them at their wishes, sent them to the Salvation Army Home to be educated, or requested people to accept them and bring them up. Our aim was to get everyone of them a home in which to settle down.

An old woman, Chan Sui-ching, who had nobody to rely on for support was sent to the Kuk after having been saved from attempting to drown herself. We recommended her to the Secretary for Chinese Affairs for the grant of a pension allowance of \$3 monthly from the Brown Fund.

There was kept at the Kuk a boy, Wong Ah-hei, age 12, who was destitute. We requested the Secretary for Chinese Affairs to send him to the Aberdeen Industrial School to be educated. His food expenses \$60 for a full year at the School were subscribed by the Committee.

In cases of family troubles we did our best to bring to reason the parties concerned and to effect peaceful settlement. In other matters we adhered to the principle of preservation of virtue, took all circumstances into consideration, and tried always to fulfil our duties.

Influx of People

During the year, altogether 508 cases were handled. Of these, 412 were settled and 96 remained to be dealt with. Women and children admitted into the Kuk numbered 558, of whom 438 were sent away and 120 were still in the Kuk when we handed over management to our successors.

Since July last year as a result of the sudden growth of the popula-

tion of Hongkong there have been more cases, the average number of persons kept at the Kuk daily being over 100 as against 50 to 60 in normal times. Consequently food and other expenses for the upkeep of the Kuk increased. We made a change by purchasing medium grade rice at the cheapest possible price in order to keep down the expenditure. In the meantime we had also made some other alterations and additions. Chemical fire extinguishers were provided as a precaution against fire, additional clothes were given to the inmates to meet their wants, toys were supplied to the children for their amusement, a street lamp was installed on the front of steps in the front entrance for the benefit of the people coming to the Kuk at night, alterations and repairs were made to the two drill grounds for the purpose of recreation, and an extra isolation room was prepared for new-comers as a measure against infectious diseases. All this cost not a little money, and there is therefore a slight increase in the total expenditure.

In addition to the departments of finance, corresponding social intercourse, trade industry, health, education and general affairs, which looked after their own work and co-operated with one another, there was added a physical training department and the newly employed instructors who were placed in charge of physical training, also taught the children singing classes. Extensions were made to both the drill grounds on the east and on the west of the Kuk building. The drill ground on the east was fitted up for volley-ball games in order that the women and girls might have more exercise while that on the west was provided with short cement benches on which the children could rest. It was our object by such means to benefit the health of the inmates.

On summing up the foregoing, we fear that there might have been some part of our duties unfulfilled, and it was only through the help and guidance given us by the right persons that we had made no serious mistakes. We only handed over the management of the Kuk to our successors on April 11, 1938. We respectfully submit this report on the affairs of the Kuk which we ourselves handled during our tenure of office.

HEAVY EXPENSES

Number of Inmates Breaks All Records

In his report, Mr. Chan Kam-po said:

"It is a great honour to us that we are invited here to-day by your Excellency and thus enabled to profit by your instructions.

My colleagues and I were chosen to serve on the Committee of the Po Leung Kuk for the present year. For lack of ability we were often afraid that we might not be competent enough for the work. Fortunately, with the blessing of Sir Andrew Caldecott, the previous Governor, and Your Excellency, coupled with the guidance of the Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs, the Hon. Chinese Representatives on the Councils and Members of the Permanent Board of Directors and the help of Dr. and Mrs. S. W. Tso, Mrs. M. K. Lo and Colonel Dowbiggin, we managed to follow the proper path and were thus able to carry out our work smoothly.

I respectfully beg to mention for your information some of the important matters with which we dealt whilst handling the affairs of the Kuk during the past seven months. Last year the number of inmates of the Kuk at its lowest was from 50-60 and at its highest from 90-100 per day. After we took over the management the number gradually increased, the average being round about 200 and the maximum 220, breaking all previous records. Consequently the Kuk's expenses were very heavy, and also the sanitation called for closer attention and care.

Sanitary Precautions

With regard to the latter, the large number of people made it easier for sickness to break out, and precautions were therefore necessary. So the whole building was painted and limewashed, the gully traps of the sewers were re-built, the disinfectant was provided with earthenware basins, alterations were made in the Dormitories and women's rooms with a view to keeping the place clean and well lighted, the inmates' clothes were disinfected every day, each person was given two small towels and two bath towels. A new admission room was added in which newcomers were

Anglo-German Relations Not So Good

Paris, Nov. 9.

Herr Hitler attempts to present Germany as wandering alone in Europe with an olive branch, continually menaced by war-mongers, says Figaro, commenting on the Munich speech.

It is impossible to reverse his role with greater cynicism, adds the paper.

The Berlin correspondents of the Journal de Paris says the impression is gaining strength that everything is far from going well between the Reich and Britain, as apparently, on colonial problems, the countries are in opposition.—*Reuter Special.*

New Records For British Motorist

Frankfurt, Nov. 9.

The British motorist, Major A.T.G. Gardner, driving an M.G., 10-day broke International Class G records for cars up to 1,100 cubic centimetres, his average time for a flying start over a mile being 19.30 seconds, and at an average speed of 107.616 m.p.h. His flying start over a kilometre was done in 11.99 seconds, and his speed was 100.25 kilometres an hour.—*Reuter Special.*

U.S. COMMODITY PRICES LATEST CABLED QUOTATIONS

New York Cotton		
	Opening	Closing
December	45.37/4	45.51/1
Jan. (1939)	44.46/4	44.43N
Mar. (1939)	44.77/4	44.44/4
May (1939)	43.30/2	42.24/2
July (1939)	41.15/4	41.10/10
Oct. (1939)	39.91/0	39.88
Spot		0.00

New York Rubber		
	17.10/20	17.20/20
December	17.10/20	17.14/15
March	17.15/15	17.15N
May	17.15/15	17.15N
September		17.15N
October		17.15N

Sales for the day:—1,400 tons.

Tuesday's Sales: 7,901,000 bushels		
Chicago Corn		
December ...	47 1/4	46 3/4
May	50 1/4	50 1/4

Tuesday's Sales: 7,901,000 bushels.

May	60 3/4/61	61 1/4/61
July	61 7/8/62	

accommodated until they had been examined, after which they were either isolated if infected or allowed to mix with the others if free.

accommodated until they had been examined, for which they were either isolated if infected or allowed to mix with the others if free of disease, and separate isolation rooms were provided for housing prostitutes infected with venereal diseases and for women and children who have skin trouble. Arrangements were also made for a separate school room and drill ground for the use of children with skin diseases in order to prevent others from being infected, red rice and bean pulp etc. were supplied to the inmates as a ration against beriberi, and cod liver oil, orange juice and milk were supplied to the children so as to give them better nourishment. Some of the above measures were suggested by the Lady Visiting Doctor, Dr. (Mrs.) Dovey.

With regard to the Kuk's heavy expenses, the sanitary measures taken cost no small sum. Further, with the average number of inmates of the Kuk more than doubled, the monthly expenses on firewood, rice, meat, fish, lard, vegetables and other things were greatly increased. Originally the Kuk had 100 beds, and to these 50 more of various sizes were added complete with mats, blankets, pillows, and bed clothes etc., but in spite of this there has been a shortage of beds on very many occasions. In addition over 600 new jackets and trousers made of native cloth, 100 pairs of slippers and 60 dozen large and small towels were supplied, and a new room was built for storing coal and firewood. Medical supplies for the dispensary, travelling expenses incurred by the inmates to and from hospital or in connection with the hearing of their cases, water charges and other miscellaneous expenses cost more than double the amount of former years. We duly reported the facts to the Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs who very kindly requested the Government to make an additional grant of a large sum in order to help us, and we are grateful for Government's approval of the grant for the sum of \$10,000 to us for supporting the Kuk during the year ending December 31, 1938.

As I am afraid I have already wasted much of your valuable time, please permit me to defer to a later date my account of the rest of the Kuk's activities. My colleagues and I are not competent enough to shoulder our heavy responsibility. Nevertheless we shall do what we can to be of service and we hope your Excellency, your Honours the Colonial Secretary and the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Hon. Chinese representatives on the Councils and members of the Permanent Board of Directors will give us guidance from time to time in case there should be anything which we may overlook, so that we may fulfil our duties. We shall indeed be deeply grateful for all your help.

FATE'S STRANGE TRICK ON A BRILLIANT H.K. LAWYER

(Continued from Page 6.)

evidently preparing the craft for a speedy departure. Their first impulse was to go aboard and search the craft, but, upon further consideration, they thought it would be better to get permission from the petty mandarin of the place. This worthy, upon matters being explained to him, readily consented to their request, and accompanied them to the beached craft. However, no sooner had they gone on board and had commenced to examine some of the chests and wreckage, than trouble began. About 500 'Tanka' boatmen appeared from apparently nowhere in particular, and angrily gesticulating, surrounded Parker and his two companions. Hot words were exchanged, and Parker with fists clenched attempted to force an opening through the excited crowd. A riot ensued, and the mandarin with the greatest difficulty succeeded in getting the young foreigner to his house. In the meanwhile, the boatmen having contented themselves with beating up one of the Chinese who had accompanied Parker on his foolhardy errand, cooled down sufficiently to despatch one of their number in hot haste together with the *lei-po*, or "local constable" of the place to Hongkong in order to lay a complaint with the authorities about the "outrageous conduct of this barbarian" who attempted to carry out a bold piracy in broad daylight.

The Hongkong police were frankly non-plussed at the report at first, but subsequently learning that Mr. Parker had left for Ping Chau early that morning, they decided that something was amiss, and Mr. D. R. Caldwell, the official interpreter, was ordered to take the police boat, and proceed to the island as speedily as possible. When he arrived there, he found Mr. Parker a veritable refugee in the house of the mandarin, which was surrounded by a dense crowd of Tanka fisherfolk. The mandarin when questioned about the affair claimed that a piracy indeed had been attempted, and in the end nineteen suspects including Parker were taken back to Hongkong. In the Magistrate's Court, Mr. Parker's version of the story was "proved," but the flood of rumours which surged through the Colony did not prove any too favourable to his reputation as a Government official and practicing barrister. Although he made a newspaper statement of his connection with the matter, it did not assist him to regain his former prestige, and he felt that it might be best to retire from the Colony for a while, until the whole unfortunate affair should blow over. Accordingly, on September 29, 1849, having arranged that his brother should assume his official appointments with the local Government, he left the Colony for California. This was actually the last that was ever heard of him; for the vessel in which he was travelling, the *Amoy Packet*, foundered in a typhoon a few days out of Hongkong. Such was the sad end of the career of this talented individual who through the amazing caprice of fate sealed his own doom.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Donations to Charitable And Other Objects

Previously acknowledged	\$5,824.72
Lt. Col. E. J. P. Mitchell	30
30th Heavy Battery, R.A.	32
Club Lusitano	25
Hongkong Regiment, H.K.	35.20
S.I.A.	
Lodge St. John No. 618, Hongkong	28
M. H. Lo	10
H.M.S. "Medway" Canteen	50
Section	5
Gordon's Ltd. (Poppies)	5
	\$0,039.92

Further contributions will be gratefully received by W. J. Cole, Acting Secretary, Earl Haig's Fund, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building. Cheques should be made payable to Thomson and Co., and crossed "Poppy Day" Fund.

The S. C. M. Post has received the following donation to the Poppy Day Fund:

Mr. J. Ormiston, \$20.
"One Fortieth" sends the following: St. John Ambulance, \$1; Street Sweepers, \$1; Tung Wah Hospital, \$1; St. Vincent de Paul, \$1; Poppy Day, \$1; Industrial Home for Blind Girls, \$1; Sailors and Seamen's Institute, \$1; Chinese Soldiers War Relief, \$1; Society Protection Children, \$1; H.K. Benevolent Society, \$1.

RADIO BROADCAST

Speech by Prime Minister At Lord Mayor's Banquet

Z.B.W. ORCHESTRA

Radio Programme Broadcast by ZBW on a Frequency of 845 kc/s. and on Short Wave from 6-11 p.m. on 9.52 m.c/s per second.

11 K.T.
6.0 Studio—Children's Hour.
7.0 Closing local Select Quotations.
7.02 Mozart-Sonata in A Major, K. 331.
Played by Edwin Fischer (Piano).
7.18 Excerpt from Mozart's Opera.

"Gosi Fan Tutte"—Overture....

The BBC Symphony Orchestra cond.

by Adrian Boult. "Die Entführung aus dem Serail"; Martern Aller

Arten; Ach, Ich Liebe.... Margherita Perras (Soprano) with the

Berlin State Opera Orchestra conducted by Bruno Seidler-Winkler;

"Don Giovanni"; Act 1 Champagne

Aria; Act 2 Serenade; Gerhard

Husch (Baritone) with the Berlin

State Opera Orchestra; "The Marriage of Figaro"; Act 1—I'll Have

Vengeance.... A. Kipnis (Bass) and

E. Ruziczka (Mezzo-Soprano) and

Berlin State Opera Orchestra cond.

by Erich Gynther; "Don Giovanni";

"To My Beloved, Oh Hasten!";

Luigi Forti (Tenor) with Orchestra.

7.40 Studio—Z.B.W. Orchestra.

1. "Fra Diavolo"—Overture....

(Auber); 2. Record: The Windmill

(Longfellow and Nelson)....

Malcolm McEachern (Bass) with

Piano; 3. Loin du Bal (Gillet); 4.

Serenata Appassionata (Nucci).

8.0 Local Time Signal; Weather

Report and Announcements.

8.03 Studio—Z.B.W. Orchestra.

5. A te Sola (Giuliani); 6. Semplifica

Comparsa (Nucci); 7. Record:

Eriskany Love Lilt ("Songs of the

Hebrides"; M. Kennedy-Fraser);

Herdin Song ("Songs of the North";

arr. M. Lawson).... Joseph Halop

(Tenor) with Piano accomp. by

Jersey Kahn; 8. Ballet music from

"The Jewess" (Halvey).

8.30 London Relay—"At The

Black Dog".

Mr. Wilkes at home in his own bar-

parlour. Presented by S. E.

Reynolds and Pascoe Thornton.

8.0 Quiltes—"Three English

Dances" and "O Mistress Mine".

Three English Dances.... New

Light Symphony Orchestra cond.

by J. Ainslie Murray; O Mistress Mine:

Blow, Blow Thou Winter Wind....

Derek Oldham (Tenor) with Violin,

Cello and Piano; Drink To Me Only

With Thine Eyes.... New Light

Symphony Orchestra cond. by J.

Ainslie Murray.

9.15 London Relay—"World

Affairs".

A talk by Edwin Haward.

9.30 London Relay—"The News".

9.50 Regimental Band of H.M.

Grenadier Guards.

Tancredi Overture (Rossini); Ruy

Blas Overture (Mendelssohn)....

conducted by Capt. George Miller.

10.0 London Relay—"The Lord

Mayer's Banquet".

A description of the scene in Guild-

hall. Broadcast from Guildhall,

London.

10.05 London Relay—"The Lord

Mayor's Banquet".

Speech by the Prime Minister the

Rt. Hon. Neville Chamberlain from

Guildhall, London.

10.35 Selections from Light

Opera.

"A Country Girl"—Vocal Gems

(Ross and Monckton).... Columbia

Light Opera Company with Orch.;

"Merrie England"—Selection (Ed-

ward German).... New Symphony

Orchestra cond. by Dr. Malcolm

Sargent; "Chu Chin Chow"—Vocal

Gems (Norton).... Light Opera

Company with Orchestra.

11.0 Close down.

An ODD Coat

May be worn on any outdoor or informal occasion.

When you decide to be as free and comfortable as modern clothing allows, call and see our new Sports Jackets in "happy-go-lucky" Tweeds.

Some with smart check waistcoats to match; trousers in worsted to tone.

READY TO WEAR



MACKINTOSH'S LTD.
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

Here's Luck!
EWO
BEER

Music hath charms

Sunday Classical Concert

at Repulse Bay Hotel

Under leadership of Geo. Pio-Uliski

Programme for Sunday, 13th November, 1938.

1 p.m. — 2.30 p.m.

PROGRAMME

1. Light Cavalry. Overture.....Suppe.
2. Spanish Serenade.....Herbert.
3. Blicets et Coquelicots. Waltz.....Waldteufel.
4. Rigoleto. Selection.....Verdi.
5. Cavatina.....Raff.
6. Peer Gynt, Suite No. 1.....Grieg.
7. Dream Tango.....Maldaren.



THE TWO GREATEST EVILS OF HOCKEY IN COLONY:

INDIFFERENCE, SLACKNESS BY CIVILIAN CLUBS PROBLEMS CONFRONTING LOCAL ASSOCIATION

(By "The Pilgrim")

Slackness and indifference—two of the greatest evils in local hockey—are most evident in the mid-week games. Late starts, depleted teams and players of the same side wearing jerseys of various hues are a few of the complaints I have heard recently.

Several umpires and Army representatives have complained, but I am afraid they are just voicing crying in the wilderness; club secretaries do nothing.

Midweek games are scheduled to commence at 5.15 p.m., but most teams fail to put in an appearance until 5.25 or 5.30, and as it gets dark very early nowadays only 20 or 25 minutes playing time is available.

Frankly, I think it is time something was done about it.

Apart from late starts and lack of uniformity in club colours, there is also the vexed question of badly-prepared grounds. Some of the grounds used in important matches were in a terrible state, and it seems hardly fair to ask teams to play off tournament matches on them.

REQUIRE ATTENTION

Very often, of course, one wonders whether too much was not being made of points which, on reflection, proved to be mere domestic club affairs. But nevertheless there are several matters which require the attention of those in office.

OFFICIAL RULING ON CLAUSE 10: POINTS FULLY EXPLAINED

The following is written to dispel any doubt which may exist in the minds of umpires and players on the revised clauses of Rule 10, and dealing particularly with the position of the goal-keeper, whose privileges remain unchanged.

The reference to the catching of the ball in the air by a player and dropping it to the ground is also fully explained.

RULE 10

Paras. (d), (e) and (f) now provide that:

- (1) no part of the body except the hand shall be used intentionally to stop the ball (Para. d);
- (2) if the ball be caught, it shall be released into play immediately (Para. d);
- (3) the ball shall not be propelled in any direction except with the stick (Para. e);
- (4) there shall be no interference with the stick of an opponent (Para. f).

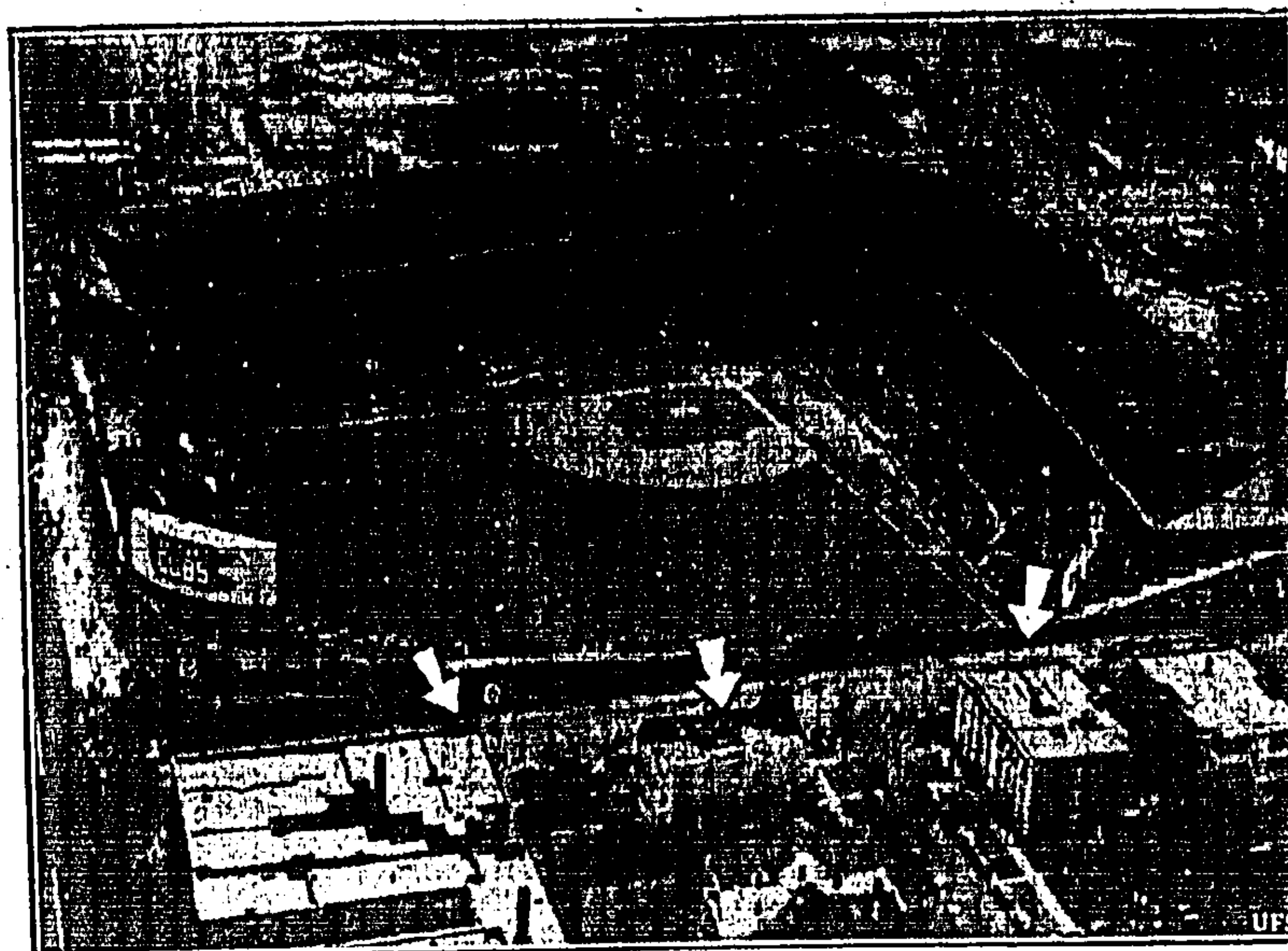
If the ball is stopped by any part of the body, the umpire has first to decide whether the stopping was intentional or not. If the umpire decides that it was, a breach of Para. (d) has occurred. If it was not (e.g. if the ball is hit at, or into, a player by an opponent), the player should not be penalised unless he has infringed Para. (e) and propelled the ball. In this case, if the player hit was stationary, there is no breach of Paras. (d) or (e).

The intention is that the ball shall be played entirely with the stick except that it may be stopped or caught by the hand.

The alterations do not affect the goal-keeper, and although Para. (h) does not specifically permit a goal-keeper to stop the ball with his body, he should not be penalised if the ball rebounds off his body unless he has infringed Para. (e).

These alterations will materially affect any player, other than the goal-keeper, who remains in front

of the goal.



THROW SEES YANKS TOP CUBS—Official count placed the number of baseball fans who saw the New York Yankees win from the Chicago Cubs in the opening game of the World Series at Chicago, as 43,042. Here is an air view of Wrigley Field on opening day, showing the stadium packed, while, indicated by arrows, non-payees view the game from neighboring apartment house roofs.

Here And There With "Pilgrim"

SHOULD Army, Navy or Civilian clubs wish to meet Macao in friendly games, they are instructed to get into touch with the new Secretary, Mr. C. A. Braga, c/o The Macao Hockey Club. Macao is looking forward to meeting some of the best hockey teams from Hongkong this season.

PLAYERS and umpires are reminded once again that a hockey lecture will be given at St. Andrew's Church Hall this afternoon at 6 p.m.

LAST Sunday morning the Police began their first game in the Hongkong Hockey Association Tournament in fine style when they defeated Recreio by a lone goal, scored by Narwant Singh. The game opened at a fast pace and it looked as if the guardians of the law were in for a trouncing. The forwards, Wall, Wilson and Howlett, were not conspicuous for their combination, but success came their way due to the splendid resistance put up by Brown and Mehar Singh in defence. Parker, at centre-half, proved a great stumbling block to the opposition. Britain made his debut between the sticks and was safe with his feeble feet and a permanent place in the "A" team. In the closing stages, Narwant Singh broke through to give his side two valuable points. There is one thing the Police should bear in mind—punctuality.

THE Recreio were unfortunate to suffer their first defeat. They made a very sporting gesture in allowing the game to be put back half an hour so that their opponents could field a full team. Young Marques, at right half, stood out by some judicious feeding, but the forwards again lacked enterprise. Gonçalves, Beltrão and Ozeiro being slow in the circle. Albert Rodrigues made one blunder throughout the whole game and it cost his side a goal and the points. Had Ribeiro advanced in time, he might have saved the situation but he hesitated and was lost. Recreio will have to improve their shooting abilities if they hope to go further.

AT Caroline Hill last Sunday, the Radio and Postal Sports Club held their friendly rivals, the K.I.T.C., to a two-all draw in an exciting, fast and open game. As the result of smart passing movements, the Brasspounders took an early lead through G. Singh (2). On resumption, they fell off for at least 20 minutes, allowing their opponents to draw level. J. Singh was erratic with his clearance and M. Singh was at times vicious with his reverse stick-work. U. B. Souza, in goal, was up to his usual form and with Stickley in front of him, gave a

of goal at a corner or penalty corner, as he thereby runs the risk, if the ball hits his body, of having a penalty bully awarded against him, under Rule 18. Para. (a). As regards catching the ball, the words "to drop perpendicularly to the ground," being unnecessary, have been omitted.

Under Rule 10 Para. (e), the ball may only be propelled by the stick. If, therefore, any force is used to catch and release the ball, resulting in the ball being propelled in any direction, a breach of Para. (e) has occurred.

The ball, if caught, must be released into play immediately, and without the use of any force. Throwing it to the ground is therefore not permissible.

brilliant display. The Radiomen have had two tough games so far and if they keep up this early form they should be in the running for the championship.

IN their first match, the K.I.T.C. showed they have a splendid attack which should make up for a weaker defence. The outstanding craftsman was little Partab, who played with pace and cunning, slick work, and brought Pyara Singh and A. P. Souza into the attacking scheme cleverly. J. Pinto was also a great figure, dominating the cen-



Parker, the Police pivot, has been playing a consistently good game this season.

tre of the field. Jaggeet Singh, at left-back, was sound, but was too inclined to hit straight at an attacking forward. A strict umpire would have pulled him up more often for dangerous play. The K.I.T.C. possess a good all-round team which may end up on top of the tournament.

Lady Players Start Their League Ties

The Hongkong Ladies Hockey Association commences its League season on Saturday. Six games have been arranged in the card, two in the Caer Clark Cup (Seniors) and four in the Brown Cup (Juniors).

I have commented on the prospects of most teams already and hockey enthusiasts can be assured of some excellent games this season. More will be heard of our ladies in future.

The following are the fixtures:

CAER CLARK CUP
C.B.A. v. H.K. Ladies (Happy Valley, 3 p.m.)

C.B.S. v. St. Andrew's (Saints' ground, 2.45 p.m.)

BROWN CUP
C.B.A. v. C.B.S. (C.B.A. ground, 4 p.m.)

"Y" v. Recreio "A" ("Y" ground, 2.45 p.m.)

Recreio "B" v. H.K. Ladies (Recreio ground, 3 p.m.)

Saints v. Seaforths (Shamshulpo, 3 p.m.)

Rugby

Strong Club Side Beaten By The Navy

(By "Fly-Half")

In a close game on the Club ground yesterday, a Navy team defeated a comparatively strong Club side by nine points to five at rugby.

H. D. Bidwell, the Club captain, made a reappearance after an absence of several weeks. The game was mostly fought out amongst the forwards with the three making the best of their opportunities.

Club were the first to score and looked like possible winners in the first half; but after the interval, the Navy side, by feeding their three, broke through three times and scored. Heath scored for Club from a forward rush, Oliphant converting from an easy position. Navy followed with tries which were all scored wide of the posts, with the result that none of the kicks at goal succeeded.

Scorers for the Navy were Webster (2) and Kelly. Talbot and Webster were the pick of the Navy side, whilst Bidwell and MacGrath did yeoman service for Club.

SCOTLAND DEFEATS WALES

International Soccer At Edinburgh

Edinburgh, Nov. 9. Scotland defeated Wales by three goals to two in the international soccer match played here to-day. The teams fought a hard-fought, turning-out as announced. A crowd of 40,000 watched the match.

Play was even in the first 20 minutes. Wales then broke away and scored through Astley, the Derby centre-forward.

Gillieck, the Everton left-winger, equalised for Scotland shortly before half-time, which was taken with the score 1-1.

In the second period, Walker, the Heart of Midlothian's inside right, scored twice for Scotland, Leslie Jones, of the Arsenal, playing at inside right for Wales, replying.

The Welshmen showed clever ball control but poor shooting robbed them of their chances.

Teams:
Scotland—Brown; Anderson, A. Beattie, Shankley, Baxter, Miller; Delaney, Walker, McCulloch, R. Beattie and Gillieck.

Wales—John; Whitley, Hughes; Dearson, T. G. Jones, Richards; Hopkins, L. Jones, Astley, Bryn Jones and Cumner.—Reuter.

ENGLAND TEAM

London, Nov. 9. The England team to meet Ireland in the international match at Old Trafford, Manchester, on November 10 is as follows:

Woodley; Sproston, Hapgood; Willingham, Cullis, Mercer; Matthews; Hall, Lawton, Stephenson and Smith.—Reuter.

BADMINTON LEAGUE STARTS NEXT WEEK

The Hongkong Badminton League will commence on Monday, November 14, with two matches in the "A" Division of the Men's League, to be followed by four games in the "B" Division on Wednesday, November 16, and two in the Mixed Doubles on Friday, November 18.

The Ladies' Division will start on Tuesday, November 22. The following are the full fixtures for the season:

"A" DIVISION

Monday, November 14
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

November 21
University "B" v. Recreio
King's College v. University "A"

November 28
Chinese Y.M.C.A. v. Recreio
University "B" v. King's College

December 5
University "B" v. University "A"
King's College v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

December 12
Recreio v. University "A"
Chinese Y.M.C.A. v. University "B"

December 19
Chinese Y.M.C.A. v. University "A"
King's College v. University "B"

January 6
Recreio v. University "B"
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

January 13
Recreio v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
University "A" v. King's College

January 20
University "A" v. Recreio
Chinese Y.M.C.A. v. King's College

January 27
University "A" v. Recreio
Chinese Y.M.C.A. v. King's College

February 3
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

February 10
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

February 17
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

February 24
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

March 2
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

March 9
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

March 16
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

March 23
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

March 30
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

April 6
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

April 13
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

April 20
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

April 27
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

May 4
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

May 11
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

May 18
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

May 25
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

June 1
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

June 8
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

June 15
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

June 22
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

June 29
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

July 6
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

July 13
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July 20
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Recreio v. King's College

July 27
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

August 3
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
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August 10
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

August 17
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

August 24
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

August 31
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

September 7
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

September 14
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
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October 12
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Recreio v. King's College

October 19
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

October 26
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

November 2
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

November 9
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

November 16
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

(Chung Wah v. V.R.C. to be played on neutral court to be arranged by Chung Wah.)

February 13
V.R.C. v. Recreio
Kowloon Tong "B" v. St. Andrew's "B"

February 20
V.R.C. v. Recreio
Kowloon Tong "B" v. St. Andrew's "B"

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February 5
V.R.C. v. Recreio
Kowloon Tong "B" v. St. Andrew's "B"

February 12
V.R

J. GOSANO HITS UP 96 NOT OUT

The Gosano brothers, J. and G., were in great form again for La Salle College in a cricket match against Queen's College at the Indian Recreation Club ground yesterday, the former winning by nine wickets. Queen's batted first, and against G. Gosano (7 for 10) were trundled out for 27 runs.

La Salle passed this score with nine wickets in hand. They continued batting, but closed their innings at 140 for three wickets, leaving J. Gosano four runs short of his century! No less than 80 of his 90 were scored by boundaries!

The scores were:

QUEEN'S COLLEGE

Lo Tak-cheung, b. G. Gosano	3
Gopal Singh, c. G. Gosano b. Arculli	10
Narayan Singh, b. G. Gosano	10
Khan Mohamed, b. G. Gosano	10
S. C. Bux, st. Bayot b. Arculli	10
S. Khan, b. G. Gosano	10
A. Ahmed, not out	10
A. Khan, b. G. Gosano	10
S. Ahmed, c. J. Gosano b. G. Gosano	10
H. Singh, c. J. Gosano b. G. Gosano	10
H. Singh, b. G. Gosano	10
Total	27

Bowling Analysis

	O	M	R	W
Arculli	9	2	18	7
Gosano	10	2	18	9
J. Gosano, not out	96			
M. Remedios, c. D. Singh b. N. Singh	10			
T. Cotton, b. G. Singh	10			
G. Gosano, c. G. Singh b. N. Singh	10			
H. Silva, not out	10			
Extras	10			
Total (3 wickets)	140			

Bowling Analysis

	O	M	R	W
N. Singh	10			
Lo	10			
G. Singh	10			
Mohamed	10			

CRAIGENGOWER TEAMS

The following have been selected to represent the Craigengower C.C. in friendly cricket matches on Saturday, November 12:

1st XI v. Hongkong C.C. (away).—E. Zimmermann (Capt.), E. J. M. Churn, A. R. H. Esmail, U. Esmail, D. Hung, A. K. Esmail, F. K. Lee, H. P. Lam, W. Rapley, A. Zimmermann and F. R. Zimmermann.

2nd XI v. University (home).—B. R. France (Capt.), N. Broadbridge, A. H. Esmail, A. B. Hanson, W. Hong Sling, M. C. Hung, C. W. Lam, J. W. Leonard, T. Locke, W. K. Way and J. L. Youngs.

HONGKONG C.C. "A" XI

The following will represent the Hongkong Cricket Club "A" XI

Macao Races Advanced By One Day

Record Number Of Sweep Tickets Sold

As announced, the November meeting of the Macao Jockey Club will now be held on Saturday, November 12, one day in advance of the original date.

The sale of tickets in the \$1 sweepstake on the Governor's Cup, the principal race on the programme, is over 9,000, which is a record for this monthly sweep. As it now stands, the first prize will be about \$5,000.

Friday, Armistice Day, being a general holiday, the offices of the Club, Gloucester Building, will remain open until 1 p.m.

YACHTING RACES

Diana, Teal And Stella First Home

Diana, Teal and Stella won their respective classes in the sweepstake races held by the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club yesterday over 8.8 miles. "H" class started at 14.40, "A" at 14.45, "I" and "Y" at 14.55. Results:

"H" Class

Finished	Corrd.	Pos.
Diana (J. Gifford Hull)	16.21.45	1
Aerial (Wilkinson)	16.26.27	2
Colleen (J. G. Tarr)	16.44.24	3

"A" Class

Finished	Corrd.	Pos.
Teal (J. E. Dobbs)	16.40.4	1
Eve (E. Hader)	16.49.22	2
Jean (C. C. Gifford)	16.49.23	3
Redhawk (R. Rimmington)	16.49.23	4
Painted Lady (M. T. L. Wilkinson)	16.49.50	5
La Linda (M. T. L. Johnston)	16.50.15	6
Maureen (R. L. Johnston)	16.50.25	7

"I" & "Y" Classes

Finished	Corrd.	Pos.
Kittiwake (D.N.F.)		
Stella (J. W. Lucas, R.N.)	17.10.12	1
Robena (R. H. Lindsay)	17.11.18	2
Alisa (W. A. Ingram)	17.12.10	3

against Craigengower on the Club ground on Saturday:

R. S. W. Paterson (Capt.), S. J. Cooke, N. P. Fox, C. E. Gahagan, R. H. Griffiths, J. L. Hiley, L. D. Kilmer, G. S. Lovett, D. O. Parsons, F. H. Stokes and A. N. Other.

Tempts All Eyes at Dance



Summery romance is reflected in this full-skirted dance frock worn by Peggy Carroll in a ballroom sequence for RKO Radio's "Carefree," in which the young player supports Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers. Silver sequins are sprinkled on the edge of the flowing skirt and clustered in bands to define the detailed bodice. Designed by Edward Steichen, studio stylist.

Rugby

FRANCE WISHES TO RESUME TIES WITH BRITISH ISLES

London, Oct. 17.

There is a possibility that France may shortly be readmitted to the international rugby programme, from which she has for seven years been denied by England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales.

GOVERNOR AT BOWLS

Yacht Club's Victory By Two Shots

The Royal Hongkong Yacht Club lawn bowls team entertained the Governor's team in a three-rink game yesterday. Although two home rinks were defeated, the third won by a large margin to give a majority of 69-67.

W. A. Cornell, J. Owen-Hughes, N.V.A. Croucher, C. E. Archibut, 16, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, 1, Newton, E. S. Carter, J. Deakin 32.

D. Drummond, H. E. Stone, P. J. A. Hamilton, R. H. Wild 16, E. I. Wynne-Jones, R. E. Lindsey, J. T. Smalley, J. McGowan 22.

P. S. Cassidy, C. B. Brown, W. S. Hansen, A. Nussim 37, N. L. Smith, E. W. Hamilton, C. B. Robinson, J. Smith 13.

GOLF COMPETITIONS

Draw For Match-Play Of Kowloon Championship

The following is the draw for the match-play stages of the Kowloon Golf Club Championship:

W. C. Simpson	v	A. A. Lopez
T. D. Paton	v	J. D. Thomson
T. Lamb	v	W. Groves
G. P. Murphy	v	T. B. Low
E. F. Fincher	v	E. Christensen
W. Bastin	v	S. Jex
W. A. Stewart	v	A. L. Eastman

Captain's Cup Competition

W. A. Stewart, 75-8=67, and W. A. Ahern, 78-1=69, qualified for the Captain's Cup Competition during play on November 5 and 6.

CLOCKS IN HANKOW

Japanese Advance Time To Tokyo Figure

Hankow, Nov. 9.

The Customs House clock, which is generally regarded as Hankow's Big Ben, has advanced an hour to register Tokyo time. The time in the former British Concession still

The home countries put the bar up against France in 1931, accusing her of permitting professional practices. France was told to go and do some house-cleaning, after which she could apply again.

Several times has she applied for readmittance to the illustrious circle, only to be rebuffed. This time, however, there seems to be a genuine move afoot to bring about restoration of playing relations.

The French declare that the Welsh R. U. are behind the latest effort and the attitude of the countries is briefly as follows:

The last official attempt by France to come in with us on the old friendly terms was made two years ago. The home Unions called for evidence showing that semi-professionalism had, indeed, been banished. As relations were not resumed, we must assume that the required proofs were not forthcoming.

The French insist that they have now "cleaned house," and the only point at issue is their championship cup. The Rugby Union have no liking for cups, or a club championship, though their view is not shared in some parts of England.

NO WISH FOR TRAVEL

It would almost seem as if the chief Irish and Scottish objection to including France in the international programme is a dislike of long-distance travelling. The Irish viewpoint was expressed by an official who asked, "Why should our players have to suffer four Channel crossings to play one Rugby match?" The Scots, too, are very conservative and apparently are content to continue playing within the British Isles until the crack of doom.

The rugby game is having a hard fight to retain its popularity in France and badly needs British aid. One French writer plainly says: "When the split took place, we thought we could get along equally well without the British, but we were wrong. The playing of Rugby is not possible without the British."

remains the same, but it is understood that martial law will be enforced at 7 p.m. (Tokyo time) instead of 8 p.m. as in the past.

Several cases of cholera have broken out at the refugee camp near the Han river.

This afternoon Rear Admiral Holt called on General Hata—Reuter.

ENGINEERS DEFEAT GUNNERS

After an exciting game at the Valley yesterday, Chinese Engineers gained two points at Stanley's expense by the odd goal in three. For the first quarter of an hour play was even, but the Sappers showed more craft. Goals were scarce, however, and for some time neither goalkeeper had any shot of note to deal with.

The first came when Wong Lai-ming made ground on the right, and when tackled flung across a high centre which Purdue caught in the air. Before he had time to clear, he was tackled by Chang Ying-kin and the ball rolled into the net.

The second half opened with the Artillery still pressing, but they could not make an impression on the defence. With quarter of an hour to go, Cheung Sun found himself in possession on the half-way line with a clear field and taking the ball down, put his side further ahead with a hard drive.

Five minutes later Dinnot scored with a well placed shot from outside the penalty area. For the Artillery, Marsh was outstanding, even becoming a sixth forward when his team was attacking.

Engineers: Lau, Wah-shing; Li Muk-lan, Tang Wai To, Kam-bar, Chung Wai, Chan Choy; Wong Lai-ming, Tang Chung-pak, Chang Ying-kin, Chun Kam-piu, Cheung Bun.

Stanley: Purdue; Marsh, Burrows; Dinnot, Miller, Farmer; Freer, Thackeray, Hall, Griffiths, Banks.

3 YEARS' SUFFERING with GASTRIC ULCER

To-day a happy man

Think of it. Three dragging years of daily torture! "Goodness knows I have suffered," writes Mr. S. A. and only those who have suffered from gastric ulcer can fully understand what he endured. Here is his letter:

"I feel it my duty to tell you of the wonderful results I had from Maclean Brand Stomach Powder. I have been suffering from Gastric Ulcer for three years and goodness knows I have suffered. I have had four X-rays, and I don't think I have worked one full week in two years. Today I am one of the happiest men through Maclean Brand Stomach Powder."

This is no isolated case. MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder is doing as much—often in seemingly hopeless cases all over the country. And if this great remedy can do wonders in serious stomach disorders, what can it not do for your Indigestion, Heartburn, Acidity or Flatulence—the beginning of serious trouble? For remember, what at first seems slight indigestion may develop into a state of health that can only be cured with the surgeon's knife. Get a bottle at once—only, look for the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN." Maclean Brand Stomach Powder is only genuine if this signature appears on bottle and cartons. Powder or Tablets. Cheap imitations may only make your troubles worse. If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to Banker & Co., P. O. Box 745, Hong Kong. KS455.

SPORT ADVTS

THE MACAO JOCKEY CLUB

The November Race Meeting will be held at Arcia Preta, Macao, on SATURDAY, 12th November, 1938, commencing at 2.15 p.m.

The first half will be rung at 1.45 p.m. approximately.

The offices of the Club at Gloucester Building, 2nd Floor, will remain open on Friday, 11th November, up to 1 p.m.

By order, S. W. CHENG, Secretary.

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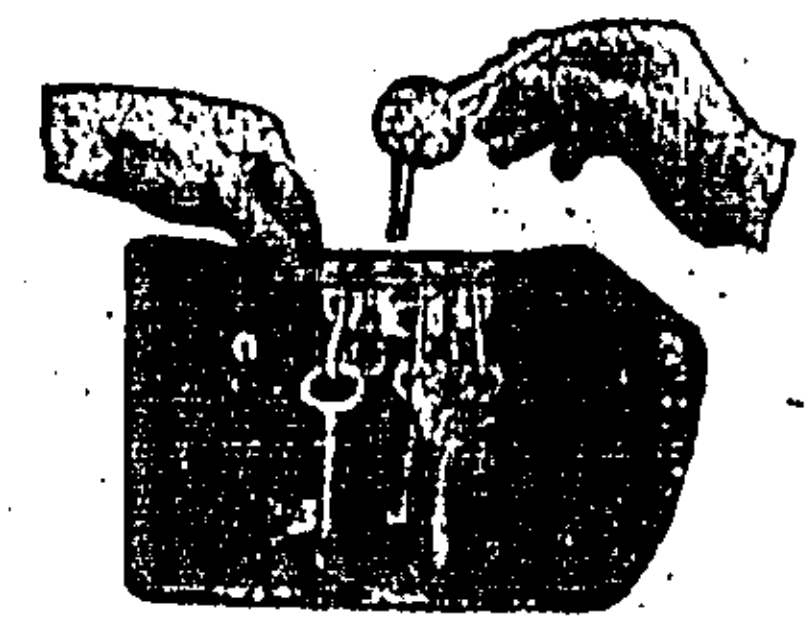
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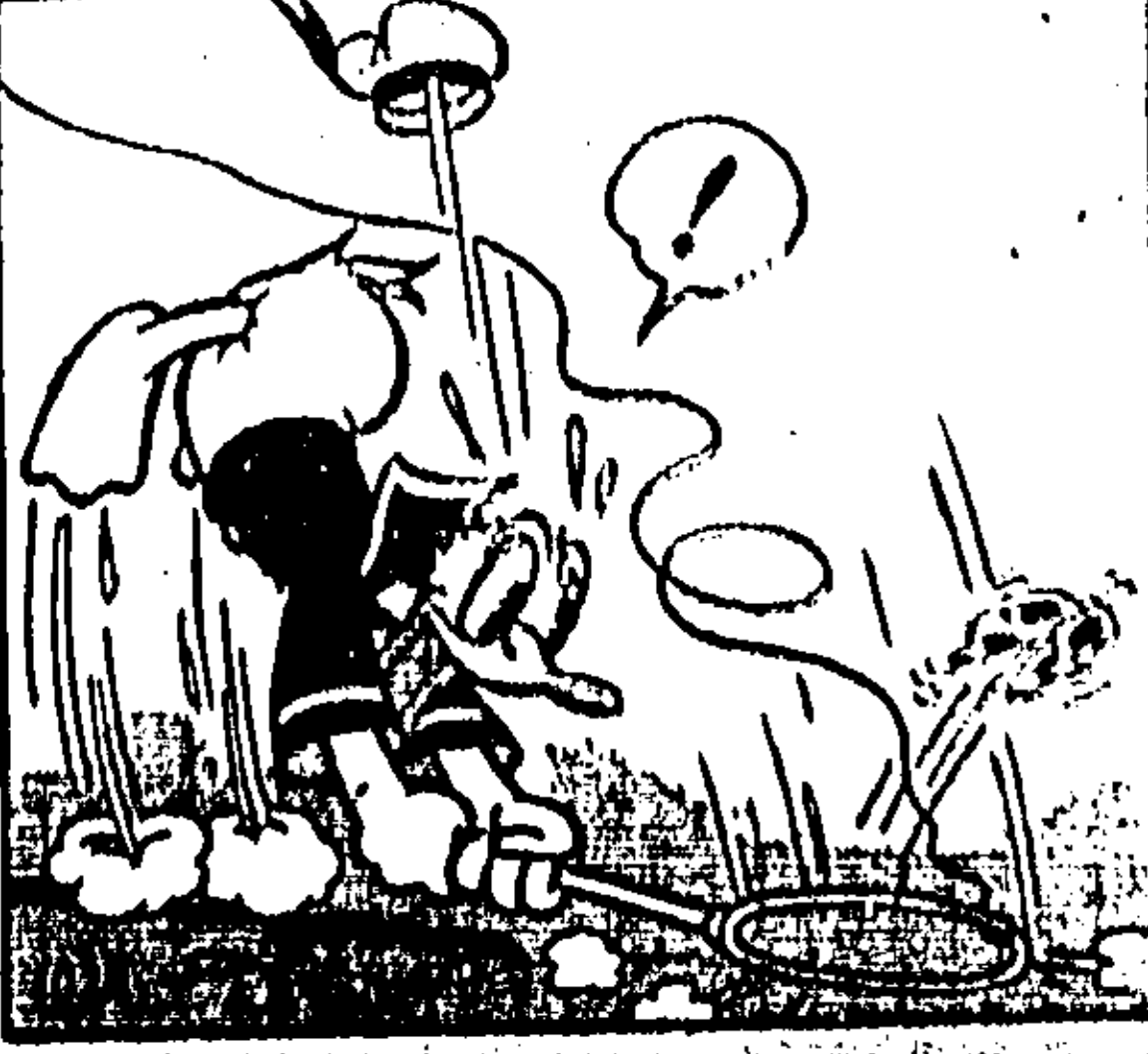
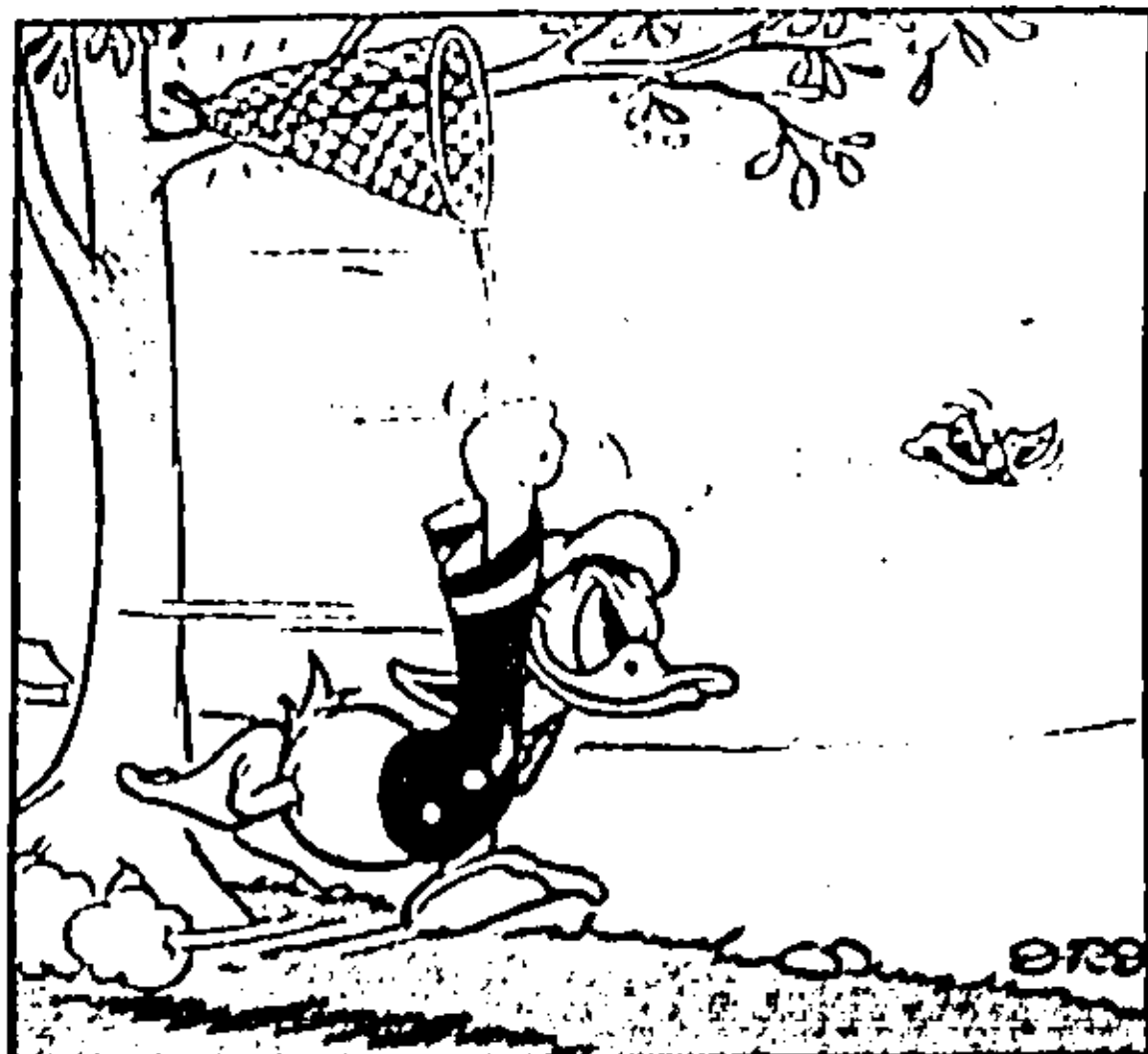
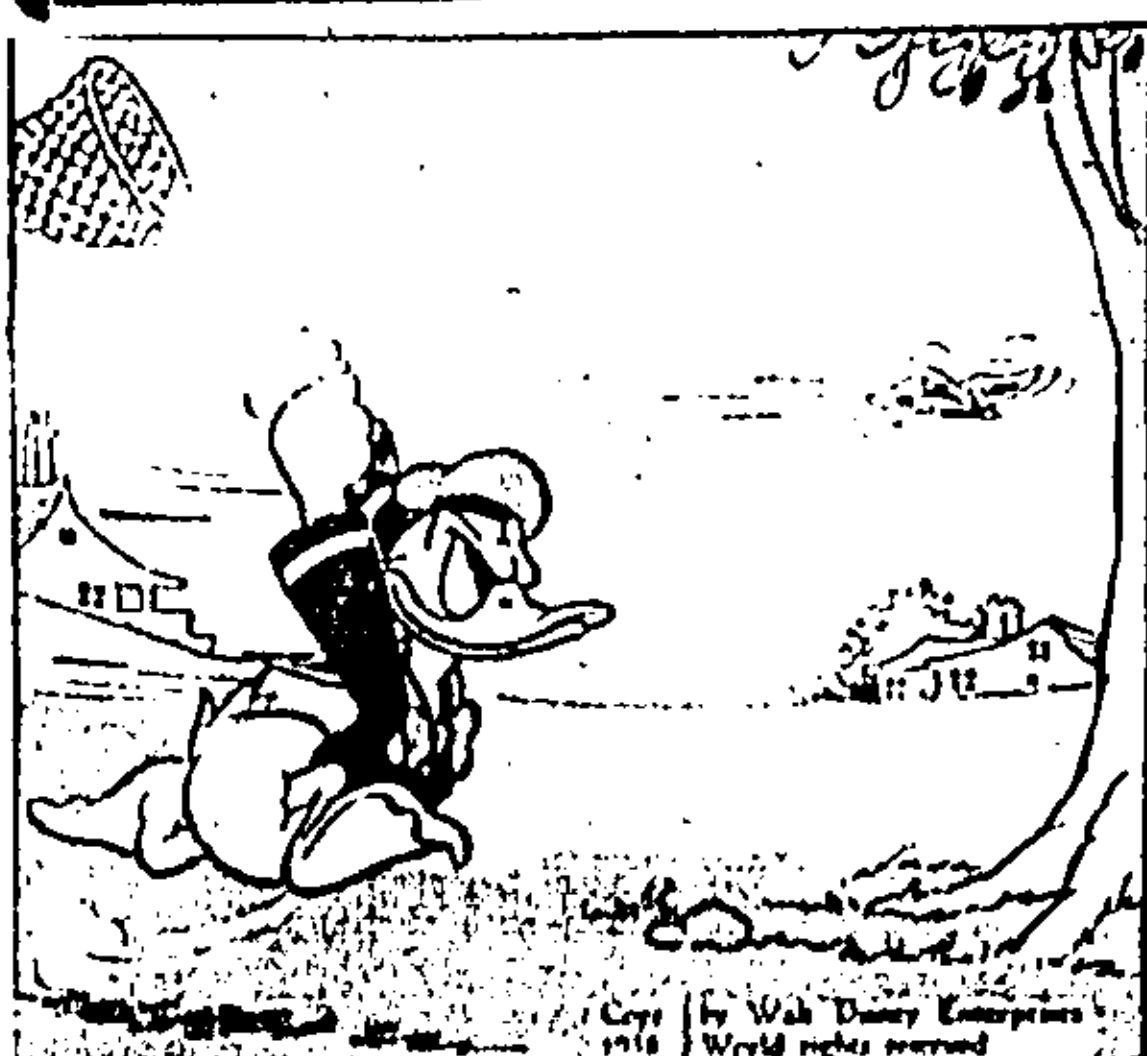
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FIFTY—FIFTY

THESE GIVE YOU
THE NEW LOW
LINE... WITHOUT
LEAVING YOUR
SHOULDERS quite
UNCOVERED...

NATURALLY you are going to have one of the new evening gowns with the low corsage. All the same, you may be feeling a little nervous about it. Your arms and neck are not what they were before the Summer. Or you are not quite certain how your husband will take such décolletage.

Here are three ways to solve your problem—you can keep the line without being quite so bare, or feeling so entirely unsupported.



Drawn
by ROBB

fining the line of the corsage from which they spring.
The bodice is held up by narrow ribbon straps. You must have the straps corse or vivid green, or some bright colour contrasting with the frock. Then they don't break the line of the bodice.

PERHAPS you want to be a Gibson girl, like grandmama? Well, take a look at the girl at the bottom of the picture. Her billowy-skirted gown is made of black velvet or rich taffeta. The bodice is sheer, edged up the front and stiffened with whalebone.

Stiff bows falling off the shoulders accentuate the low line, take away from the bare effect and give a feel-

ing of support all at the same time. They are made by tying pieces of the bodice, which continue back and front ribbonwise. If you choose a velvet gown remember to stiffen the bows.

If you want a youthful frock which froutrous in nino and of the bodice stretch more flat leaves, take a look at the middle girl. Spangly sequins flow up, de-

THE top girl has on her autumn dinner gown, draped and formal. This requires the new, line without so much décolletage.

And this is how it is done: formal shaped leaves are cut out of one piece of gold kid to go on the shoulder straps, leaf points facing outwards to the arms. Across the front of the bodice stretch more flat leaves, emphasising the square cut away from the bodice.

Items For The Home

NEW electric fires have a floodlit effect which gives a pleasing warm glow. Many of these floodlit models can be used either as a portable screen fire or can be built in as a permanent fixture.
The utility fire that is particularly good value is one that, besides heating your room, can also be used for boiling, drying, and toasting. Pans or a teapot can be kept hot on the hob extensions attached to the model.

Little did the brothers Grimm realise when they told the tale of "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs" how, in the years to come, these little figures of their imagination would come to life. We see them and hear them talk at a cinema, we see them pictured on dress materials, on vases and bathroom accessories—and now they will illuminate our rooms.

Snow White, the Dwarfs, and their animal friends are reproduced in colour from Walt Disney's drawings on non-inflammable translucent shades for electric decoration lamps. These should prove very popular during the winter party season.

An iron of streamline shape has a bevelled edge for ironing round buttons. It is specially balanced, and has a handle shaped to prevent undue fatigue, as the hand is held in a natural and not a strained position.

A combined lamp and table clock is a practical and attractive novelty. The clock, made in both light and dark oak, has coloured "pips" to indicate the hours. The light oak has green, blue, or pink pips, and the dark oak models have pips of white or green. The lampshades match whatever colour pips you choose.

Tomato Jam

TWO pounds each of tomatoes and loaf sugar, three lemons, one pint of water are needed. Skin the tomatoes and cut them up. Boil the lemons in water till soft, cut up finely, removing pips. Put the fruit into a pan with sugar and water in which lemons were boiled, and simmer till the jam sets. This will be in a little over one hour.

H. W. S.

Stale Cakes Transformed

AN elementary knowledge of cooking tells us that the basis of all well-made cakes is butter, sugar, flour, and eggs.
When these ingredients which form the cake have become stale and dry it can be reduced to crumbs, and with the addition of something to moisten and re-bind, they can be used in many ways.

Fruit cake—sultana, cherry, &c.—contain all the requirements of a good steamed pudding. It needs to be finely crumbed, and re-bound with the milk, fruit juice, or egg. The same treatment to a plain cake will make a nice luncheon sweet, if it be baked in a shallow tin lined with pastry.

Cake crumbs mixed with jam, and used as a filling in a good short pastry, makes a delicious change from the ordinary jam tart.

Fancies and Biscuits

If moistened with a little fruit juice crumbs can be converted into delicious fancies for an afternoon tea party. Form them into oblongs or balls, cover with melted jelly, and roll in coconut or chopped nuts.

Tasty biscuits can be made by adding egg and flavouring to crumbs. Roll them out to about 1/4 inch in thickness, cut into fancy shapes, and bake in a moderate oven about seven to ten minutes. If decorated, when cold, with a little glace icing, these will be great favourites with the children.

A Festive-Looking Trifle

A really festive-looking trifle can be made with a stale sponge cake. Cut it up into fingers, arrange these in a glass dish, and spread on a little jam. Dissolve a pint lemon jelly in hot water, and while it is still hot pour half over the sponge cakes. Allow the other half to become cold, then whip up till it is light and frothy. Pile on top of sponge cakes, and decorate with glace cherries.

By far the easiest solution to the stale cake problem is, of course, to keep cakes fresh! They should be kept in an airtight tin, which should be frequently dusted out and exposed to the sun. Fruit cakes keep longer than plain ones, but the lives of both can be prolonged if kept wrapped in greaseproof paper. Nothing dries a cake more than exposure to the air, so when your meal is over, always put your cakes back at once into their tin.

Isobel

Variety In The Menu

WE cannot be always thinking up entirely new dishes for meals, but old favourites can be transformed by the addition of a new sauce or stuffing, or a new way of serving. After all, if your family is fond of hot roast pork, it seems a pity to deny it them because you can think of only one way of serving it and that is getting monotonous.

Instead of making apple sauce, why not try serving roast pork as they do in the West of England—covered with clotted cream?

Another surprising but delightful combination comes from South Africa. Slices of brown bread and butter spread with orange marmalade and then - highly peppered. Between two pieces is placed a slice of Dutch cheese. Just try it!

Cream cheese is much improved if it is sprinkled with fine sugar, as is done in many parts of Europe, and our American cousins can tell you all about hot gingerbread spread with cream cheese.

From America, too, comes the custom of serving mayonnaise dressing with fruit salad. Americans have taught us, also, to fry bananas and to serve a slice of fried pineapple with the breakfast bacon. Try these tips for brighter breakfasts.
And even the pre-breakfast fruit-juice need not be monotonous, if you mix your drinks. Pineapple-juice and tomato-juice in equal quantities make a delightful drink, and one which has a marvellous effect on the complexion.

M. B.

Useful Glycerine

CHAPPED hands yield readily to treatment with glycerine and rose water, mixed in equal proportions. This mixture will also relieve rough or windburnt skin and should be gently smoothed on as soon as possible after the exposure.

In the home laundry, use a tablespoonful to each tub of water when washing blankets, and the wool will retain its fleeciness; and if a little is added to the suds in which chambray leather is being washed, the leather will remain soft and flexible.

When preserving beech leaves for winter decoration, first cover the branches in salted water for a few hours. Now place them in a jar of glycerine and water in the proportion of two-thirds water and one-third glycerine. Leave until all this liquid has been absorbed.

The branches are now ready for arrangement throughout the house, and the leaves will retain their shape and colour all winter.

M. L. B.

IF you have any beauty problems, why not try Mrs. Beton's Beauty Salon which has a reputation of being the most reliable in the Colony.

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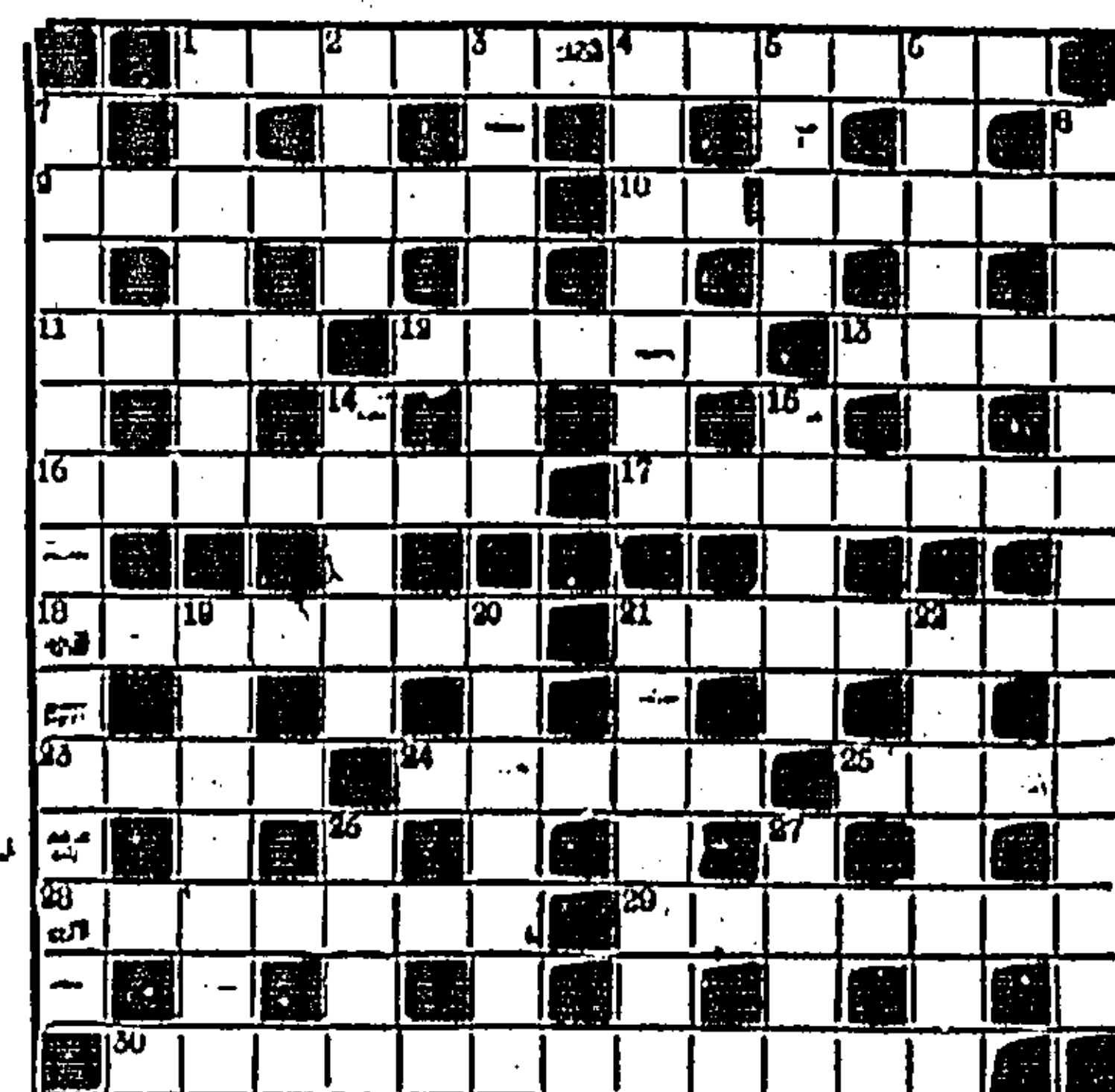
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OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



- ACROSS
- Hand and hip play a part in this meal (three words—4, 3, 5).
 - Drink with skill in (7).
 - It can fix the deal, but has to be driven (4).
 - Its revolutions transport itself beheaded (5).
 - One vehicle includes another (4).
 - A naive young thing (7).
 - It may be ready to listen to any young swine (two words—4, 3).
 - It lives in the sea but is mostly a slope with us (7).
 - The quack doctor should find even part of this a good card to play (7).
 - One of the big noises (4).
 - Many in a financial affair are vacant (5).
 - In retreat he's a frost (4).
 - The start of many a game (7).
 - Wicked claim to be otherwise (7).
 - Sauce that cook should avoid (12).

DOWN

- If you want a fine figure try this (7).
- A dish not from the East (4).
- The documents in this case might be important (7).
- Make light of it by putting in more bulbs (7).
- Many animals (4).
- This notable person comes to talk foolishly when I'm gone (7).

- You are observing what has gone through it (two words—8, 5).
- It's a brave man that owns it (two words—8, 5).
- Bird (5).
- These animals may mostly be drunk (5).
- Literal change of one article on two animals (7).
- Few in a yachting centre are sound financially (7).
- A retiring person might live in it on it (7).
- Make up (7).
- 10 down of 25 across (4).
- Revolutionary change of part of 14 down (4).

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION

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FRAUDS
GOODFOUNOUGHT
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TEACUORLP
CURIOUSLEEPER
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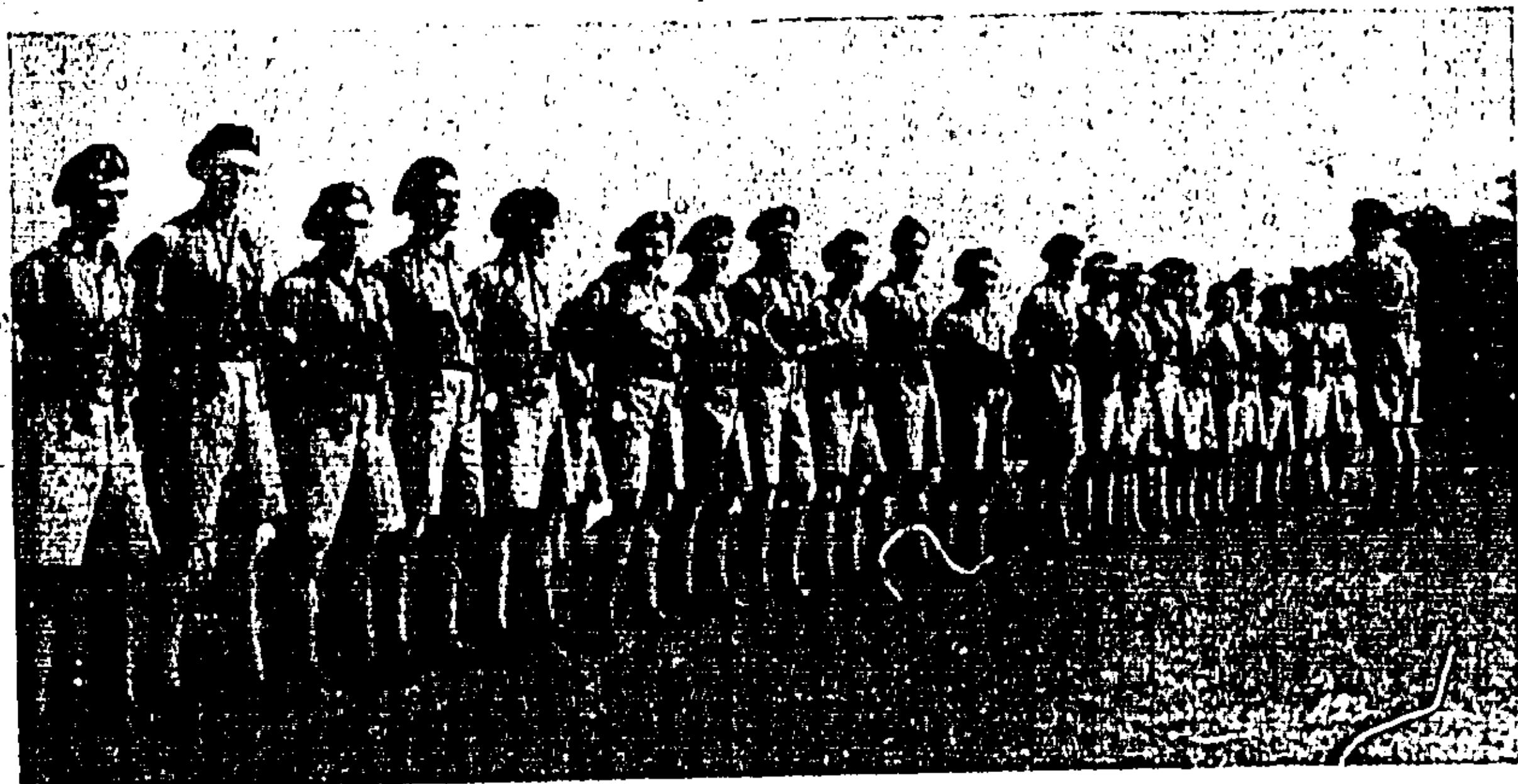
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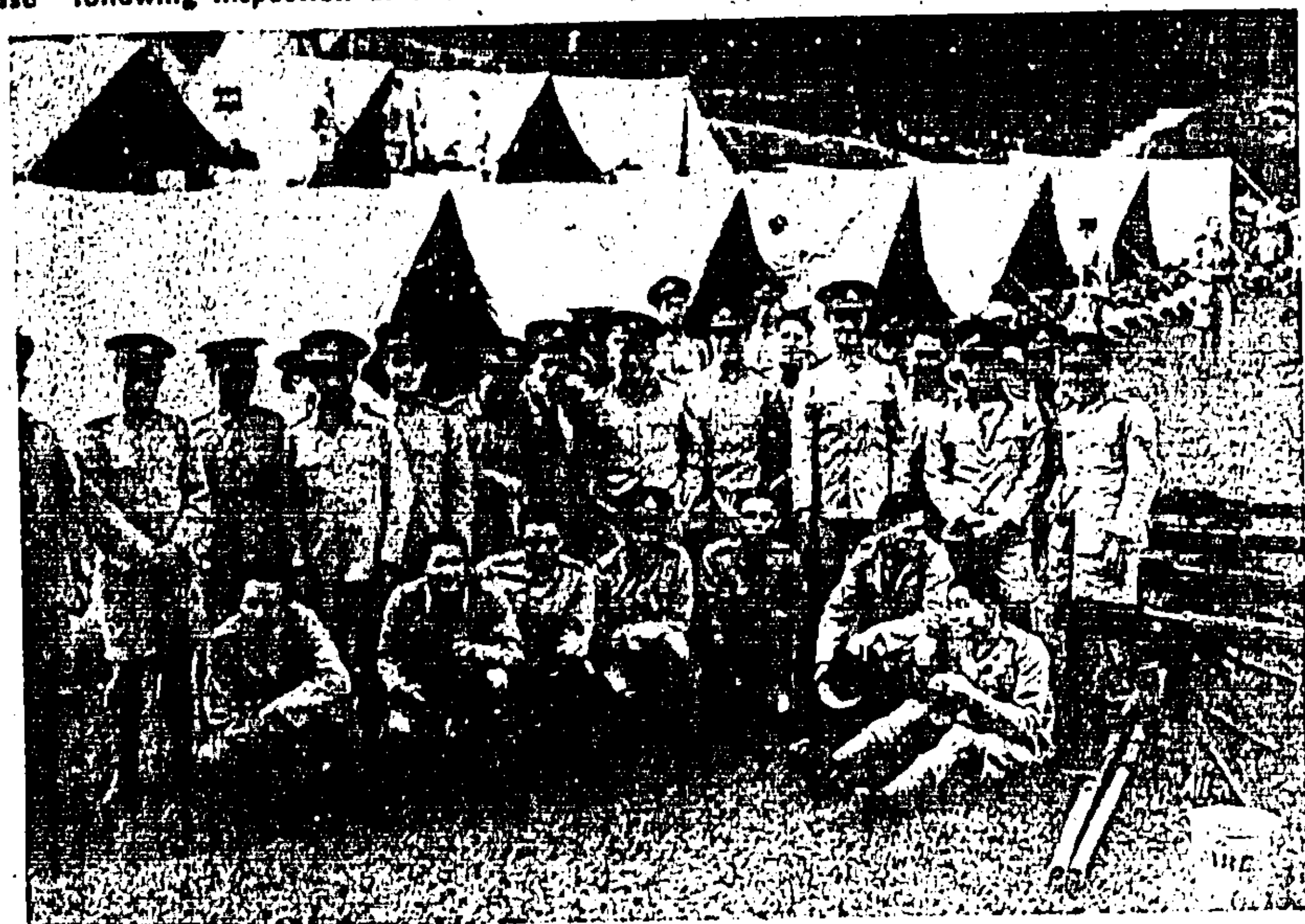
Hongkong Telegraph PHOTONEWS

HAPPENINGS AS SEEN BY THE CAMERA'S EYE

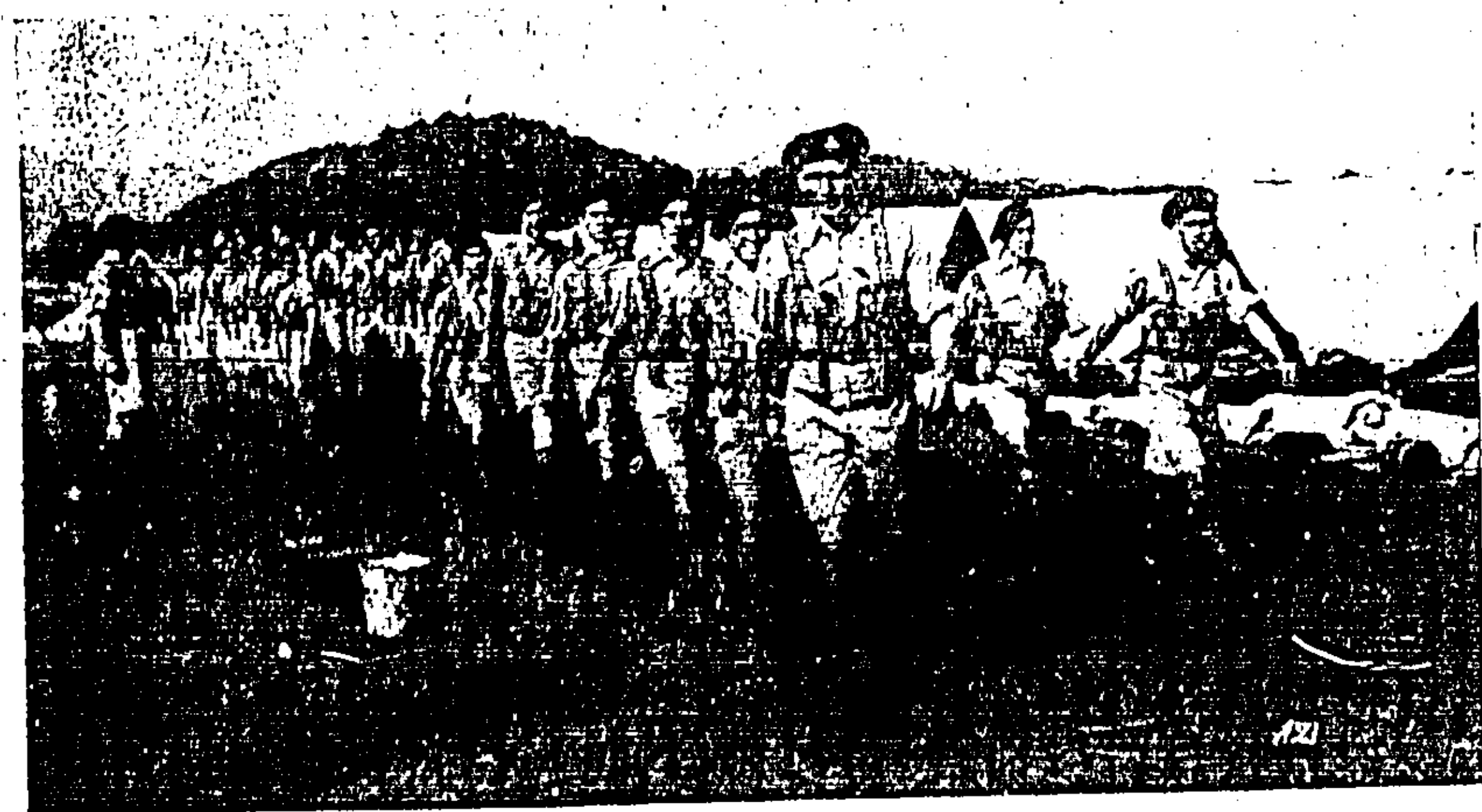
H.K. VOLUNTEERS AT FANLING CAMP



Members of the Mobile Column unit of the Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps standing "at ease" following inspection at the recent camp held last week-end at Fanling.—King's Studio.



A section of the Chinese Company of the H.K.V.D.C. at Fanling Camp last week-end. Note the impressive looking machine guns on right.—King's Studio.



The Mobile Column of the H.K.V.D.C. off their mechanical steeds and on their way to unit inspection and breakfast.—King's Studio.



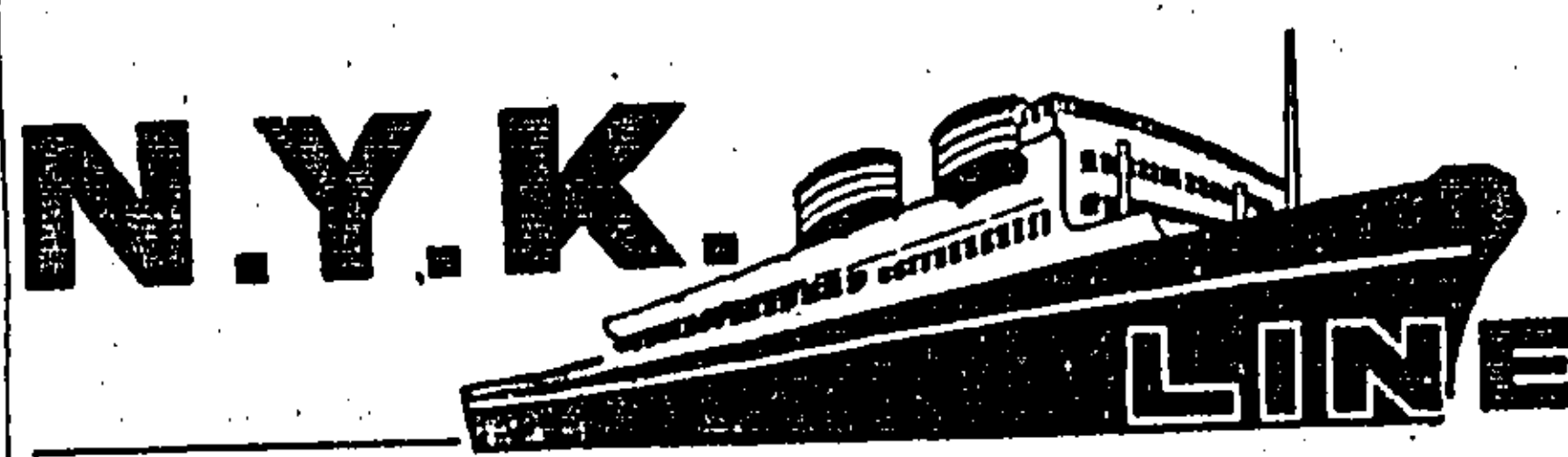
After the Commandant's inspection of the H.K.V.D.C. at Fanling Camp. The Commandant is seen second from right and third from right is Lt. Col. E. J. R. Mitchell. Quartermaster T. Parkinson is on the extreme left.—King's Studio.



The Commandant of the Hospital unit of the H.K.V.D.C. with staff at the Fanling Camp.—King's Studio.



Sunday morning parade instead of spending Sunday morning in bed. These volunteers were up and doing early during the four days camping at Fanling.—King's Studio.



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*Nagara Maru Monday, 21st Nov.

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Los Angeles, Mexico & Balboa to Valparaiso.

Rakuyo Maru Wednesday, 10th Nov.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, NAPLES via Suez.

Husimi Maru Monday, 21st Nov.
Hakozaki Maru Saturday, 3rd Dec.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, Davao, Thursday Island, Brisbane.

Kamo Maru Saturday, 26th Nov.

BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo

*Nagato Maru Saturday, 26th Nov.

RANGOON & CALCUTTA via Singapore

*Toyohshi Maru Saturday, 12th Nov.

Kobe & YOKOHAMA

Terukuni Maru (via Shanghai) Friday, 18th Nov.

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V. M. GRAYBURN, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 8, October, 1938.

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R. A. CAMIDGE, Manager.

Hongkong, 29th June, 1938.

A.R.P. EXAMINATIONS

Mrs. A. Murdoch, Hon. Secretary of the Women's Air Raids Precautions Union, announces that at the examination held at the Helena May Institute by the St. John's Ambulance Brigade, candidates for the following indices qualified for the First Aid Certificate: Mesdames Driscoll, Phillips, Dumon, Purves, Hole, Teversham, Crommelin, Casady, Harvey, Law, Hermans and Garland, and the Misses Burslem, Brewer, Taylor and Buckwell.

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*BANGALORE 6,000 31st Dec. B'bay, M'selles, Havre, L'don.

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*BANGALORE 6,000 26th Nov. Shanghai & Japan.

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U.S. ELECTIONS: HEAVY GAIN BY REPUBLICANS

But Roosevelt Maintains Control of Both Houses

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.

With 58 results outstanding, the state of the parties in the House of Representatives, following the elections, is now:

Democrats	232
Republicans	143
Progressives	2

The Senate results to date are as follows:

Democrats	66
Republicans	23
Farm Labour	2
Progressives	1
Independent Republican	1

Of the new State Governors elected, 11 are Democrats and 16 Republican.—Reuter.

Japanese Push On Changsha

Yunkai Occupation
Now Claimed

CHUNGKING, Nov. 10.
THE JAPANESE ARMY is still pushing on towards Changsha, according to the latest Chinese military communique received here.

The communique states that the Japanese troops advancing along the railway reached Tsengyang, from where the Chinese troops have been withdrawn towards the south after fierce fighting.

Twenty-one Japanese planes released 100 bombs on Hengshan at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, destroying large areas within the city walls, and starting many fires.

Chinese reports place the number of people killed at 200, and still larger numbers wounded.

The large casualty list is attributed to the fact that many of the inhabitants were trapped beneath collapsing houses, or were subsequently burned to death.

A report states that Chinese troops have abandoned Tsao-shih, on the Hankow-Chungking highway, in order to take up new defence positions further west, but according to Chinese despatches the main Japanese forces have not yet entered Tsao-shih.—Reuter.

YUNKAI OCCUPIED

Tokyo, Nov. 10.
The Fujikawa detachment of the Japanese forces driving southward along the Hankow-Canton Railway, at 4 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon completely occupied Yunkai, according to a field dispatch received here.

Yunkai is a strategically important point approximately 12 miles north-east of Yochow, the immediate objective of the Japanese military operations in Hunan Province.

The dispatch adds that the Fujikawa detachment is continuing their drive on Yochow, repulsing the opposing Chinese forces.—Domei.

MAJOR BATTLE

Chungking, Nov. 10.
A major battle is imminent at Moichuan, on the Hunan-Hubei border, where heavy Chinese reinforcements are ready to check the Japanese advance into Hunan province.

Both Tungcheng, 25 miles south-west of Tsungyang and 63 miles east of Yochow, are under attack. (Continued on Page 4.)

Canton Damage Totals Millions

THE FIRST ASSESSMENT of the damage caused to Canton by the great fire has now been received in Hongkong.

It has cost the former Kwangtung capital many millions of dollars.

At least half of the prosperous business centre of the western section of the city has been completely gutted.

In addition, almost the entire city has been looted, either by the Chinese just before and after the city was evacuated, or subsequently by the Japanese.

All big buildings along the Sai Tai Bund, including the Post Office, the Sun Company, the Central Hotel and the Luk Kwok Hotel have been gutted.

The Sai Tai Bund, which was one of the busiest sections of the city proper, is situated just east of Shamone.

Yuenching, Hinglung, Takhing, Chingyuen and Tungling Streets, sites of the famous Thirteen Factories during the early period of foreign trade in Canton, have been gutted.

In the western section of Shop Saan Hong, headquarters of native banks in Canton, and the eastern section of Chuan Mok Lane have been reduced to ashes.

The conflagration spread through Shop Tsat Oi Road and the eastern quarter of Shop Pat Po Road, in the western section.

The centre of Canton's great jewellery trade, Fook Tak Lane and Yung Hong Road, were almost completely gutted.

CANTON A DEAD CITY
Canton is almost entirely deserted. An observer who has just returned to Hongkong states that during 36 hours in the city streets he saw only five derelict Chinese.

Japanese soldiers are patrolling only the main thoroughfares, and are not entering the narrow streets, due to fears of ambushes and sniping.

The Japanese have established their military headquarters on the old site of the Kuomintang Provincial Headquarters in Tungchuen Road in Tungshan, eastern part of the city. Honam, across the Pearl River, is in a state of complete chaos. Looters are not yet under control, owing to the fact that the Japanese have made no attempt to police the island.

A. A. GUNFIRE

Anti-Aircraft Firing Practice will be carried out from the vicinity of Taiwanlau (near Clearwater Bay) between the hours of 9 a.m. and 9 p.m. to-day.

Chinese Warship Claimed As Japanese Capture

SHANGHAI, Nov. 10.

The Chinese warship Yungcheng was captured by Japanese forces near Hsintai, about 30 miles below Yochow on the Yangtze River at 3.40 on Tuesday, a Japanese naval communique announced at 4.00 p.m. on Wednesday.

According to the communique, the Japanese Yangtze fleet advanced past Loshan, only 20 miles downstream from Yochow, and suppressing the Chinese forces on both banks of the river is at present pressing hard on Yochow.

Part of the naval landing forces assisted the Army forces in mopping up remnants of Chinese troops in the city of Hsintai on Tuesday, the communique adds.—Domei.



THE NEW P. & O. LINER CANTON berthed at Kowloon wharf. The Canton arrived in Hongkong yesterday on her maiden voyage to the Far East.

HOUSE OF COMMONS

"H.K. and War," By Lloyd George

LONDON, Nov. 9.

TAKING PART IN the House of Commons debate to-day, Mr. David Lloyd-George, after pleading for more light on how the Government was going to attain peace, complained that there had always been a complete surrender to the dictators and their most extreme demands.

In China they had surrendered far more than Japan had ever demanded when she began her Chinese policy. "We have no policy" added Mr. Lloyd-George. The news last night, continued the speaker, was that Japan's armies had announced their intention to march right to the boundaries of Burma. For the first time they are right on our frontier, a great, aggressive, military empire, commanding millions of soldiers.

"It is a very grave event for the British Empire," said Mr. Lloyd-George.

"We have troubles which have been referred to by Sir Stafford Cripps. Troubles which revealed discontent with the concessions made to their demands for greater concessions for independence. "And there is this military empire, with its millions marching right up to the borders of that great Eastern Empire of ours, and we have no policy that I can see, of any sort or kind in regard to that tremendous situation in the Far East."

SHAM WITHDRAWAL

Mr. Lloyd-George criticised the conclusion of the Anglo-Italian pact. The withdrawals of volunteers which had taken place were practically a sham as vital materials were not removed. Even the pact which the Government had entered into at Munich had been disregarded, and further aggressions had been committed.

"It isn't merely unconditional surrenders, but it is giving a free hand in all these cases—East, West, and Africa."

Mr. Lloyd-George spoke of the uneasiness of the country about their meetings with the great dictators who were some of the most astute and most daring men they had ever had to encounter. Re-armament in itself added a good deal to the disquiet. There was a feeling that they could not altogether trust the Government in negotiations with two of the most ruthless rulers in the world.

Discussing re-armament, Mr. Lloyd-George said he recognised the necessity under present conditions to make themselves ready and strong, but "general disarmament in going to be the real test of any peace" they could make. Herr Hitler had said:

"The fundamental mistake of the Government's policy, in his judgment, was that it was a party to (Continued on Page 4.)"

ARABS AND WOODHEAD REPORT

Willing For Peace If
Satisfactory

JERUSALEM, Nov. 9.

British political circles that even after publication of the Woodhead Commission report, which is expected to-day, there would be no calming down of the political situation in Palestine, because the Arab leaders were personally interested in the continuance of disturbances, was hotly denied by leading Arabs in an interview.

It was stated that a normal situation would soon be restored if London came to a satisfactory conclusion, but if not, fighting would certainly be continued.

As to the British statement that there was no responsible man competent to act as a recognised negotiator for all Arabs, this state of affairs, it was claimed, was due to English terrorist methods.—Trans-Ocean.

WOODHEAD COMMISSION PALESTINE REPORT

London, Nov. 9.
In the course of a preliminary statement on the Palestine Commission's report, the Jewish Agency says that having broken up the existing national home, the Commission proceeds to abolish the Balfour Declaration, and the Jewish national home provisions of the mandate, as far as the 1920th of western Palestine is concerned.

The Agency declares that there can be no question of the report serving as a basis for negotiations between Jews and Arabs, or between the Jewish Agency and the British Government.

After stating that the neighbouring Arab states have no special status regarding Palestine, the statement concludes:

"The Agency can be a party to (Continued on Page 4.)"

Paris Starts Armistice Eve Celebrations

PARIS, Nov. 10.

ON THE EVE of the twentieth anniversary of Armistice day, all of France and all of her colonies, commenced a series of ceremonial celebrations to commemorate a peace that has endured for almost a quarter of a century and give thanks that still another twelve months have passed without a major war on the Continent.

Commencing with torch light processions in every town and hamlet throughout the country to-night, the most imposing and spectacular event will come to-morrow morning when president Albert Lebrun, surrounded by the entire French cabinet, members of Parliament and the diplomatic corps, will observe a one minute silence facing the unknown soldier's tomb from a flag decked stand under the arches of the Arc de Triomphe and then review an imposing parade of the best French Army possesses.

At eleven o'clock sharp when the signal is given by cannon shot the President will bow his head with those surrounding him in a minute's silence while thousands packing every approach to the great Arc and the broad, soldier-lined Champs-Elysees will stand in reverent silence and give mute thanks for the peace that yet remains.

The unusual events which have just taken place in a Europe which narrowly avoided another war will make this a particularly impressive ceremony. And when the squadrons representing every branch of France's fighting might and war-veterans with tattered regimental flags carried in the last war file past the gathered crowds thoughts of gratitude will not be dissociated from the forces which remain as a guarantee that peace may yet be maintained.

SYMBOLIC FLAMES

Early to-morrow symbolic flames from every province and the colonies will arrive at different railway stations where they will be received by a military escort and conducted to the Invalides where they will be kept until the impressive ceremony of relighting the flame over the unknown soldier's tomb is held to-morrow night at 11.30 p.m.

Because this is the twentieth anniversary of the "peace fire" signal at the end of the "war to end wars" and because it follows so closely on the most troubled period Europe has experienced since the last catastrophic conflict, more attention than ever before has been devoted to the arrangements of the public and private ceremonies which will mark November 11.

Minister of Pensions, Champetier de Ribes, as the titular head of the War Veterans' organisations, headed the committee which made all arrangements for the three days' ceremonies which begin to-night with the torch light Parades and will continue until Saturday night when the fountains at Versailles palace will be illuminated and there will be a huge fireworks display over the Seine in Paris. Also, to-night, to-morrow and Sunday night special theatrical and other public programmes will be devoted to the Armistice ceremonies. The outstanding day, however, will be to-morrow.

CROWDS CONVERGE

At an early hour in the morning crowds will begin converging around the Arc de Triomphe and along the Champs Elysees while reserve officers and wounded veterans will go to the Invalides to become flag bearers for the 250 regimental flags of contingents which participated in the war that brought the peace being observed. These stained and tattered standards will be carried in military formation from the Invalides up the Champs-Elysees to the Arc escorted by an infantry battalion and a cavalry squadron to be moved against the President's stand.

GRAND MILITARY PARADE

Immediately after the parade an immense crowd will converge on the Arc de Triomphe where the 250 regimental flags of contingents which participated in the war that brought the peace being observed will be carried in military formation from the Invalides up the Champs-Elysees to the Arc escorted by an infantry battalion and a cavalry squadron to be moved against the President's stand. The parade will be followed by a military band and a detachment of the 1st Cavalry Division, mounted on white horses, will lead the parade. The parade will be followed by a military band and a detachment of the 1st Cavalry Division, mounted on white horses, will lead the parade. The parade will be followed by a military band and a detachment of the 1st Cavalry Division, mounted on white horses, will lead the parade. (Continued on Page 4.)

Mass Air Terror In Interior

Many Towns Are
Bombed

CHUNGKING, Nov. 10.

JAPANESE BOMBERS continued their wanton attacks on a number of open cities in Hunan and Kiangsi yesterday, exacting a heavy civilian toll and reducing large areas to ruins.

Hengshan and Hengyang, respectively 80 miles and 192 miles south-east of Changsha in Hunan, which were ruthlessly bombed on Tuesday, were subjected to further raids yesterday.

Hengshan was raided in the morning by nine planes which dumped over 10 missiles in the western outskirts. Nanyossu, an old temple there, was completely demolished.

Shortly afterwards, 18 Japanese machines, in two squadrons, passed over Hengshan, and broke into Hengyang. They concentrated its attacks on the railway station and the vicinity, dropping about 70 bombs.

Chinese anti-aircraft batteries opened up on the raiders, forcing them to break formation and fly away shortly afterwards.

In the afternoon, six Japanese bombers again raided Hengshan, unloading a number of bombs inside the (Continued on Page 4.)

LATE NEWS

QUINS OPERATION SUCCESSFUL

Callander, Ontario, Nov. 9.
The Dianne Quins have been successfully operated on for the removal of their tonsils and adenoids.—Reuter.

MARCHIONESS IS SMUGGLERS' DUPE

'£10,000 in Her Mattress'

ROME. The English-born Marchesa Godi di Godio, who was arrested at the frontier recently on her way to France, may be the victim of a gang of currency smugglers.

War scares and the exodus of Jews from Italy have increased this type of smuggling to fantastic proportions.

The system employed has been to place a specially prepared mattress of banknotes under the ordinary mattress of a sleeping berth.

Mattress after mattress of notes is being discovered, and in many cases the occupant of the berth is completely innocent of the smuggled wealth on which he may be peacefully sleeping until roused by police searchers.

In this way, it is suggested, the 45-year-old Marchesa, formerly well known in British hunting circles as Miss Violet Kay, found herself in the police net.

A million lire (about £10,000) and a small fortune in English and American dollars were found neatly sewn quilt-fashion under her mattress on the Rome express en route for Paris.

The Marchesa protested that she knew nothing about the notes, but it is reported that she has been sent to the women's prison in Rome, pending a smuggling charge.

One of the best-known women in Rome society, she is a personal friend of the Royal Family and of Signor Mussolini's family.

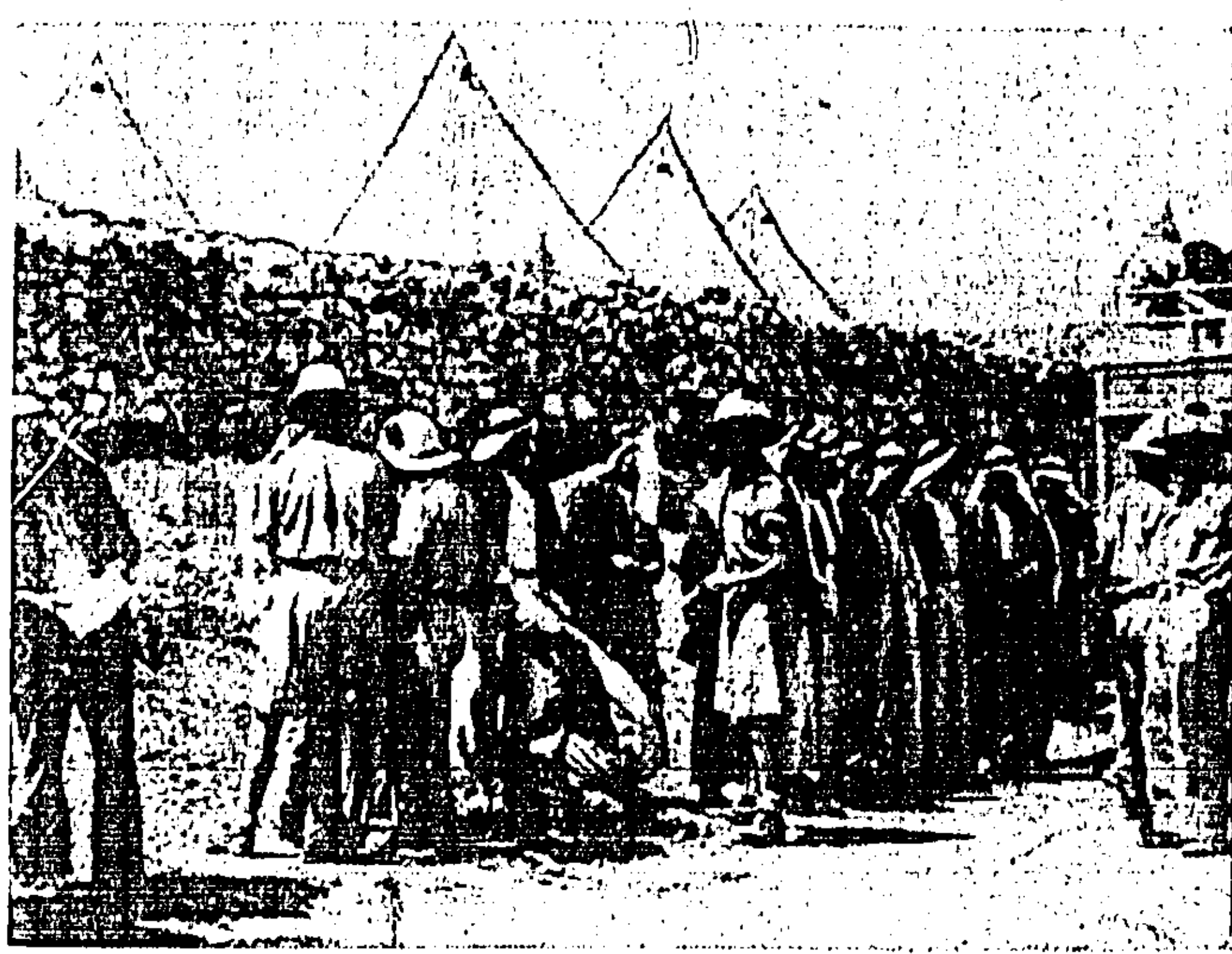
Noted for her horsemanship, she has several times won the Mussolini Amazon Cup at the Rome international annual jumping competition.

It is feared that many others in high positions may be involved, or at least have taken advantage of the international gang which is undertaking the smuggling. Newspapers emphasize that those caught will be given "exemplary punishment."

Evidence of the gang's activities was described by a British Embassy official who had just arrived from the frontier.

"At Modane," he said, "I was routed out of my bed by officials, who explained, 'We are very sorry and we don't suspect you of anything, but you may be the victim of some body else's criminal work. We have got to examine your bed. They searched all over the compartment.'"

The Marchesa di Godio's father was Mr. Frederick H. Kay, formerly of Ely Grange, Grant, near Tunbridge Wells, but the family left that neighbourhood in 1899.



Britain's administration of Palestine affairs provides plenty for British soldiers to do, because of the near-warfare between Arabs and Jews. Here, British soldiers line up a busload of Arabs near Jerusalem and search them for weapons.

COLONIES "MAY BE SACRIFICED"

A warning that Mr. Chamberlain might be willing to surrender Tanganyika, former German colony, to the Nazis, was voiced recently by Lord Francis Scott.

Lord Francis, who is leader of the European elected members in the Kenya Legislature, declared in a letter to the *East African Standard*, that Tanganyika was a vital factor in the future of the Empire in Africa.

"Unfortunately," he added, "many of our fellow-countrymen in Britain do not realise this fact, and what is much more serious, the Prime Minister has never been willing to commit himself definitely.

"With his present policy of determination to be friends with Hitler, all costs there is danger that he might propose to sacrifice to East Africans, however incredible it may seem, unless sufficient and strong opposition is voiced in good time."

Meanwhile, significant details of the tightening up of Nazi control of Germany in Tanganyika have been published in *East Africa and Rhodesia*.

The paper points out that during the past two years a surprising number of cheerful young German missionaries, all of them remarkably good mechanics, have entered the colony.

Nearly every incoming German settler, the paper says, is a Nazi protégé from the time he sets foot in Tanganyika, when his immigration deposit is paid, directly or indirectly, by the German authorities.

"TOO FRIENDLY"

"There can be no doubt that without the monthly subsidy from the German Government a high percentage of the farmers would be destitute; experienced planters are agreed that in one locality not more than one German in ten has a really self-supporting estate."

"Whatever may be their real personal sympathies or inclinations, German settlers in Tanganyika have, practically without exception, to be subservient to the Nazi Party, and most of them are dependent upon its various kinds of dole."

Recently, the paper adds, the local manager of an important German company operating in this country was superseded by a keen young Nazi sent out from Berlin with no previous knowledge of East Africa.

"The German predecessor, it was said by other Germans, was summarily recalled to Germany for the moral turpitude of being too friendly."

COURT GUNMAN SENTENCED DOCTOR CONSIDERS HIM INSANE

WOUNDED MAN WHO "GRINNED AT ME"

Sentence of four years' penal servitude was passed at the Old Bailey recently on Richard Harrison Henriques, 24, the coloured engineering student, who fired three shots in Clerkenwell police court on September 5.

Henriques was found not guilty of attempted murder, but guilty of wounding Ouldip Moore with intent to do grievous bodily harm. He was also found guilty of shooting at two other men with a similar intent, and of possessing a pistol with intent to endanger life.

After the verdict had been given, Div. Det-Insp. Hatton said that when Henriques was 11 months old he lost the sight of one eye in an accident. Since then he had been subject to uncontrollable fits of temper. In 1933 he drew a revolver to shoot a man at Kingston, Jamaica.

Dr. Grierson, Medical Officer of Brixton Prison, said that he considered Henriques insane.

Mr. Justice Hawke: I must treat him as sane. If what you have said is true he will be certified in prison.

"INSULTED AND SLANDERED"

Opening the case for the prosecution, Mr. L. A. Byrne said that Henriques went into the witness-box at Clerkenwell to give evidence against three men whom he had summoned for assault. The magistrate dismissed the summons, and ordered Henriques to give evidence against the three men.

One shot passed through a board being used by the warrant-officer just as he was writing the word "dismissed." Another pierced the door of the solicitors' box; the third went through a partition at the back of the solicitors' box and then entered Moore's leg.

Seized by the police, Henriques struggled violently and tried to get his hand in his rancorous pocket, in which was a truncheon fitted with three blades and 17 cartridges.

In a statement made by Henriques he said he came from Jamaica 20 months ago, and went into lodgings which were frequented by West Africans. Moore and the other two men insulted and slandered him, and decided to summon them.

"When I heard the magistrate dismiss the summons," the alleged statement continued, "I could stand it no longer. I fired at the three and was arrested."

STREET INCIDENT

Henriques, in the witness-box, repeated that he had been insulted by Moore and his two companions, Alakija and Coker.

On one occasion, he said, Coker molested him in the road. "He used such language to me as would cause a worm to squirm. I would have flogged him, but Moore went to his assistance. Then Coker and I were arrested. I was humiliated."

Describing the scene in court, Henriques said that as soon as the summons was dismissed Moore "grinned at me in a most taunting manner, after wrecking my life."

"The pistol he had taken round Soho the night before for protection and had forgotten to remove it from his pocket. He also carried the truncheon for protection."

"TORTURED FOR MONTHS"

"I drew the pistol," he added, "and, without thinking, I did what could not be helped. I had been suffering torture for months and I could not control myself."

Mr. Byrne: Why did you buy this pistol?—As a protection against falling below a certain intellectual and moral level.

What do you mean?—By ceasing to live.

Were your shots in court one bullet for each man?—Yes.

Mr. Ashe Lincoln, defending, said that all the shots were fired low. They were the shots of a wildly excited man who had no intention to kill or injure the three men. He submitted that the verdict should be one of unlawful wounding only.

George Lane Going Crazy 6 Times Over

"Oyl I'm going crazy," said actor George Lane recently, and stark, staring crazy he went.

It was a purely temporary insanity, lasting only so long as he was understudying Bud Flanagan on the London Palladium stage. But the wonder of it is that actor George Lane has not gone permanently incurably crazy, for his job in life is to understudy the whole Crazy Gang—all six of them.

When Flanagan returns to "These Foolish Things," with only his own part in the general craziness to worry about, Mr. Lane has to be prepared, at a moment's notice, to take over the part of Flanagan or Allen, Nervo or Knox, Naughton or Gold, should any of the six be unable to appear.

OFF-STAGE TRICKS

Nor is that all there is to it; the Crazy Gang do not confine their antics to the stage, and as their understudy George Lane is the headiest butt for their practical jokes.

"They're great boys, all six of them," he said, "but some of the things they do are enough to drive one crazy."

"When I'm understudying one of them," he said, "the rest of the Gang seem to go crazier than ever, at my expense. Not I that mind; it makes it all the easier to enter into the crazy spirit."

"But I get my own back sometimes. One night, when I was appearing as Gold in 'London Rhapsody,' they would not let me get a word in.

"I thought the audience might be wondering what I was doing there at all, so I surmised, 'I'm only the understudy; they won't let me say a word.' It fetched a laugh, the Gang played up to it, and it remained as one of my regular lines."

"During the run of 'O.K. for Sound,' I had to take the place of Nervo. Four of the Gang came into my dressing-room and persuaded me to let them make me up, saying they wanted to give Naughton a surprise."

"It was I who got the surprise; they gave me a blue beard and a red nose in indelible dye, which, look me two days and two nights to remove. After the performance the Gang went home in their cars, I had to go on the top of a bus."

Hooked Octopus Fights Back

Santa Cruz, Cal. Sammy Pennington, while fishing with a headline from a barge, caught a 50-pound octopus which, at once engaged the boat in battle. It seized the gunwales in its tentacles with such a grip that they had to be cut off.

Choosing Girl 'Terrier' Chiefs

Reports on the response to the call for women volunteers were gathered into the Women's Voluntary Services headquarters in Tottenham, London, last night, from all parts of great Britain during the close of last month.

Under the leadership of Lady Reading, the W.V.S. has set out to enrol 50,000 women for A.R.P. work.

"Women are answering our call in hundreds, but we want thousands," Mrs. Benn, the W.V.S. Public Relations Officer, said.

Volunteers are needed between the ages of 17 and 65. More than 50 different kinds of work are open to them—cooks, typists, clerks, lecturers, advisers, instructors, and canteen staff.

Women who wish to volunteer should write to the Women's Voluntary Services, Queen Anne's Chambers, 41, Tottenham Court Road, N.W.

The crises week saw a jump in the figures of recruits to the Women's Auxiliary Territorial Service. In homes all over the country young women whose brothers or husbands are in the Regular or Territorial Arms have followed their example and joined up.

Officials at the War Office are busy choosing officers for important ranks. The highest ranks have already been filled, and the chosen Chief Commandant of the City of London is Lady Trenchard.

BLACK WATCH PILGRIMAGE

The Black Watch Association have arranged a pilgrimage to the battlefields of Belgium and France from August 10 to 20 next year, in memory of over 8,000 officers and men of the regiment who gave their lives in the Great War, and also to commemorate the bicentenary of the formation of the Black Watch from the old independent companies of Highlanders.

Among those who will accompany the pilgrimage are Lieut.-Colonel C. D. Bruce, C.B., R.A.M.C. (T.A.), Perth (as Medical Officer), and the Rev. William Hamilton, M.M., M.A., Aberdeen (as chaplain). An official interpreter will also travel. Arrangements have been made for those participating to leave Aberdeen, Perth, Dundee, Glasgow, and Edinburgh.

"HENRY V." OFF AFTER 2½ WEEKS' RUN

Ivor Novello's production of "Henry V." was withdrawn from Drury Lane Theatre recently after a run of only two and a half weeks. This was Mr. Novello's first appearance in Shakespeare, and the production, in which Dorothy Dickson and Gwen Frangon Davies also appeared, was on a spectacular scale.

It had been hoped to run the production until it was time to prepare for the Christmas pantomime. "Neither my partner, Tom Arnold, nor I regret having put on this production," Mr. Novello said. "We feel we made a good job of a great drama—but unfortunately a greater drama was going on in the outside world."

"Now that it is over we cannot rely on people wanting to see any more than they have during the past week—a martial play in which the thought is mostly of fighting, however fine that play may be."

This is the second short run at Drury Lane this year. "The Sun Never Sets," a musical adaptation of Edgar Wallace's "Sanders of the River" tales was taken off after only one month's run.

The Lane management stated that they have no definite plans as yet for an attraction between now and Christmas.

Hongkong's Trade

The booming trade which Hongkong has been experiencing because of the war in China looks like receiving a serious check with the closing of the river between Hongkong and Canton, says the *Evening Standard*.

Practically all the trade between the two cities passed along the river. Only a relatively small amount went by the Canton-Kowloon Railway.

Trapped in Flue

Called by a passer-by who had heard cries for help, police recently found a man wedged in the chimney of an amusement saloon in High-street, Kingsland, E.

They summoned the fire brigade, who released him only after breaking down part of a wall and sawing through an eight-inch joist. He was taken to hospital and later to Old-street police station.

EMPIRE NEWS

LABOUR CONDITIONS IN UGANDA

Kampala. The Report of the Committee of Inquiry, appointed nearly a year ago to investigate the labour situation in Uganda, has just been published.

Although the potential manpower of the Protectorate provides a considerable excess of unskilled labour, it is not easy to obtain sufficient numbers for Government work, planting, mining and cotton-ginning.

Uganda's huge cotton crop is grown almost entirely by native farmers, who need hired labour at certain seasons of the year. The local native, however, is able to obtain all his simple needs as a peasant producer, and wage-earning is an alien form of life.

The report recommends that a wage-earning class should be encouraged. Such a class will tend to become entirely divorced from the land and dependent upon its wages.

Conditions of employment must therefore be sufficiently attractive to compete with the income which the ordinary peasant can obtain by growing crops on his homestead.

The committee also recommends the establishment of rural social centres, the development of education on such lines as to inculcate a respect for manual work and a comprehensive system of workmen's compensation.

At present unskilled labour in the neighbourhood of Kampala is paid at the rate of 14s per month without food.

SOUTH AFRICA

INDUSTRIALIST ON TRADE OUTLOOK

Cape Town. Mr. J. F. Fahey, chairman of the South African Board of Trade and Industries, rejects the suggestion that there is an economic depression in South Africa.

"We can congratulate ourselves," says Mr. Fahey, "that we have only a shadow and not a depression. You have the globular figures of production and employment. I do not think that with this little halt there is any ground for depression."

Non-European Status.—At the Mission Conference in Bloemfontein of the Federated Dutch Reformed Churches in South Africa a resolution was passed supporting separate dwelling areas and separate schools and colleges for Europeans and non-Europeans, and opposing mixed marriages.

Anti-Sedition Laws.—Far-reaching laws for the Protectorates of Basutoland, Bechuanaland and Swaziland have been promulgated to deal with sedition.

NEW ZEALAND

FRIENDLY SOCIETIES' FEARS

Auckland. The Secretary of the Council of Friendly Societies stated recently that the Government's Social Security Bill strikes at the root of the societies' activities.

The benefits of the societies, through direct membership and the dependants of members, affected 300,000 men, women and children. With the passage of the bill, said the secretary, the societies had now lost a valuable recruiting ground, because of the absence of incentive to young persons to become members.

The Social Security Bill provides for universal free health benefits, insurance and superannuation. A pension of 30s a week is, with certain exceptions, to be paid to both sexes at 60.

WEST INDIES

ROYAL COMMISSION'S PLANS

Nassau. The Hon. Muriel Guinness, son of Lord Moyne, arrived here recently in his father's yacht *Rosaura*. He sails tomorrow for Pensacola, Florida, where his father will join him, and from there to Jamaica to meet the other members of the Royal Commission which is to investigate social and economic conditions in the West Indies.

Lord Moyne is chairman of the Commission, the other members being Sir Reginald Stubbs, Sir Walter Clifton, Mr. Ralph Ashton, Dame Rachel Crowdy, Mr. Morgan Jones, Mr. Hubert D. Henderson, Sir Percy Graham Mackinnon, and Dr. Mary Blacklock.

It is probable that the *Rosaura* will be used for some of the journeys, made by members of the Commission, between the islands of the West Indies.

CANADA

FOREST FIRE DEATHS

Montreal. The death toll in the forest fire which has been raging over an area of 700 square miles in Ontario and Minnesota, now totals 21. It is believed that the force, numbering 5,000, which is fighting the fire, has gained control.

There is promise of rain and the wind has moderated.

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- R020343—Old Tree.
- R020328—Fagilacel Prologue.
- R020318—Smile for Me.
- R020316—Simple Little Melody.
- R020316—Serenade from "Student Prince".
- R020316—Roses of Picardy.

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A.R.P. PROFITEERING TO BE STOPPED

Home Office Calls Prices Conference

Prices of A.R.P. materials, which jumped as much as 500 per cent. at the peak of the crisis, are to be considered by a conference of contractors called by the Home Office.

Manufacturers are to assist the Government in avoiding a repetition of this retail profiteering, which has left municipal authorities with fabulous bills.

The iron and steel trades have a manufacturers' controlling board to fix prices. These boards are now investigating the inflated charges of certain merchants for their materials.

The Home Office conference will decide on a uniform list of prices, and trade unions are ready to adjust their labour charges to the new figures.

"There were some shocking examples of overcharging in the retail trade," Mr. W. T. Cocks, borough treasurer and accountant of Barking, said.

"Retailers were to blame—they took advantage of large orders when there was no time for considering tenders. In our case, the price of corrugated iron for anti-bomb trenches rose from £21 per ton to £27."

Sandbag prices in Essex rose in one day from 2½d. to 10d. In parts of Yorkshire the cost of timber shot up by £3 a standard.

Some authorities have already paid these bills. Others are waiting for the Government to save them a substantial sum of money.

RECRUITING DRIVE

Authorities all over the country are asking for recruits to fill the gaps which the crisis revealed in A.R.P. and this week recruiting schemes will be debated at many council meetings.

On Saturday appeals were broadcast to football crowds for recruits for the Auxiliary Fire Service and the volunteer ambulance service.

The London fire service wants 30,000 to serve as firemen, telephoneists, and car drivers, and the ambulance service needs 5,000 women to drive emergency ambulances.

Authorities fear that with the passing of the crisis the question of defence precautions will sink into the background in people's minds.

LOVE FILMS BORE CHILDREN

Children's tastes in the cinema run entirely to action, thrill and adventure—they are bored by love stories. The Hon. Eleanor Plumer, Governor of the British Film Institute, expressed this view at the Cinema Christian Council Conference at Lambeth Palace recently.

"Right must triumph in children's films because the children's sense of justice is very strong indeed," she said.

"The death of the villain is not looked on as a painful event but as the tidying up of the world and leaving more space for other people." A high Home Office official and leading psychologist, she added, shared the view that crime and gangster films were not likely to develop criminal tendencies in those who saw them.

FOUR HOURS A WEEK

Children who invited adult strangers to take them into cinemas to see "A" category films were a problem. Some even wore the clothes of elder brothers or sisters to persuade the person at the booking office that they were 16.

Dr. J. E. Smart said that 23 million people (half the population of Britain) spent four hours a week in the cinema.

An inquiry by the British Film Institute showed that the girl of today had learnt from the film how to behave at table.

DOCTOR LOSES "KISS" APPEAL

Dr. C. Bernard Kelly, of Guy-street, Bath, lost his appeal at Bath Quarter Sessions recently against a £2 fine for assaulting his housemaid 10-years-old Marie Fineson, by kissing her.

The Recorder, Mr. R. P. Croom-Johnson, K.C., said he was satisfied with the young woman's evidence, and added: "I cannot accept the evidence of the appellant."

He added that he was not satisfied with the evidence of the doctor's wife that the girl was imaginative about sex matters.

The Recorder expressed the hope that before whomsoever Dr. Kelly should hereafter be examined, they would find it possible to consider whether the publicity and his decision had not been punishment enough.

Mrs. Kelly, in the witness-box, said that she and her husband were the greatest of friends.

BIGGER CROPS AND APPETITES

By L. F. EASTERBROOK

The annual report of the Potato Marketing Board, published recently, shows how much the potato growers, at any rate, have to gain from this system of collective security.

For, despite a very difficult season, when supplies exceeded 4,000,000 tons for the first time since 1934, and when the freak weather of last spring caused a serious falling off in demand throughout March, prices, although about 35s. per ton lower than in the previous year, kept remarkably steady until the middle of April.

After that they shot up about 70s. per ton for three weeks and ended in June at about last year's level. The lower prices have meant that consumers could buy on an average 7lb. of potatoes in the past season for about 6½d., compared with 7½d. the year before.

It is interesting to note that although national production was 244,000 tons greater in 1938 than in 1937 the stocks in hand last June (71,000 tons) were 14,000 tons fewer than in June, 1937.

So the increased supply has been brought into consumption.

SPAIN A BUYER

When growers were tumbling over one another to sell in the early part of the past season, the Board stepped in to steady the market and offered to buy at a guaranteed price.

Altogether they bought 26,850 tons, of which they sold 4,931 tons to Spain.

The remainder was released in May, and helped to keep down the steep rise in prices that would have been even greater had these potatoes not been available for release at that time.

TELL-TALE PRICE GRAPHS

It has not been a rosy year for growers, and it proves that even organisation under a Marketing Board cannot entirely insulate them against the results of supplies in excess of requirements, especially since the Board has no control over sales.

Financial stringency, local rumour, cost of storage and need to release labour for other farm-work are all factors that encourage the rush to sell early in a bumper season.

But study of the series of price graphs in this report suggests that some producers might still gain financially by having a little more confidence in the increased stability of their industry that has come about by organised marketing.

CANNED POTATOES

More research work has been carried out with potatoes not wanted for human consumption.

The organised manufacturers of glucose have expressed a desire to co-operate with the Board.

High class canned potatoes are now being turned out, and the War Office has given a trial order for 500 tons of them, while a canning firm is doing good business exporting them.

Experiments are being made in drying potatoes in factories that are only open seasonally for such other purposes as drying grass, lucerne, chicory and the by-products of brewing.

FALL KILLS "EMERALD SISTER"

While staying in her sister's house, at Thames Ditton, Mrs. Eileen Rosina McConnell (67), of Lambeth Road, Brixton Hill, fell and died from a fractured skull.

At the inquest at Esher recently, a verdict of "Accidental death" was recorded.

Mrs. McConnell and her sister Norah, widow of Will Evans, were the original "Emerald Sisters" of the music hall. Another sister, Mrs. Stanley Lupino (Connie Emerald), who is in Hollywood.

ELLY O'DARE

"Mrs. McConnell's stage name was Elly O'Dare," Mr. Stanley Lupino, the actor, said.

"She was a singer and was regarded as a very quick dancer."

"She married Mr. Charles McConnell and became one of the McConnells."

"Her son, Mr. Charles J. McConnell, is stage director at the Victoria Palace Theatre."



Recent orders issued in England called for distribution of more than 35,000,000 gas masks stored in 11 cities, following a week-end in which millions of persons were fitted for the masks. Here are three girls in the select Wembley Hill school, in London, receiving fittings for the masks. Children and adults alike were measured. Elsewhere, policemen went from door to door with instructions on how to darken windows in air-raid blackouts.

Terriers To Be Taught By Post

Correspondence courses to train Territorial Army officers for staff duties under Mr. Hore-Belisha's new scheme to bring the "Terrier" organisation more into line with that of the Regular Army, were announced by the War Office recently.

Fifty captains or senior lieutenants will be trained annually to fill staff appointments in the event of mobilisation.

As Territorial Army officers who have civil occupations cannot easily live at the staff college, it has been arranged to train them in the theory of staff work in their own homes.

Selected officers will be sent over a period of nine months a series of lectures on subjects they are required to study. They will be set papers to write and will be given tactical and administrative problems to solve.

SAME STANDARD

The lectures, papers, and problems will be prepared under the direction of the Commandant, Staff College, Camberley, thus ensuring the same standard as in the Regular Army.

Correction and criticism of the papers, and answering of questions put by officers taking the course, will be carried out by the staffs of commands.

After the theoretical side has been mastered, there will be a two-weeks practical course at the Staff College during August, after which officers will be placed as having qualified or otherwise.

In the event of mobilisation, short refresher courses will be arranged at the Staff College for qualified officers, after which they will be available for staff appointments.

LIFE SAVED BY VIPER'S VENOM

Haemophilia Victim

Sheffield.

By the application to his tongue of a preparation made from the venom of deadly vipers, the life of a Sheffield man who was choking to death has been saved in the City General Hospital.

He is Walter Woodbine, 41, of Walkley-street, Sheffield, who is said to be a descendant of Fletcher Christian, the leader of the Bounty mutineers.

Mr. Woodbine suffers from haemophilia, a condition of the blood which prevents it from clotting and which renders its victims liable to bleed to death should they cut themselves.

When Mr. Woodbine bit his tongue in falling from a ladder, bleeding inside the tongue caused it to swell to many times its normal size and block the air passage.

He was taken to the hospital, where the "viper venom" was applied by means of a swab to the tip of his tongue. The bleeding stopped and the swelling diminished.

Although Mr. Woodbine has recovered sufficiently to talk with difficulty, he is still unable to eat and can take only iced water.

The venom may mean death to ordinary persons because it causes their blood to clot, but on account of this property it is beneficial to sufferers from haemophilia.

There have been several previous cases of its successful application to such patients.

Champion Eats 48 Eggs

Wickford, R. I.

Louis Tillmanghast claims to be Rhode Island's egg-eating champion, and to prove it he downed four champion, and eggs—without losing a yolk—at the annual carnival of the Rhode Island Egg-eating Society, of Narragansett.

REDTAPE PUT BREAKS ON WORLD RIDE

"In a world bicycle tour of 26,000 miles, the biggest obstacle I met with was red tape."

So Allan Pendlebury, aged twenty-six, said recently when he arrived home at Victoria-street, Wigan.

He had been round the world on a bicycle and three words. These were "bread," "water," and "sleep."

"I learned the native equivalent for these through every country I passed," said Pendlebury, "and I found they worked perfectly."

"With £200 and a light bike I started from West Ealing two years ago and actually rode 26,000 miles, counting nothing for sea trips."

"The biggest obstacle I came up against was not the Italian police nor the Persian brigands who attacked me with knives, but red tape."

"I found a world full of people who have next to nothing to do and make a terrible fuss about doing it."

"The British are not the worst sinners in this respect but they are bad enough."

CONQUERED DESERT

"British roads, however, are the best in the world, no matter what you have heard to the contrary. The worst are the semi-desert tracks."

"They told me at Baghdad that I was the first white man to cross the desert on a bicycle. For the last few miles of the journey it seemed doubtful whether I would be the first for these were done in a terrific storm."

"Friendly Arabs with cars offered to pick me up and the bike as well, but I was determined to finish the job myself."

"It has been a marvellous experience. People spend fortunes on giving their children a university education. I learned more in six months' travel than I learned at the university."

CASTLE AS SCHOOL

Offer To Scots Education Committee

Learning How To Produce Necessities Of Life

Sir Daniel and Lady Hamilton of Balmacara, Ross-shire, have offered Duernag Castle, Plockton, to Ross-shire Education Committee for use as a school for the practical education of young people. The committee have remitted the matter to a special committee.

Sir Daniel, in a letter read to the Education Committee, stated that the castle and outbuildings were all ready for a start. The existing buildings could accommodate young people. In short, Duernag might follow the lines of the Danish Folk Schools. Such a training institute, he added, was badly needed, especially in the Western Highlands. A similar system was in operation on their property in India. That system included farming, gardening, and building, to which could be added weaving and navigation. If a man grew his food he need never be in rags; if he could build a cottage he would be weather-proof.

These necessities of life could all be provided at Duernag. The young people could be taught how to become more or less self-supporting and independent of all the world. The shore gravel on the estate made first-class concrete for building, and a hand machine for making bricks was available on the spot. Boat-building might accompany navigation, and there was plenty of good larch wood available for this purpose.

The training of girls, added the letter, could also be carried on at Duernag, such as milking, looking after poultry, spinning, besides cooking and other branches of domestic science.

The Director of Education, in a letter to Sir Daniel Hamilton, expressed appreciation of the proposals, agreeing wholeheartedly with the views as to the desirability of a rural technical centre to fit young people for life in acrofting community.

The Rev. J. G. Nicolson, Fodder, chairman of the Committee, said they were greatly indebted to Sir Daniel for his offer.

DOCTOR ON ROAD DEATH CHARGE

An accident in which a woman was knocked through a hedge by a car and killed was described at Burnham, Bucks, recently.

Dr. Eric Finch Peck, of Bourne End, Bucks, was committed for trial at Aylesbury Assizes charged with the manslaughter of Mary Ann Price (55), of Taplow, Burnham, and driving a car while under the influence of drink. Bail was allowed.

Stanley Coxhill, a butler, said a car passed him at a terrific speed. He saw a dog lying dead on the pathway. Miss Price's body lay on the other side of a hedge.

Dr. Peck was staggering and holding his hand to his head. He thought he said, "I'm for it."

Andrew Dykes, farmer, said that Dr. Peck, who walked unsteadily, said, "I hit a woman." When they found the body and it was suggested that a doctor should be fetched, Dr. Peck said, "I am a doctor," but did not examine the body.

P.S. Giblett said that Dr. Peck melted strongly of whiskey and staggered about. At the police station he laughed and cried.

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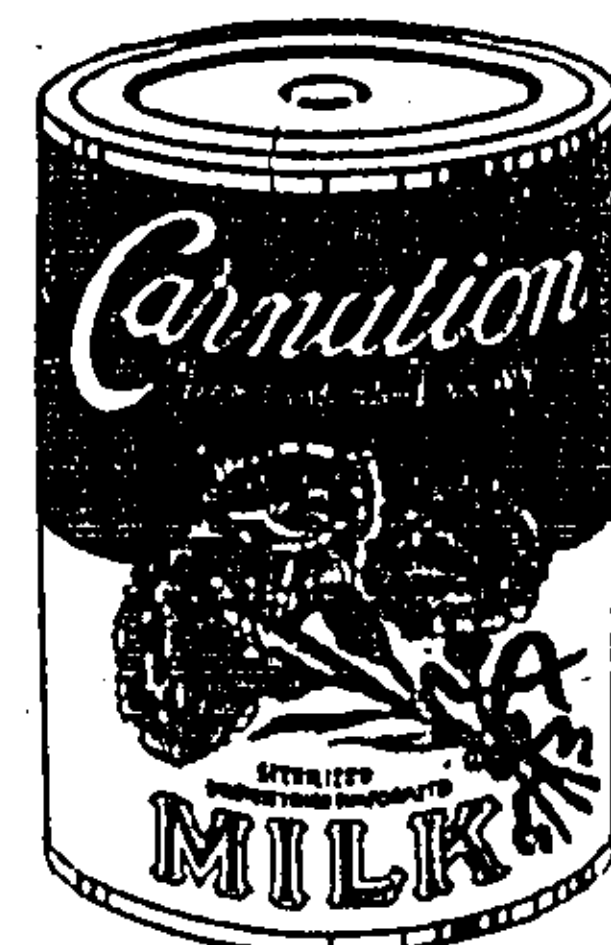
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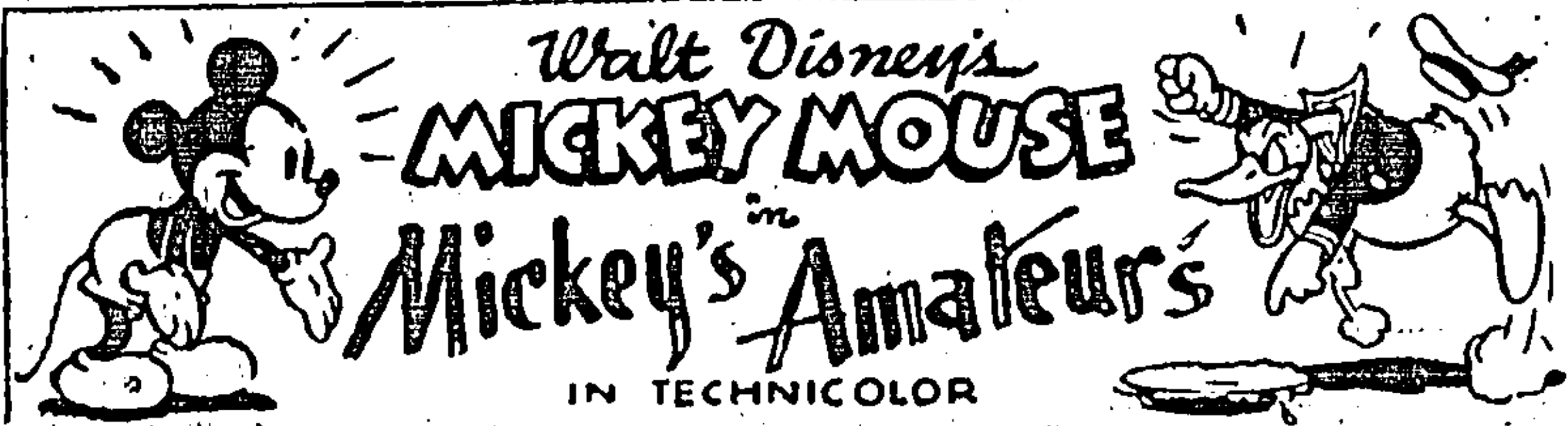
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RKO RADIO PICTURE

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QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

HOUSE OF COMMONS

Britain Evades The China Issue

LONDON, Nov. 9.

IN THE COURSE of criticising the Government in the resumed debate on the King's Speech to-day, Sir Stafford Cripps asserted that the Chinese people were in no way a conquered people yet.

It would take, even if it ever happened, many years for Japan to conquer China, but in the King's Speech there was no reference whatever to, or any suggestion of, policy.

There was no sympathetic reference to China's sufferings, or to give assistance to those people Britain had deserted under the most solemn treaty obligations.

"We don't even offer them pieces of silver," added Sir Stafford.

He said that another curious omission from the speech was Government's attitude with respect to colonies.

A demand had been made for the return of German colonies. He would like to know whether the Government's attitude was the same now as a year ago.

He was sure the House, and the country, would welcome a precise statement of policy, as they could then ascertain the purpose for the armaments which were being built in increasing quantities. Were these armaments to protect the whole of the Empire, or only those parts not demanded from us by the dictators?

TOKYO PLAN REFUTED

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, declared that he could not recognise Government's foreign policy in the extraordinary description given by Sir Stafford Cripps.

He added that there had been no announcement of Tokyo regarding the formation of an economic and political bloc comprising Japan, Manchukuo and China.

"I would like to say," said Mr. Butler, "that Britain's position in this connection is governed by the Washington treaties and other international agreements to which His Majesty's Government, in conjunction with a large number of other governments, is a party.

"We should not, therefore, consider any alteration in the position as about by unilateral action. In this matter our stand is the same as that laid down by the United States Secretary of State."

Mr. Butler said that it was clear from Mr. Chamberlain's speech, that when the time came, Britain would be ready to play her part in giving such assistance as China, its Government and people might require to repair the terrible damage they have suffered, and to rehabilitate and re-equip their country for the years of peace which they hoped would come.

He did not understand, Mr. Butler was looking to lend money to Japan, to enable her to complete her domination of China.

Referring to Spain, Mr. Butler said he understood the Spanish Government was evacuating more than 1,500 volunteers from Spain in the next day or two. With regard to belligerent rights, the Government view remained unchanged.

COLONIES—SILENCE

Mr. Butler said he could add nothing on the subject of colonies to-day. He emphasised that a Four-Power Pact of the type which Sir Stafford Cripps referred to was not contemplated by Government.

Mr. Butler said that Sir Stafford Cripps had stated that no assistance was being given China, adding: "We have taken our part in conjunction with other Powers in supplying medical and other assistance to China through the League of Nations organisation."

He would like to pay tribute to the medical unit at present operating under terrible conditions there, and said that the British Government would completely associate itself with any other schemes to help the Chinese people in that particular department in their terrible plight.

Sir Stafford Cripps, intervening, asked if that meant granting a loan, to which Mr. Butler replied that Sir Stafford knew that the Government had already made one announcement about a loan, and he was unable to add anything more about an international loan.

Mr. Butler continued to observe that Britain also offered her services, either alone, or in conjunction with any other Power or group of Powers, to take whatever steps possible to bring about a just and lasting solution in the present conflict.

"We have given, and we shall continue to give, sympathetic consideration to any scheme which may be put forward on a commercial basis, following upon our recent support of the resolutions on this subject at the League of Nations meeting,"—*Reuter*.

Protests At New Taxes

PEIPING, Nov. 9.

It is understood that representations are being made to the authorities concerned by British tobacco interests hit by the adverse tax at Kalgan, where all cigarettes entering the territory of the Japanese-sponsored Mongolian Government, are charged an import tax of \$100, compared with only \$40 charged for Japanese products.—*Reuter*.

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Chinese Attack Tsungfa

SHIUKWAN, Nov. 10.

After defeating the Japanese at Leungchow, Chinese troops are reported to be counter-attacking Tsungfa. Confused fighting is now raging there.

The Japanese troops at Kongsun on the Canton-Hankow Railway, 10 miles north of Canton, have been routed by the Chinese and are retreating southward.

Severely harassed by Chinese self-defence corps, the Japanese force at Lungmoon, 70 miles northeast of Canton, is stated to be preparing to withdraw.

A Japanese unit which landed at Lungmoon in Shuntak in over 20 trawlers and steam boats was surrounded and attacked by the Chinese self-defence corps yesterday. Over 200 Japanese were killed during the engagement.

Chinese guerrillas active around Waichow and Tamsui are attempting to cut Japanese communication between Blas Bay and the inland.—*Central News*.

Tokyo Reply To U.S. Note In Making

TOKYO, Nov. 9.

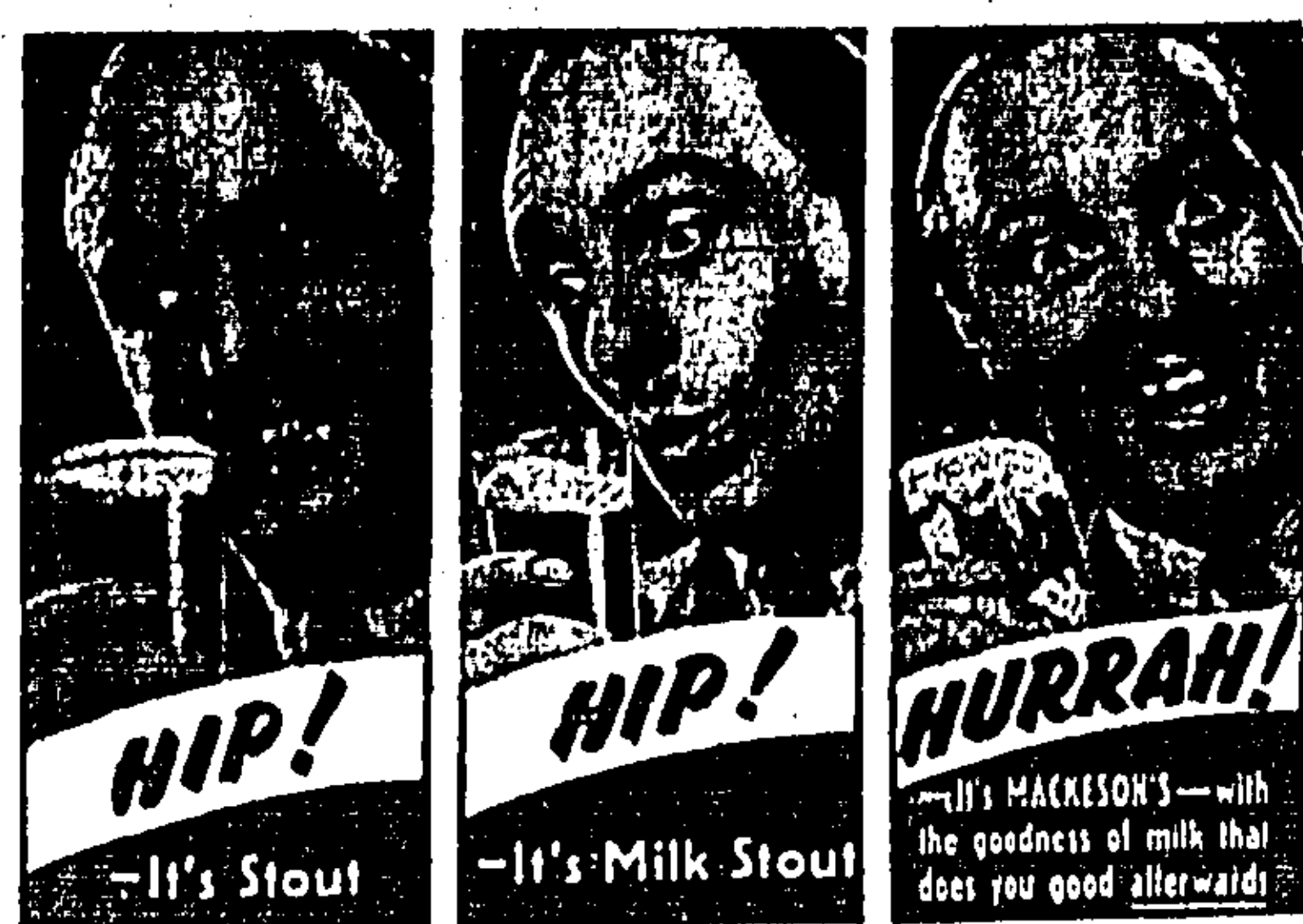
It is understood that the Foreign Office, after inter-departmental negotiations, is drafting a reply to the American note of October 8 which made representations to the Japanese Government for the safeguarding of American trade interests in China on the basis of the open-door and equal-opportunity principle. The reply is likely to be forthcoming next week.—*Domei*.

Weather Delays Air Mails

Bad weather continues to disrupt the air mail services to Hongkong. It was reported this morning that conditions would prevent the Air France plane from leaving Hanoi until to-morrow, while bad weather is also holding up the Clipper from Manila, and it is now very doubtful whether the machine will arrive in Hongkong to-day.

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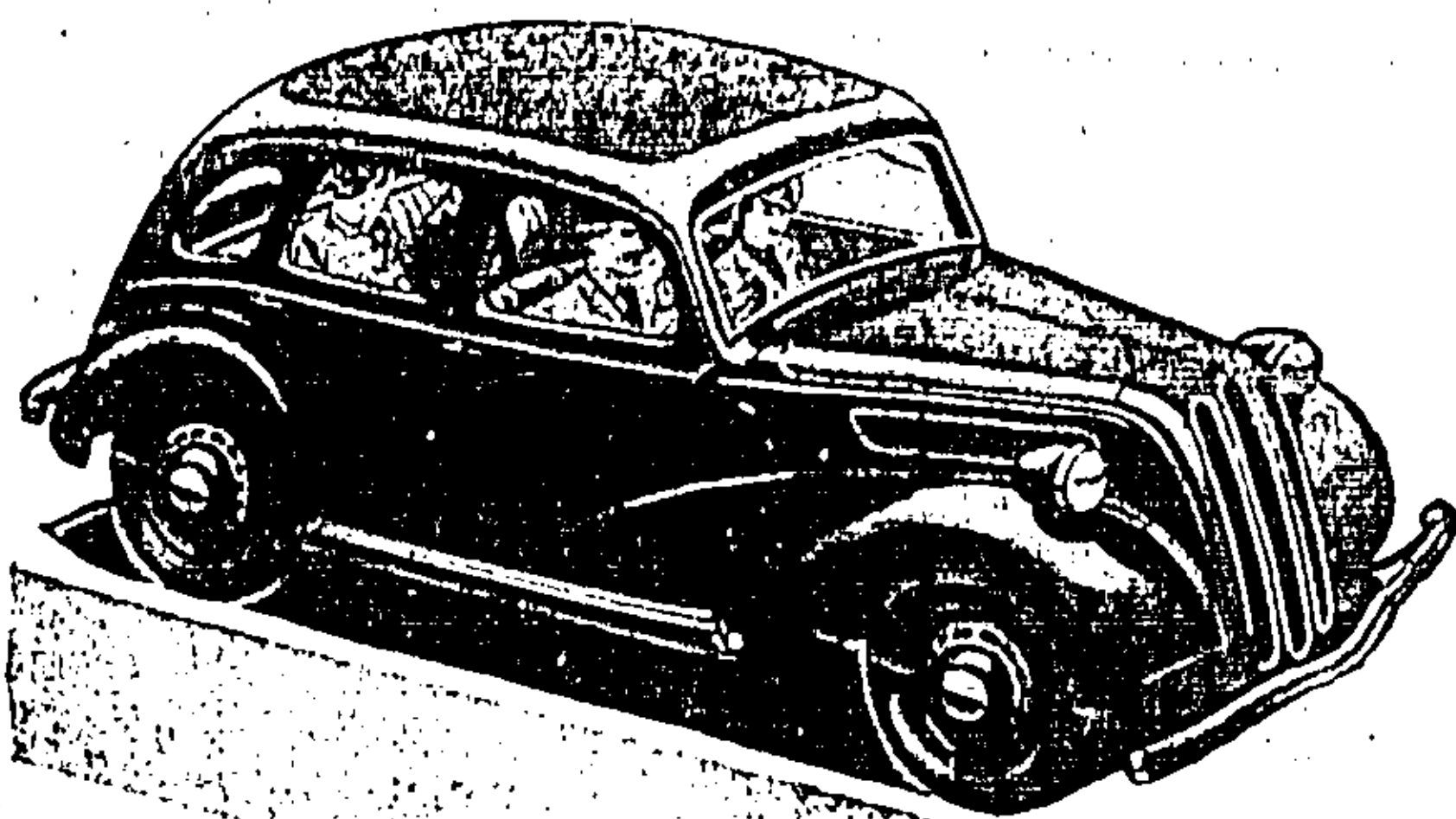
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The Hongkong Telegraph.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1938.

Autumn or Fall?

When corn ears turn brown and hang downward, when nuts thud on thin sod or clatter on the bare earth, when leaves redden and yellow, when the lawn caretaker rakes them into heaps, and coal trucks rumble in speeded-up delivery, there is no mistaking the season. But do you call it autumn, or fall?

"In every way," says a learned Englishman of old London, "fall is better on the merits than autumn. It is short, Saxon, picturesque. It reveals its derivation to every one who uses it, not to the scholar only as does autumn. We once had as good a right to it as the Americans, but we have chosen to let the right lapse so that to use this monosyllable now is little better than larceny."

Apparently autumn is now English, while fall is American. Further investigation reveals autumn as better suited to verse, with fall congenial to prose. The searcher can scarcely find a poetic reference to fall whereas he encounters autumn almost at every turn—"yellow autumn wreathed with nodding corn," "autumn is the mellow time," "autumn nodding o'er the plain," "an autumn that grew by reaping," "autumn days are here again," "autumn's fire," "happy autumn-fields," "the windy lights of autumn," and "autumnal leaves in Vallombrosa."

Autumn has won classic approval and wide sanction through long usage; it bespeaks the scholarly. Fall is popular because of its shortness and ease of enunciation. But autumn remains the poets' favourite because autumnal glory has a poetic ring and fall, it seems, has none.

Theory—

Almost 150 years ago Thomas Day died without learning much from life. He was an ardent apostle of Rousseau, the French educationist.

His enthusiasm for reform even coloured his idea of the wife he wanted. Day adopted an orphan girl and tried to train her after the Rousseau principles. But she jumped when he fired a blank shot near her, screamed when he dropped hot sealing-wax on her hand.

In fact, she reacted as any normal girl would, and Thomas Day decided against marrying her. For she would not behave according to his theories.

And human nature

Years later he was still trying to train other lives. He experimented with a colt this time. But the horse knew nothing about Rousseau. It kicked Thomas Day and he never recovered.

EMPTY CRADLES in the Western World . . .

Small Increase Over 25 Years

	To-day	1911
World	2,100,000,000	1,620,000,000
BRITISH EMPIRE	485,800,000	419,400,000
United Kingdom	46,600,000	45,400,000
Irish Free State	3,000,000	
Australasia	8,650,000	5,800,000
Union of South Africa	8,000,000	6,000,000
Canada	10,375,000	7,100,000
Soviet Russia	105,750,000	135,000,000
France	41,900,000	39,250,000
Germany	66,000,000	64,900,000
Italy	43,800,000	34,700,000
United States	127,000,000	91,170,000
Japan	60,250,000	51,000,000

IN his speech at Margate, and last year when opening the Budget, Mr. Chamberlain drew attention to the new set of problems which "the progressive decrease in our population" is going to raise. They are vast and terrifying problems which demand the closest study.

The "hour is at hand when our population will decrease. It has risen continuously for the last 250 years. It doubled itself between 1801 and 1851; it doubled itself once more between 1851 and 1911. But now this automatic advance is ceasing. We are approaching one of the turning-points in world history.

Falling Population

DR. GRACE LEYBOURNE, a statistician of special authority, after a detailed investigation of the figures, has calculated that a definite decline in the English population will begin in 1941. By 1951 the population will have fallen from 40,500,000 to 39,500,000. By 1975 it will have been halved and will fall to 19,000,000.

This calculation assumes that fertility will continue at its present level. There are experts who regard that as an optimistic assumption. Dr. Enid Charles, another statistician of distinction, calculates that if the rate of fertility should continue to fall as it is at present doing, a century hence the population of England will have shrunk to only 4,420,000.

This would be about half the population of Greater London to-day. It is an alarming figure, and were it verified, it would mean the fall of the British Empire.

Peculiar Decline

It will naturally be asked whether faith can be placed in such calculations. The answer is that the statisticians of the world are in tolerably close agreement. Moreover, there is the fact that in 1921 calculations of the probable population in 1931 were made in the Registrar-General's office for non-official use. When the 1931 Census Returns were available, the error in the estimates was only 0.13 per cent.—a negligible amount.

The decline in population is not going to be peculiar to Great Britain, though in her case it threatens to be more marked and much more dangerous than in other countries. The whole civilised world is affected. In France, the low birth-rate has for fifty years been causing anxiety, and there a drop in population from 42,000,000 to 39,000,000 is anticipated by 1950, the decline setting in next year.

In Germany, ever since the Nazi advent to power, there has been anxiety about the birth-rate, which has shown a distinct tendency to fall. A positive decline in the population is predicted by the biometricians from 1946 onwards.

According to Kahn's estimate—prepared before Herr Hitler's remedial measures were put into force—it will sink from its present figure of 66,000,000 to less than 50,000,000 by 1975; or, by Burgdorfer's calculations, it will fall to 47,000,000 in 2000.

The Exception

THE most important exception to the world-wide decline is likely to be Russia, perhaps because her civilization is too rudimentary to be affected by the mysterious forces at work. The present population of about 150,000,000 is expected to double itself in the next sixty years. A Russian of 300,000,000 inhabitants confronting a Europe with shrunken and sinking population will be an even graver problem than the unwieldy, heavily armed Soviet State of to-day.

The reason for Herr Hitler's strenuous efforts to increase the German birth-rate is now clear. The portentous Russia of the future will be a tremendous peril to Germany.

As yet, however, Herr Hitler's measures have produced disappointing results, though it is true that they have raised the number of births from 978,000 in 1930 to 1,181,000 in 1934.

In the opinion of Professor Carr-Saunders, the best British authority on the subject, "all that has happened so far is that an unusually large number of first births have been crowded into a year, and no abiding change has been produced in the rate of fertility." He thinks the forces at work too powerful to be readily mastered.

In Italy the case is much the same. There, too, the Government is doing its utmost to increase the birth-rate and to make Italy one of the most prolific nations. But there, too, the expert verdict is that its measures have not permanently increased the number of births, though they may have encouraged marriage and prevented the birth-rate from falling more rapidly than it has done.

In Asia's most highly civilised State, Japan, there are distinct indications that forces unfavourable to

fertility are at work, though her population is still increasing, and will probably continue to increase for another twenty years—till it reaches 80,000,000.

But according to Mr. Crocker, who studied the problem on the spot, Japan's people are marrying at a later date or avoiding marriage, despite strong social pressure upon them to marry.

Such is a bird's-eye view of the population problem in some of the world's typical States. What stands out from it is its menace to the British Empire. If the population of Great Britain sank by 10,000,000 or 20,000,000 there could be no steady flow of emigrants to the Dominions overseas, where the population now tends to stagnate or decline.

The authorities on the subject are agreed with a singular unanimity that the small family customary to-day is the true cause of the world-wide movement of depopulation. They can point to the ancient Greeks,

among whom the same influences were seen at work.

To change from the small family, in which the number of children is deliberately limited, will not be easy. It will be a case of the cradle versus comfort, and will involve drastic changes in our housing schemes, which have boycotted the baby, as garages have replaced nurseries.

Action Required

It is particularly noteworthy in this connection that, where the standard of comfort is highest, there the decline in the birth-rate is most marked.

Action is clearly required, but of what character should it be? Here the biometricians do not help us. Professor Carr-Saunders has no doubt as to the urgency of the matter or the stupendous difficulties which will have to be overcome. He holds that there must be a reform in the outlook upon marriage as the prelude.

PERSONALITIES OF OLD HONGKONG

Fate's Strange Trick On A Brilliant H.K. Lawyer

By T. PAUL GREGORY

Hongkong during the first few years of its history was the mecca for all sorts and conditions of men who flocked here in search of wealth, adventure, and a successful career. Some had been sailors before the mast, others, army veterans from India, and a formidable host of nondescript individuals of various crafts and professions. Among these latter were a number of lawyers, many of whom subsequently proved to be pariahs of the legal profession, whose sojourn here was usually short and troublous.

Many of them, moreover, were "Sydney ducks" and these men, especially by their irregular methods, brought disgrace upon the profession, so much so that by the year 1845, the European residents felt that one of their most urgent needs was for a fully qualified member of the Bar who would not only be able to represent them honourably in legal matters, but who also would be willing to assist in the building up of the infant Colony.

Their wishes were soon to be gratified; for late in June 1846, rumours were circulated that at long last a barrister who was really an ornament to his profession was shortly to settle in the Colony. This person whose identity was not disclosed, was stated to possess "extensive legal acquirements and experience," and, moreover, was avowed to be a "welcome acquisition to the society of the place." Naturally enough the

community which thrived upon gossip in lieu of infrequent news from the outside world was keyed up to expectancy, and the following announcement in the *Government Gazette* of July 29, 1846 was regarded with the most avid attention:

"Mr. N. D'Esterre Parker, Solicitor of the High Court of Chancery, and one of the Attorneys of Her Majesty's Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer, in Ireland, has been duly admitted to practice as a Solicitor, Attorney, and Proctor of the Supreme Court of Hongkong. Mr. Parker is likewise a legally constituted Public Notary of the High Court of Prerogative of England, Office at Messrs. Bowra and Co.'s, Queen's Road."

Mr. Norcott D'Esterre Parker was born in Ireland about the year 1818. Very little is known about his life at home, save that he was a graduate of the University of Dublin, and was a member of the Irish Bar. He was, however, apparently a man with high connections; for his establishment of a legal practice in the Colony was at once welcomed, and from the very beginning of his stay he possessed an extensive clientele. The local administration favourably regarded him, and he was appointed by the Governor, Sir John Davis, to serve as temporary Crown Prosecutor, "until

the pleasure of Her Majesty be known." Meanwhile, the official Coroner of the Colony, Mr. Percy Caulincourt McSwiney, who seemed to have been a former classmate of his, had been forced to resign from his office, and he was nominated to fill the vacancy. This latter appointment was, however, but temporary; for the Government felt that Mr. Parker was better fitted to serve as Proctor in Admiralty than as a Coroner, and he was accordingly gazetted in that capacity on January 12, 1847.

The year 1847 was, moreover, the *annus mirabilis*—the "wonderful year" of his stay in Hongkong—for on every hand he prospered. His legal practice increased by leaps and bounds, so that he felt it incumbent to seek additional assistance, and despatched a letter to his younger brother William in Ireland to come out and join him in Hongkong. The administration, too, had come to regard him as one of its most promising servants. His successful discharge of his duties as temporary Crown Prosecutor influenced the Governor to name him permanent appointee, and on November 30, 1847, an announcement to this effect was published in the *Gazette*.

His speedy rise in the esteem of the general public was unfortunately to be suddenly dashed by an apparently inexplicable performance, which brought the young Irishman's lofty visions of success down about his ears like the collapse of a house of cards. It seems that one January day in 1849, Mr. Parker finding time hanging rather heavily upon his hands was hoping that something would turn up to allay the tedium; for life in Hongkong was now for the first time beginning to surfeit him. As if in answer to his wish there arrived in his office a Chinese police informer by name of Lee Kip-tye, who told him that at Ping Chau, an island between Hongkong and Macao, there was a junk anchored which had on board a number of articles from the wreck of a European ship. "How jolly it would be," thought young Parker to himself, "if I could just find out what the name of the wreck may be. By Jove, I think I will go out and have a look."

Leaving his office in charge of his brother William, Mr. Parker set off for Ping Chau, in company with the above-mentioned police informer, and another Chinese whose name is not mentioned in accounts of the episode. Upon their arrival at the island they found the Chinese junk beached upon the shore, and being caulked by a number of boatmen who were

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty



"Next week is Joe's birthday—I'm thinking of buying him two new gags!"

CHINESE SOCIAL WORK

Record Number Of Inmates Sent To Po Leung Kuk

A considerable increase in the number of inmates, brought about by the sudden growth of the population of the Colony, was mentioned in the reports of Mr. Au Su-cho and Mr. Chan Kam-po, past and present Chairmen respectively of the Po Leung Kuk, which were submitted to His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote at a reception held at Government House on Tuesday.

Mr. Au reported that of the 568 cases handled during 1937 most of them were in connection with *mut-tai*. Women and children admitted during the year numbered 558, of whom 438 were later sent away.

The report of Mr. Chan dealt chiefly with the heavy expenses incurred in consequence of the record number of inmates admitted. He said that in 1937 the number of inmates averaged from 90 to 100 per day at its highest but since he and his Committee took over the management at the beginning of this year the figure had been doubled.

The report of Mr. Au was as follows:

"It is an honour to us that we are invited here to-day by Your Excellency and thus enabled to profit by your instructions.

My colleagues and I were chosen to serve on the Committee of the Po Leung Kuk for the year 1937. For lack of ability we were often afraid that we might not be competent enough for the work. Fortunately, with the blessing of Sir Andrew Calverley, the previous Chairman, and Your Excellency, coupled with the guidance of the Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs, the Hon. Chinese Representatives on the Councils and Members of the Permanent Board of Directors and the help of Dr. and Mrs. S. W. Tso, Mrs. M. K. Lo and Colonel Dowbiggin, we managed to follow the proper path and were thus able to carry out our work smoothly. Our gratitude is beyond our power of expression.

During our tenure of office, Your Excellency and the Hon. Mr. North and Mrs. North visited our Kuk on various occasions. The entries you made in the Inspection Record gave us every encouragement, for which we tender our thanks. The women and children of our Kuk, according to original arrangements, were to have been visited three times only each week by Dr. Pun Sik-wing of the Tung Wah Eastern Branch Hospital, but last year at the request of the Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Dr. (Mrs.) Dovey specially arranged for Lady Medical Officer Dr. Lai Po-chuen to make weekly visits to the Kuk. For this we feel most grateful.

During the year under review, apart from our routine work there were two things specially worthy of being recorded. One was the happy occasion of His Majesty the King's Coronation on May 12, in the celebration of which the whole building of the Kuk was illuminated. The other was that the Ting-chang year (1937) happened to be the 60th year of the founding of the Kuk which took place in the Mo-Yan year (1878); a stone tablet containing a brief history of the Kuk was erected in memory of the anniversary. As we were fortunate enough to be on the Committee that year, we shall never forget these two very happy events.

The Year's Work

I now beg to report on the work of the Kuk. All cases sent to us were handled with due justice by the Committee. Most of the cases were in connection with registered or unregistered *mut-tai*; next were the cases concerning children who were kidnapped or who had lost their way; and finally cases concerning quarrels between husbands and wives, family troubles, trafficking in human beings, marriage disputes, women and girls who had been intercepted while going aboard or who had attempted to commit suicide and had been saved, adopted daughters who had been ill-treated, prostitutes who had been arrested, wives who had secretly run away from their husbands, and children who had been placed under our care pending the discharge from prison of their guardians.

As regards *mut-tai* and kidnapped children, or children who had lost their way, we made enquiries for their relatives to take them back. In cases where the relatives could not be located, we selected husbands for them at their wishes, found work for them, sent them to the Salvation Army Home to be educated, or requested people to accept them and bring them up. Our aim was to get everyone of them a home in which to settle down.

An old woman, Chan Sui-ching, who had nobody to rely on for support was sent to the Kuk after having been saved from attempting to drown herself. We recommended her to the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs for the grant of a pension allowance of \$5 monthly from the Brewin Fund.

There was kept at the Kuk a boy, Wong Ah-hei, age 12, who was destitute. We requested the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs to send him to the Aberdeen Industrial School to be educated. His food expenses \$60 for a full year at the School were subscribed by the Committee.

In cases of family troubles we did our best to bring to reason the parties concerned and to effect a peaceful settlement. In other matters we adhered to the principle of preservation of virtue, took all circumstances into consideration, and tried always to fulfil our duties.

Influx of People

During the year, altogether 608 cases were handled. Of these, 412 were settled and 80 remained to be dealt with. Women and children admitted into the Kuk numbered 550, of whom 438 were sent away and 120 were still in the Kuk when we handed over management to our successors.

Since July last year as a result of the sudden growth of the population of Hongkong there have been more cases, the average number of persons kept at the Kuk daily being over 100 as against 50 to 60 in normal times. Consequently food and other expenses for the upkeep of the Kuk increased. We made a change by purchasing medium grade rice at the cheapest possible price in order to keep down the expenditure. In the meantime we had also made some other alterations and additions. Chemical fire extinguishers were provided as a precaution against fire, additional clothes were given to the inmates to meet their wants, toys were supplied to the children for their amusement, a street lamp was installed on the flight of steps in the front entrance for the benefit of the people coming to the Kuk at night, alterations and repairs were made to the two drill grounds for the purpose of recreation, and an extra isolation room was prepared for new-comers as a measure against infectious diseases. All this cost not a little money, and there is therefore a slight increase in the total expenditure.

In addition to the departments of finance, corresponding social intercourse, trade industry, health, education and general affairs, which looked after their own work and co-operated with one another, there was added a physical training department and the newly employed instructress who was placed in charge of physical training also taught the children's singing classes. Extensions were made to both the drill grounds on the east and on the west of the Kuk building. The drill ground on the east was fitted up for volley-ball games in order that the women and girls might have more exercise, while that on the west was provided with short cement benches on which the children could rest. It was our object by such means to benefit the health of the inmates.

On summing up the foregoing, we fear that there might have been some part of our duties unfulfilled, and it was only through the help and guidance given us by the right persons that we had made no serious mistakes. We only handed over the management of the Kuk to our successors on April 11, 1938. We respectfully submit this report on the affairs of the Kuk which we ourselves handled during our tenure of office.

HEAVY EXPENSES

Number of Inmates Breaks All Records

In his report, Mr. Chan Kam-po said:

"It is a great honour to us that we are invited here to-day by your Excellency and thus enabled to profit by your instructions. My colleagues and I were chosen to serve on the Committee of the Po Leung Kuk for the present year. We took over the management and assumed duties on April 11. Lacking in ability and virtue we have always been cautious, lest we should make serious mistakes. It is now seven months since we took over, and fortunately, blessed with your Excellency's kindness, coupled with the guidance of the Hon. Colonial Secretary, the Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs, the Hon. Chinese representatives on the Councils and members of the Board of Permanent Directors, and the help of Dr. and Mrs. S. W. Tso, Mrs. M. K. Lo and Colonel Dowbiggin, we strive on and manage to follow the proper path. Examining ourselves we find we have not been able to accomplish much, we are glad however that we have been carrying on our work smoothly.

I respectfully beg to mention for your information some of the important matters with which we dealt whilst handling the affairs of the Kuk during the past seven months. Last year the number of inmates of the Kuk at its lowest was from 50-60 and at its highest from 90-100 per day. After we took over the management the number gradually increased, the average being round about 200 and the maximum 220, breaking all previous records. Consequently the Kuk's expenses were very heavy, and also the sanitation called for closer attention and care.

Sanitary Precautions

With regard to the latter, the large number of people made it easier for sickness to break out, and precautions were therefore necessary. So the whole building was painted and limewashed, the gully traps of the sewers were re-built, the dispensary was provided with earthenware basins, alterations were made in the Dormitories and women's rooms with a view to keeping the places clean and well lighted, the inmates' clothes were disinfected every day, each person was given two small towels and two bath towels. A new admission room was added in which new-comers were

Anglo-German Relations

Not So Good

Paris, Nov. 9.

Herr Hitler attempts to present Germany as wandering alone in Europe with an olive branch, continually menaced by war-mongers, says *Picasso*, commenting on the Munich speech.

It is impossible to reverse his role with greater cynicism, adds the paper.

The Berlin correspondents of the *Journal de Paris* says the impression is gaining strength that everything is far from going well between Reich and Britain, as apparently, on colonial problems, the countries are in opposition.—*Reuter Special*.

New Records For British Motorist

Frankfurt, Nov. 9.

The British motorist, Major A.T.G. Gardner, driving an M.G., to-day broke International Class G records for cars up to 1,100 cubic centimetres, his average time for a flying start over a mile being 19.30 seconds, and at an average speed of 187.016 m.p.h. His flying start over a kilometre was done in 11.99 seconds, and his speed was 109.25 kilometres an hour.—*Reuter Special*.

U.S. COMMODITY PRICES

LATEST CABLED QUOTATIONS

	New York, Nov. 9.
New York Cotton	
December	8.52/54
Jan. (1939)	8.46/48
Mar. (1939)	8.47/48
May (1939)	8.30/29
July (1939)	8.15/14
Oct. (1939)	7.91/90
Spot	8.06

	New York Rubber
December	17.10/20
March	17.10/13
May	17.15/15
September	17.15N
October	17.15N

	Chicago Wheat
December	64 1/2/64 3/4
May	65 1/2/65 3/4
July	65 1/2/65 3/4

	Chicago Corn
December	47 1/4/47 1/2
May	50 1/2/50 3/4
July	51 1/2/51 1/2

	Winnipeg Wheat
December	57 1/2/57 3/4
May	60 1/2/60 3/4
July	61 1/2/61 3/4

examined until they had been vaccinated, after which they were either isolated or allowed to mix with the others if free of disease, and separate isolation rooms were provided for housing prostitutes infected with venereal diseases and for women and children who have skin trouble. Arrangements were also made for a separate school room and drill ground for the use of children with skin diseases in order to prevent others from being infected, red rice and bean pulp etc. were supplied to the inmates as a counter against beriberi, and milk and orange juice and milk were supplied to the children so as to give them better nourishment. Some of the above measures were suggested by the Lady Visiting Doctor, Dr. (Mrs.) Dovey.

With regard to the Kuk's heavy expenses, the sanitary measures taken cost no small sum. Further, with the average number of inmates of the Kuk more than doubled, the monthly expenses on firewood, rice, meat, fish, lard, vegetables and other things were greatly increased. Originally the Kuk had 100 iron beds, and to these 58 more of various sizes were added complete with mats, blankets, pillows, and bed clothes etc., but in spite of this there has been a shortage of beds on many many occasions. In addition over 600 new jackets and trousers made of native cloth, 100 pairs of slippers and 60 dozen large and small towels were supplied, and a new room was built for storing coal and firewood. Medical supplies for the dispensary, travelling expenses incurred by the inmates to and from hospital or in connection with the hearing of their cases, water charges and other miscellaneous expenses cost more than double the amount of former years. We duly reported the facts to the Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs who very kindly requested the Government to make an additional grant of a large sum in order to help us, and we are grateful for Government approval of the grant for the sum of \$10,000 to us for supporting the Kuk during the year ending December 31, 1938.

As I am afraid I have already wasted much of your valuable time, please permit me to defer to a later date my account of the rest of the Kuk's activities.

My colleagues and I are not competent enough to shoulder our heavy responsibility. Nevertheless we shall do what we can to be of service and we hope your Excellency, your Honour the Colonial Secretary and the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Hon. Chinese representatives on the Councils and members of the Permanent Board of Directors will give us guidance from time to time in case there should be anything which we may overlook, so that we may fulfil our duties. We shall indeed be deeply grateful for all your help."

FATE'S STRANGE TRICK ON A BRILLIANT H.K. LAWYER

(Continued from Page 6.)

evidently preparing the craft for a speedy departure. Their first impulse was to go aboard and search the craft, but, upon further consideration, they thought it would be better to get permission from the petty mandarin of the place. This worthy, upon matters being explained to him, readily consented to their request, and accompanied them to the beached craft. However, no sooner had they gone on board and had commenced to examine some of the chests and wreckage, than trouble began. About 500 'Tanka' boatmen appeared from apparently nowhere in particular, and angrily gesticulating, surrounded Parker and his two companions. Hot words were exchanged, and Parker with fists clenched attempted to force an opening through the excited crowd. A riot ensued, and the mandarin with the greatest difficulty succeeded in getting the young foreigner to his house. In the meanwhile, the boatmen having contented themselves with beating up one of the Chinese who had accompanied Parker on his foolhardy errand, cooled down sufficiently to despatch one of their number in hot haste together with the *tee-pee*, or 'local constable' of the place to Hongkong in order to lay a complaint with the authorities about the 'outrageous conduct of this barbarian' who attempted to carry out a bold piracy in broad daylight."

The Hongkong police were frankly non-plussed at the report at first, but subsequently learning that Mr. Parker had left for Ping Chau early that morning, they decided that something was amiss, and Mr. D. R. Caldwell, the official interpreter, was ordered to take the police boat, and proceed to the island as speedily as possible. When he arrived there, he found Mr. Parker a veritable refugee in the house of the mandarin, which was surrounded by a dense crowd of Tanka fisherfolk. The mandarin when questioned about the affair claimed that a piracy indeed had been attempted, and in the end nineteen suspects including Parker were taken back to Hongkong. In the Magistrate's Court, Mr. Parker's version of the story was proved, but the flood of rumours which surged through the Colony did not prove any too favourable to his reputation as a Government official and practicing barrister. Although he made a newspaper statement of his connection with the matter, it did not assist him to regain his former prestige, and he felt that it might be best to retire from the Colony for a while, until the whole unfortunate affair should blow over. Accordingly, on September 29, 1934, having arranged that his brother should assume his official appointments with the local Government, he left the Colony for California. This was actually the last that was ever heard of him; for the vessel in which he was travelling, the *Amoy Packet*, foundered in a typhoon a few days out of Hongkong. Such was the sad end of the career of this talented individual who through the amazing caprice of fate sealed his own doom.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Donations to Charitable And Other Objects

Previously acknowledged	\$5,824.72
Lt. Col. E. J. R. Mitchell	32
30th Heavy Battery, R.A.	25
Club Lusitano	25
Hongkong Regiment, H.K.	35.20
S.A.A.	28
Lodge St. John No. 618, Hongkong	10
M.M. Lo	10
H.M.S. 'Midway' Canton	50
Section	5
Gordon's Ltd. (Poppies)	5
	\$5,039.92

Further contributions will be gratefully received by W. J. Cole, Acting Secretary, Earl Hall's Fund, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building. Cheques should be made payable to Thomson and Co., and crossed 'Poppy Day' Fund.

The S. C. M. Post has received the following donation to the Poppy Day Fund:

Mr. J. Ormiston, \$20.
"One Fortieth" sends the following: St. John Ambulance, \$1; Street Sleepers, \$1; Tung Wah Hospital, \$1; St. Vincent de Paul, \$1; Poppy Day, \$1; Industrial Home for Blind Girls, \$1; Soldiers and Sailors' Institute, \$1; Chinese Soldiers War Relief, \$1; Society Protection Children, \$1; H.K. Benevolent Society, \$1.

RADIO BROADCAST

Speech by Prime Minister At Lord Mayor's Banquet

Z.B.W. ORCHESTRA

Radio Programme Broadcast by ZBW on a Frequency of 845 k.c.s. and on Short Wave from 8-11 p.m. on 9.52 m.c.s. per second. H.K.T.

6.0 Studio—Children's Hour.
7.0 Closing local Stock Quotations.
7.02 Mozart—Sonata in A Major, K. 281.

Played by Edwin Fischer (Piano).
7.18 Excerpts from Mozart's Operas.

"Goli Fann Tutte"—Overture.... The BBC Symphony Orchestra cond. by Adrian Boult.
"Die Entführung aus dem Serail", Marten Aller Arten; Ach, Ich Liebe.... Margherita Ferras (Soprano) with the Berlin State Opera Orchestra conducted by Bruno Seldner-Winkler.
"Don Giovanni", Act 1 Champagne Aria; Act 2 Serenade.... Gerhard Hecht (Baritone) with the Berlin State Opera Orchestra; "The Marriage of Figaro", Act 1—I'll Have Vengeance.... A. Kipnis (Bass) and E. Ruzicka (Mezzo-Soprano) and Berlin State Opera Orchestra cond. by Erich Orthmann.
"Don Giovanni"—To My Beloved, Oh! Hasten!... Luigi Forti (Tenor) with Orchestra.

7.40 Studio—Z.B.W. Orchestra.
1. "Fra Diavolo"—Overture (Auber); 2. Record: The Windmill (Longfellow and Nelson).... Malcolm McEachern (Bass) with Piano; 3. Loin du Bal (Gillet); 4. Serenade Appassionata (Nuccel).

8.0 Local Time Signal. Weather Report and Announcements.

8.03 Studio—Z.B.W. Orchestra.
5. A te Sola (Gluliani); 6. Semplifica Campestre (Nuccel); 7. Record: An Enslaved Love Lilt ("Songs of the Hebrides", M. Kennedy-Fraser); Herding Song ("Songs of the North", arr. M. Lawson).... Joseph Hislop (Tenor) with Piano accomp. by Percy Kahn; 8. Ballet music from "The Jewess" (Halévy).

8.10 London Relay—"At The Black Dog".

Mr. Wilkes at home in his own parlour. Presented by S. E. Reynolds and Pascoe Thornton.

8.30 Quilter—"Three English Dances" and "O Mistress Mine".

Three English Dances.... New Light Symphony Orchestra cond. by J. Ainslie Murray; O Mistress Mine; Blow, Blow Thou Winter Wind.... Derek Oldham (Tenor) with Violin, Cello and Piano; Drink To Me Only With Thine Eyes.... New Light Symphony Orchestra cond. by J. Ainslie Murray.

9.15 London Relay—"World Affairs".

A talk by Edwin Haward.
9.30 London Relay—"The News".

9.50 Regimental Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.
Tancered Overture (Rossini); Ruy Blas Overture (Mendelssohn).... conducted by Capt. George Miller.

10.00 London Relay—"The Lord Mayor's Banquet".

A description of the scene in Guildhall. Broadcast from Guildhall, London.

10.05 London Relay—"The Lord Mayor's Banquet".

Speech by the Prime Minister the Rt. Hon. Neville Chamberlain from Guildhall, London.

10.35 Selections from Light Opera.

"A Country Girl"—Vocal Gems (Ross and Monckton).... Columbia Light Opera Company with Orch.; "Merrie England"—Selection (Edward German).... New Symphony Orchestra cond. by Dr. Malcolm Sargent; "Chu Chin Chow"—Vocal Gems (Norton).... Light Opera Company with Orchestra.

11.0 Close down.

Social Items

A Committee Meeting of St. Andrew's Club has been convened for Thursday, November 17, at 8.30 p.m.

In view of the success of the social organised by St. Andrew's Club in October, another has been arranged for November 24, at 9 p.m.

Prizewinners at St. Andrew's Women's Fellowship last week were: Mahjong—Mrs. Cocking; Bridge—Mrs. Humphreys, and Mrs. Gillard (Consolation); Whist—Mrs. Cousins, and Mrs. Gillman (Consolation).

The United Services Recreation Club announce that the Club Dinner-Dance arranged for Saturday, November 26 is postponed to Saturday, December 3, 1938.

The following were the prize-winning numbers of the raffles run by the C.C.Y.L.A. (Shamshulpo) at the St. Vincent de Paul Bazaar: Blue Tickets—1, No. 463 (S. K. Lee); 2, No. 225 (J. Williams); 3, No. 141 (H. Y. Yip); 4, No. 40 (S. I. Chang); 5, No. 301 (Rev. Fr. F. Ricciardi).

Green Tickets—1, No. 325 (S. M. Kwan); 2, No. 59 (H. L. Ho); 3, No. 63 (Y. C. Mak); 4, No. 600 (Mrs. A. P. Gutierrez); 5, No. 104 (H. Y. Hung).

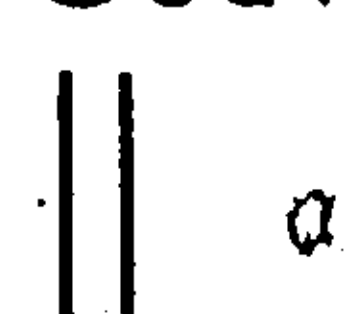
For Silver Warship—Ticket No. 332 (O. H. Rochin).

These prizes can be obtained at the Rectory, Precious Blood Church, Ta Po Road.



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Programme for Sunday, 13th November, 1938.

1 p.m. — 2.30 p.m.

PROGRAMME

1. Light Cavalry Overture.....Suppe.
2. Spanish Serenade.....Herbert.
3. Bleuet et Coquelicots. Waltz.....Waldteufel.
4. Rigoleto, Selection.....Verdi.
5. Cavatina.....Raff.
6. Peer Gynt, Suite No. 1.....Grieg.
7. Dream Tango.....Malderen.

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THE TWO GREATEST EVILS OF HOCKEY IN COLONY:

INDIFFERENCE, SLACKNESS BY CIVILIAN CLUBS

PROBLEMS CONFRONTING LOCAL ASSOCIATION

(By "The Pilgrim")

Slackness and indifference—two of the greatest evils in local hockey—are most evident in the mid-week games. Late starts, depleted teams and players of the same side wearing jerseys of various hues are a few of the complaints I have heard recently.

Several umpires and Army representatives have complained, but I am afraid they are just voices crying in the wilderness; club secretaries do nothing.

Midweek games are scheduled to commence at 5.15 p.m., but most teams fail to put in an appearance until 5.25 or 5.30, and as it gets dark very early nowadays only 20 or 25 minutes playing time is available.

Frankly, I think it is time something was done about it.

Apart from late starts and lack of uniformity in club colours, there is also the vexed question of badly-prepared grounds. Some of the grounds used in important matches were in a terrible state, and it seems hardly fair to ask teams to play off tournament matches on them.

REQUIRE ATTENTION
Very often, of course, one wonders whether too much was not being made of points which, on reflection, proved to be mere domestic club affairs. But nevertheless there are several matters which require the attention of those in office.

OFFICIAL RULING ON CLAUSE 10: POINTS FULLY EXPLAINED

The following is written to dispel any doubt which may exist in the minds of umpires and players on the revised clauses of Rule 10, and dealing particularly with the position of the goal-keeper, whose privileges remain unchanged.

The reference to the catching of the ball in the air by a player and dropping it to the ground is also fully explained.

RULE 10

Paras. (d), (e) and (f) now provide that—
(1) no part of the body except the hand shall be used intentionally to stop the ball (Para. d);
(2) if the ball be caught, it shall be released into play immediately (Para. d);
(3) the ball shall not be propelled in any direction except with the stick (Para. e);
(4) there shall be no interference with the stick of an opponent (Para. f).

If the ball is stopped by any part of the body, the umpire has first to decide whether the stopping was intentional or not. If the umpire decides that it was, a breach of Para. (d) has occurred. If it was not (e.g. if the ball is hit at, or into, a player by an opponent), the player should not be penalised unless he has infringed Para. (e) and propelled the ball. In this case, if the player hit was stationary, there is no breach of Paras. (d) or (e). The intention is that the ball shall be played entirely with the stick except that it may be stopped or caught by the hand.

The alterations do not affect the goal-keeper, and although Para. (h) does not specifically permit a goal-keeper to stop the ball with his body, he should not be penalised if the ball rebounds off his body unless he has infringed Para. (e).

These alterations will materially affect any player, other than the goal-keeper, who remains in front

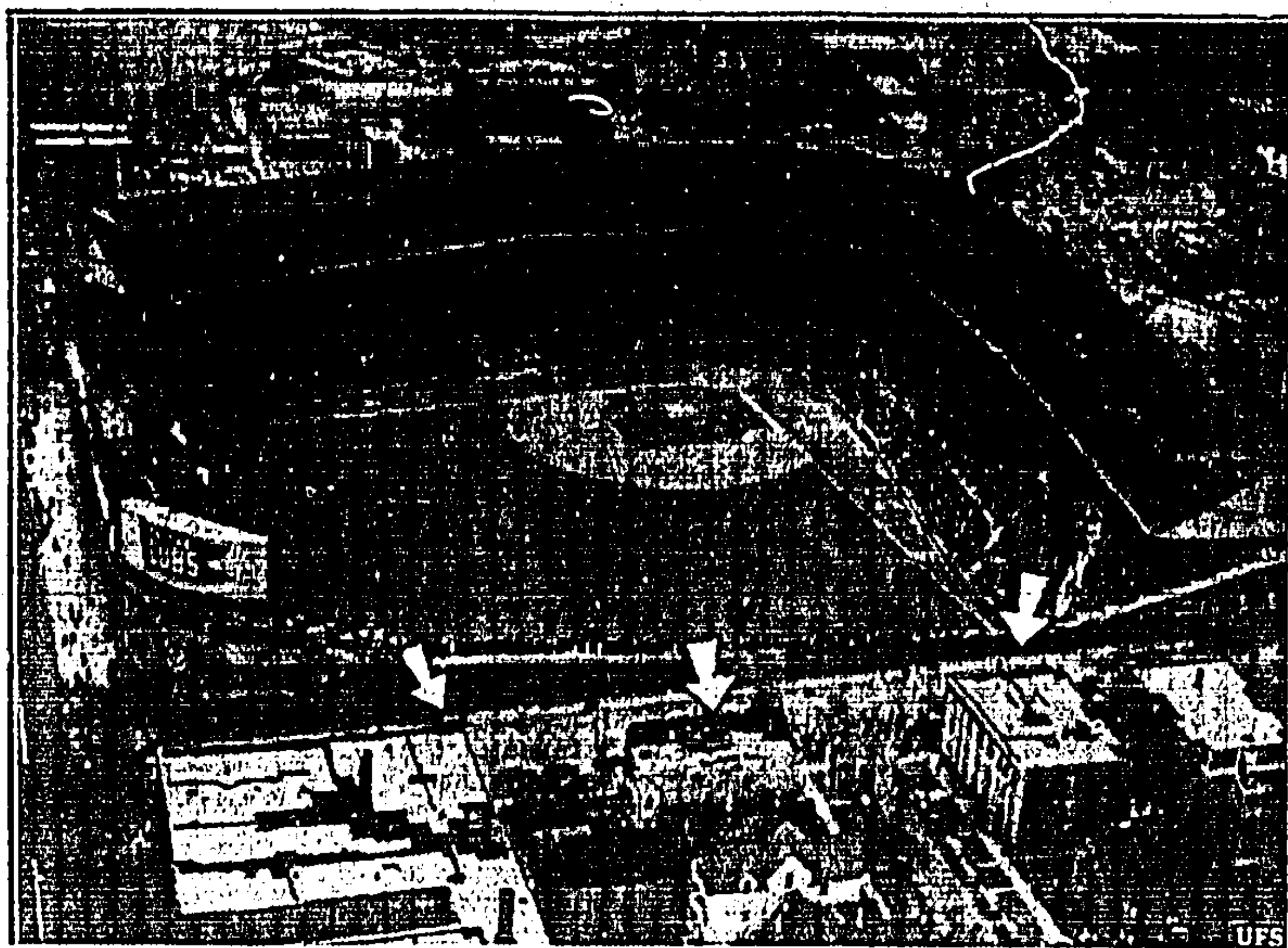
This season a certain military team had to wait half an hour for a civilian side to turn up. Now this is all wrong.

It is chiefly a matter of club discipline. The remedy lies with the officials of each club. When the slackness of one or two members lets a team down, the obvious cure is to drop the offenders. This is an effective disciplinary measure, which has been tried out with success by several clubs.

However, when a club makes no efforts to exact punctuality from its players, it deserves to have its fixtures cancelled the next season. Common courtesy demands that the other side should not be kept waiting.

These are some of the matters the Hongkong Hockey Association hope to look into this season. A persistent campaign will bring the desired results.

All clubs should co-operate by (1) turning up for matches in time; (2) wear the same colours in one match and (3) if you have a ground, see that it is in a fit condition for matches to be played.



THROUGH SEES YANKS TOP CUBS—Official count placed the number of baseball fans who saw the New York Yankees win from the Chicago Cubs, in the opening game of the World Series at Chicago, as 43,642. Here is an air view of Wrigley Field on opening day, showing the stadium packed, while, indicated by arrows, non-payees view the game from neighboring apartment house roofs.

Here And There With "Pilgrim"

SHOULD Army, Navy or Civilian clubs wish to meet Macao in friendly games, they are instructed to get into touch with the new Secretary, Mr. C. A. Braga, c/o The Macao Hockey Club. Macao is looking forward to meeting some of the best hockey teams from Hongkong this season.

PLAYERS and umpires are reminded once again that a hockey lecture will be given at St. Andrew's Church Hall this afternoon at 6 p.m.

LAST Sunday morning the Police began their first game in the Hongkong Hockey Association Tournament in fine style when they defeated Recreio by a lone goal, scored by Narwant Singh. The game opened at a fast pace and it looked as if the guardians of the law were in for a trouncing. The forwards, Wall, Wilson and Howlett, were not conspicuous for their combination, but success came their way due to the splendid resistance put up by Brown and Mehara Singh in defence. Parker, at centre-half, proved a great stumbling block to the opposing attack. Brittain made his debut between the sticks and was safe with his feet. I shall not be surprised to see him find a permanent place in the "A" team. In the closing stages, Narwant Singh broke through to give his side two valuable points. There is one thing the Police should bear in mind—punctuality.

THE Recreio were unfortunate to suffer their first defeat. They made a very sporting gesture in allowing the game to be put back half an hour so that their opponents could field a full team. Young Marques, at right half, stood out by some judicious feeding, but the forwards again lacked enterprise. Goncalves, Beltrao and Ozorio being slow when in the circle, Albert Rodrigues made one blunder throughout the whole game and it cost his side a goal and the points. Had Ribeiro advanced in time, he might have saved the situation but he hesitated and was lost. Recreio were the better team but their forwards will have to improve their shooting abilities if they hope to go further.

AT Caroline Hill last Sunday, the Radio and Postal Sports Club held their friendly rivals, the K.I.T.C., to a two-all draw in an exciting, fast and open game. As the result of smart, passing movements, the Brasspounders took an early lead through G. Singh (2). On resumption, they fell off for at least 20 minutes, allowing their opponents to draw level. J. Singh was erratic with his clearance and M. Singh was at times vicious with his reverse stick-work. U. B. Souza, in goal, was up to his usual form and with Stickley in front of him, gave a

of goal at a corner or penalty corner, as he thereby runs the risk, if the ball hits his body, of having a penalty bully awarded against him, under Rule 18. Para. (e) has been omitted.

As regards catching the ball, the words "to drop perpendicularly to the ground," being unnecessary, have been omitted.

Under Rule 10 Para. (e), the ball may only be propelled by the stick. If, therefore, any force is used to catch and release the ball, resulting in the ball being propelled in any direction, a breach of Para. (e) has occurred.

The ball, if caught, must be released into play immediately, and without the use of any force. Throwing it to the ground is therefore not permissible.

brilliant display. The Radmen have had two tough games so far and if they keep up this early form they should be in the running for the championship.

IN their first match, the K.I.T.C. showed they have a splendid attack which should make up for a weaker defence. The outstanding craftsman was little Parthab, who played with pace and cunning stick-work, and brought Pyara Singh and A. P. Souza into the attacking scheme cleverly. J. Pinto was also a great figure, dominating the cen-



Parker, the Police pivot, has been playing a consistently good game this season.

tre of the field. Jaggeet Singh, at left-back, was sound, but was too inclined to hit straight at an attacking forward. A stick-urgine would have pulled him up more often for dangerous play. The K.I.T.C. possess a good all-round team which may end up on top of the tournament.

Lady Players Start Their League Ties

The Hongkong Ladies Hockey Association commences its League season on Saturday. Six games have been arranged in the early two in the Caer Clark Cup (Seniors) and four in the Brawn Cup (Juniors).

I have commented on the prospects of most teams already and hockey enthusiasts can be assured of some excellent games this season. More will be heard of our ladies in future.

The following are the fixtures:

CAER CLARK CUP
C.B.A. v. H.K. Ladies (Happy Valley, 3 p.m.)

C.B.S. v. St. Andrew's (Saints' ground, 2.45 p.m.)

BRAWN CUP
C.B.A. v. C.B.S. (C.B.A. ground, 4 p.m.)

"v" v. Recreio "A" ("Y" ground, 2.45 p.m.)

Recreio "B" v. H.K. Ladies (Recreio ground, 3 p.m.)

Saints v. Seaforths (Shamshulpo, 3 p.m.)

Rugby Strong Club Side Beaten By The Navy

(By "Fly-Half")

In a close game on the Club ground yesterday, a Navy team defeated a comparatively strong Club side by nine points to five at rugby.

H. D. Bidwell, the Club captain, made a reappearance after an absence of several weeks. The game was mostly fought out amongst the forwards with the three making the best of their opportunities.

Club were the first to score and looked like possible winners in the first half; but after the interval, the Navy side, by feeding their three, broke through three times and scored. Heath scored for Club from a forward rush, Oliphant converting from an easy position. Navy followed with tries which were all scored wide of the posts, with the result that none of the kicks at goal succeeded.

Scorers for the Navy were Webster (2) and Kelly. Talbot and Webster were the pick of the Navy side, whilst Bidwell and MacGrath did yeoman service for Club.

SCOTLAND DEFEATS WALES

International Soccer At Edinburgh

Edinburgh, Nov. 9.

Scotland defeated Wales by three goals to two in the International soccer match played here to-day. The teams were unchanged, turning out as announced. A crowd of 40,000 watched the match.

Play was even in the first 20 minutes. Wales then broke away and scored through Astley, the Derby centre-forward.

Gillieck, the Everton left-winger, equalised for Scotland shortly before half-time, which was taken with the score 1-1.

In the second period, Walker, the Heart of Midlothian's inside right, scored twice for Scotland, Leslie Jones, of the Arsenal, playing at inside right for Wales, replying.

The Welshmen showed clever ball control but poor shooting robbed them of their chances.

Teams:
Scotland.—Brown, Anderson, A. Beattie, Shankley, Baxter, Miller, Delaney, Walker, McCulloch, R. Beattie and Gillieck.

Wales.—John, Whatley, Hughes, Dearson, T. G. Jones, Richards, Hopkins, L. Jones, Astley, Bryn Jones and Cumner.—*Reuter.*

ENGLAND TEAM

London, Nov. 9.
The English team to meet Ireland in the International match at Old Trafford, Manchester, on November 10 is as follows:

Woodley, Sproston, Hapgood, Willingham, Cullis, Mercer; Matthews, Hall, Lawton, Stephenson and Smith.—*Reuter.*

BADMINTON LEAGUE STARTS NEXT WEEK

The Hongkong Badminton League will commence on Monday, November 14, with two matches in the "A" Division of the Men's League, to be followed by four games in the "B" Division on Wednesday, November 16, and two in the Mixed Doubles on Friday, November 18.

The Ladies' Division will start on Tuesday, November 22.

The following are the full fixtures for the season:

"A" DIVISION

Monday, November 14
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
Recreio v. King's College

November 21
University "B" v. Recreio
King's College v. University "A"

November 28
Chinese Y.M.C.A. v. Recreio
University "B" v. King's College

December 5
University "B" v. University "A"
King's College v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

December 12
Recreio v. University "A"
Chinese Y.M.C.A. v. University "B"

December 19
Chinese Y.M.C.A. v. University "A"
University "B" v. Recreio

January 6
Recreio v. University "B"
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

January 13
Recreio v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.
King's College v. University "B"

January 20
University "A" v. University "B"
Chinese Y.M.C.A. v. Recreio

January 27
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

February 3
University "B" v. Recreio
University "A" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

February 10
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

February 17
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

February 24
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

March 2
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

March 9
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

March 16
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

March 23
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

March 30
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

April 6
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

April 13
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

April 20
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

April 27
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

May 4
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

May 11
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

May 18
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

May 25
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

June 1
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

June 8
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

June 15
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

June 22
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

June 29
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

July 6
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

July 13
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

July 20
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

July 27
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

August 3
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

August 10
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

August 17
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

August 24
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

August 31
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

September 7
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

September 14
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

September 21
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

September 28
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

October 5
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

October 12
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

October 19
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

October 26
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

November 2
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

November 9
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

November 16
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

November 23
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

November 30
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

December 7
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

December 14
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

December 21
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

December 28
University "A" v. Recreio
University "B" v. Chinese Y.M.C.A.

(Chung Wah v. V.R.C. to be played on neutral court to be arranged by Chung Wah.)

February 11
V.R.C. v. Recreio
Kowloon Tong "B" v. St. Andrew's "D"

February 18
Chung Wah v. St. John's
Monday, v. St. Andrew's "A"

February 25
V.R.C. v. Kowloon Tong "B"
St. Andrew's "D" v. Chung Wah

March 4
Wednesday, March 1
St. Andrew's "A" v. Kowloon Tong "B"

March 11
Wanderers v. Recreio
Kowloon Tong "A" v. St. John's

March 18
Monday, March 4
Wanderers v. Chung Wah

March 25
Wednesday, March 2
St. Andrew's "A" v. Chung Wah

March 31
V.R.C. v. Wanderers
(V.R.C. v. Wanderers to be played on neutral court to be arranged by V.R.C.)

Monday, March 13
St. Andrew's "B" v. St. Andrew's "A"

March 20
Kowloon Tong "A" v. V.R.C.

March 27
Wanderers v. Kowloon Tong "B"

April 3
Chung Wah v. St. Andrew's "D"

April 10
St. Andrew's "B" v. Kowloon Tong "A"

April 17
Kowloon Tong "B" v. Chung Wah

April 24
Wanderers v. Kowloon Tong "A"

May 1
Kowloon Tong "B" v. V.R.C.

May 8
Friday, November 18

Recreio v. University

Kowloon Tong v. Recreio

University v. Recreio

December 22
v. Recreio

December 29
v. Recreio

January 5
v. Recreio

January 12
v. Recreio

January 19
v. Recreio

January 26
v. Recreio

February 2
v. Recreio

February 9
v. Recreio

February 16
v. Recreio

February 23
v. Recreio

February 30
v. Recreio

March 6
v. Recreio

March 13
v. Recreio

March 20
v. Recreio

March 27
v. Recreio

April 3
v. Recreio

April 10
v. Recreio

April 17
v. Recreio

April 24
v. Recreio

May 1
v. Recreio

May 8
v. Recreio

May 15
v. Recreio

May 22
v. Recreio

May 29
v. Recreio

June 5
v. Recreio

June 12
v. Recreio

June 19
v. Recreio

June 26
v. Recreio

July 3
v. Recreio

July 10
v. Recreio

July 17
v. Recreio

July 24
v. Recreio

July 31
v. Recreio

August 7
v. Recreio

August 14
v. Recreio

August 21
v. Recreio

August 28
v

HAROLD LARWOOD NOT PLAYING ANY MORE FIRST-CLASS CRICKET

London, Nov. 9. Harold Larwood, the Notts and former England fast bowler, who recently resigned from the Nottinghamshire C.C.C., will play for Blackpool in the Ribblesdale League next season.—Reuter.

The report of Larwood's retirement from county cricket came through last month. In a statement on the matter, the Notts committee said:

"It is a matter of general knowledge that for some time past owing to the condition of his knee, Harold Larwood has been unable to bowl. Having come to the conclusion, founded on medical advice, that there is no likelihood of any improvement, Larwood has generously asked the committee to release him from the remainder of his contract, which has another two years to run. This offer the committee has accepted whilst deeply regretting the circumstances which rendered it necessary."

Larwood was the central figure in the regrettable "body-line" controversy whilst touring with Mr. D. R. Jardine's tour in Australia in 1932-33. Since then he has steadfastly refused to take part in Test cricket.

Regarded as one of the best fast bowlers to have played for England in Test matches, Larwood played in two matches against Australia at home in 1920, five in Australia in 1920-21, three at home in 1930 and five in Australia in 1932-33. In 1920, he played in three Test matches against South Africa in England.

In the England v. Australia series, Larwood figured in an eighth wicket record partnership with "Patsy" Henderson in 1920-21 when they scored 124 runs at Brisbane to help England win by 675 runs.

Last summer, Larwood turned out for Notts in some of the earlier County Championship matches, but owing to his knee trouble he dropped out towards the latter part.

GOLF COMPETITIONS

Draw For Match-Play Of Kowloon Championship

The following is the draw for the match-play stage of the Kowloon Golf Club Championship:

W. C. Simson	W. A. Ahern
T. D. Paton	A. A. Lopes
T. Lamb	J. D. Thomson
G. P. Murray	W. Graves
H. P. Fincher	T. H. Low
W. H. H. H.	F. Christensen
W. A. Stewart	S. J. J.



Harold Larwood
No more first-class cricket.

GOVERNOR AT BOWLS Yacht Club's Victory By Two Shots

The Royal Hongkong Yacht Club lawn bowls team entertained the Governor's team in a three-rink game yesterday. Although two home rinks were defeated, the third won by a large margin to give a majority of 69-67.

W. A. Cornell, J. Owen Hughes, N.V.A. Croucher, G. S. Archibald, 10, Sir Geoffrey Southgate, 1, Newton, E. S. Carter, J. Deakin 22, R. I. Wild 16, F. L. Wynne-Jones, H. E. Laidell, J. T. Sinaley, J. McGowan 22, P. S. Cawley, C. B. Brown, W. S. Hansen, A. Nizam 37, N. L. Smith, E. W. Hamilton, C. B. Robinson, J. Smith 13.

J. McKelvie, V. A. L. Eastman, Captain's Cup Competition
W. A. Stewart, 75-8-67, and W. A. Ahern, 70-8-68, qualified for the Captain's Cup Competition during play on November 5 and 6.

ENGINEERS DEFEAT GUNNERS

After an exciting game at the Valley yesterday, Chinese Engineers gained two points at Stanley's expense by the odd goal in three. For the first quarter of an hour play was even, but the Sappers showed more craft. Goals were scarce, however, and for some time neither goalkeeper had any shot of note to deal with.

The first came when Wong Lam-ming made ground on the right, and when tackled flung across the high centre which Purdue caught in the air. Before he had time to clear, he was tackled by Chang Ying-kin and the ball rolled into the net.

The second half opened with the Artillery still pressing, but they could not make an impression on the defence. With quarter of an hour to go, Cheung Sun found himself in possession on the half-way line with a clear field and taking the ball down, put his side further ahead with a hard drive.

Five minutes later Dilnot scored with a well placed shot from outside the penalty area. For the Artillery, Marsh was outstanding, even becoming a sixth forward when his team was attacking.

Engineers—Lam Wah-shing, Li Muk-tan, Chang Wai, Lo Kam-bar, Chung Wai, Chan Chay, Wong Lai-ming, Tang Chung-pak, Chang Ying-kin, Chun Kam-piu, Cheung Sun, Stanley—Purdue, Marsh, Burrows, Dilnot, Miller, Farmer, Freer, Thackeray, Hill, Griffiths, Banks.

YACHTING RACES

Diana, Teal And Stella First Home

Diana, Teal and Stella won their respective classes in the sweepstake races held by the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club yesterday over 8.8 miles. "H" class started at 14.40, "A" at 14.45, "I" and "Y" at 14.55. Results:

	"H" Class	Finished	Corrd.	Pos.
Diana	(J. Gifford Hull)	16.31.45		1
Aeriel	(D. Wilkinson)	16.26.27	10.33.21	2
Collect	(J. G. Farr)	16.42.24	16.42.56	3
Teal	(J. E. Dobbs)	16.48.4		1
Eve	(E. Haider)	16.49.23		2
Jean	(J. E. Haider)	16.49.23		3
Reddwarf	(H. H. H. H.)	16.49.23		4
Painted Lady	(H. H. H. H.)	16.49.23		5
La Linda	(H. H. H. H.)	16.49.23		6
Maureen	(H. H. H. H.)	16.49.23		7
Kittiwake	(H. H. H. H.)	16.49.23		8
Stella	(J. W. Laidell, R.N.)	17.10.12	17.8.44	1
Roberta	(H. H. H. H.)	17.11.18	17.8.50	2
Alba	(H. H. H. H.)	17.12.16	17.12.16	3
	(W. A. Ingram)			

Rugby

FRANCE WISHES TO RESUME TIES WITH BRITISH ISLES

London, Oct. 17. There is a possibility that France may shortly be readmitted to the international rugby programme, from which she has for seven years been denied by England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales.

The home countries put the bar up against France in 1931, accusing her of permitting professional practices. France was told to go and do some house-cleaning, after which she could apply again.

Several times has she applied for readmittance to the illustrious circle, only to be rebuffed. This time, however, there seems to be a genuine move afoot to bring about restoration of playing relations.

The French declare that the Welsh R. U. are behind the latest effort and the attitude of the countries is briefly as follows:

The last official attempt by France to come in with us on the old friendly terms was made two years ago. The home Unions called for evidence showing that semi-professionalism had indeed been banished. As no such evidence was forthcoming, we must assume that the required proofs were not forthcoming.

The French insist that they have now "cleaned house," and the only point at issue is their championship

cup. The Rugby Union have no liking for cups, or a club championship, though their view is not shared in some parts of England.

NO WISH FOR TRAVEL
It would almost seem as if the chief Irish and Scottish objection to including France in the international programme is a dislike of long-distance travelling. The Irish viewpoint was expressed by an official who asked, "Why should our players have to suffer four Chunnel crossings to play one Rugby match?" The Scots, too, are very conservative and apparently are content to continue playing within the British Isles until the crack of doom.

The rugby game is having a hard fight to retain its popularity in France and badly needs British aid. One French writer plainly says: "When the split took place, we thought we could get along equally well without the British, but we were wrong. The playing of rugby is not possible without the British."

3 YEARS' SUFFERING with GASTRIC ULCER

To-day a happy man

Think of it. Three dragging years of daily torture! "Goodness knows I have suffered," writes Mr. S. A. and only those who have suffered from gastric ulcer can fully understand what he endured. Here is his letter:

"I feel it my duty to tell you of the wonderful results I had from Maclean Brand Stomach Powder. I have been suffering from Gastric Ulcer for three years and goodness knows I have suffered. I have had four X-rays and I don't think I have worked one full week in two years. To-day I am one of the happiest men through Maclean Brand Stomach Powder."

This is no isolated case. MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder is doing as much—often in seemingly hopeless cases—all over the country. And if this great remedy can do wonders in serious stomach disorders, what can it not do for your indigestion, heartburn, acidity or flatulence—the beginning of serious trouble? For remember, what at first seems slight indigestion may develop into a state of health that can only be cured with the surgeon's knife. Get a bottle at once—only look for the signature "ALEX. MACLEAN." Maclean Brand Stomach Powder is only genuine if this signature appears on bottle and carton. Powder or Tablets. Cheap imitations may only make your troubles worse. If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to Banker & Co., P. O. Box 703, Hong Kong. RS455.

Friday, Armistice Day, being a general holiday, the offices of the Club, Gloucester Building, will remain open until 1 p.m.

Macao Races Advanced By One Day

Record Number Of Sweep Tickets Sold

As announced, the November meeting of the Macao Jockey Club will now be held on Saturday, November 12, one day in advance of the original date.

The sale of tickets in the \$1 sweepstake on the Governor's Cup, the principal race on the programme, is over 9,000, which is a record for this monthly sweep. As it now stands, the first prize will be about \$5,000.

Friday, Armistice Day, being a general holiday, the offices of the Club, Gloucester Building, will remain open until 1 p.m.

Tempts All Eyes at Dance



Summary romance is reflected in this full-skirted dance frock worn by Peggy Carroll in a ballroom sequence for RKO Radio's "Carefree," in which the young player supports Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers. Silver sequins are sprinkled on the edge of the flowing skirt and clustered in bands to define the detailed bodice. Designed by Edward Stevenson, studio stylist.

SPORT ADVTS

THE MACAO JOCKEY CLUB

The November Race Meeting will be held at Arca Preta, Macao, on SATURDAY, 12th November, 1938, commencing at 2.15 p.m. The first bell will be rung at 1.45 p.m. approximately. The offices of the Club at Gloucester Building, 2nd Floor, will remain open on Friday, 11th November, up to 1 p.m.

By order,
S. W. CHENG,
Secretary.

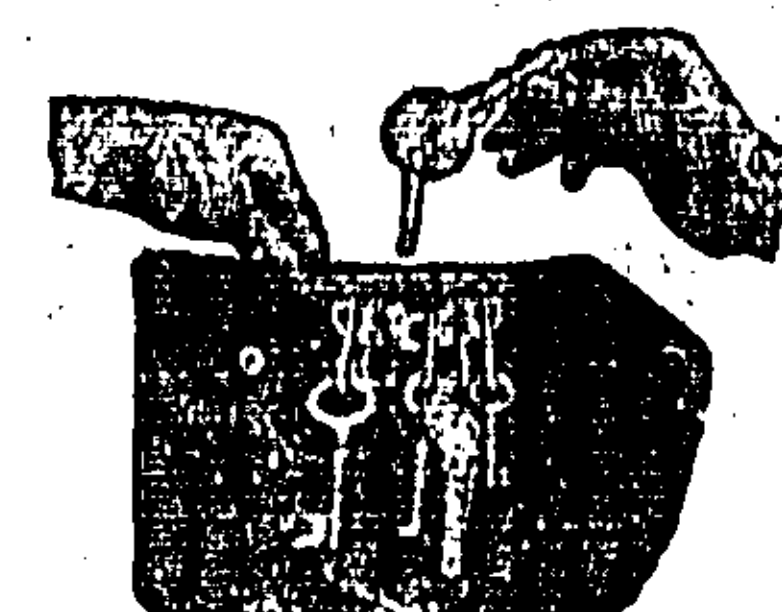
SEND A PRESENT HOME FOR XMAS

Come and make your choice and leave the rest to us.

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30% on Satsuma vases
20% on Ivory, Bronze and Cloisonne.

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Dealers in all kinds of Japanese goods.

THE NEW Feb. 28/51. BUXTON KEY-TAINER



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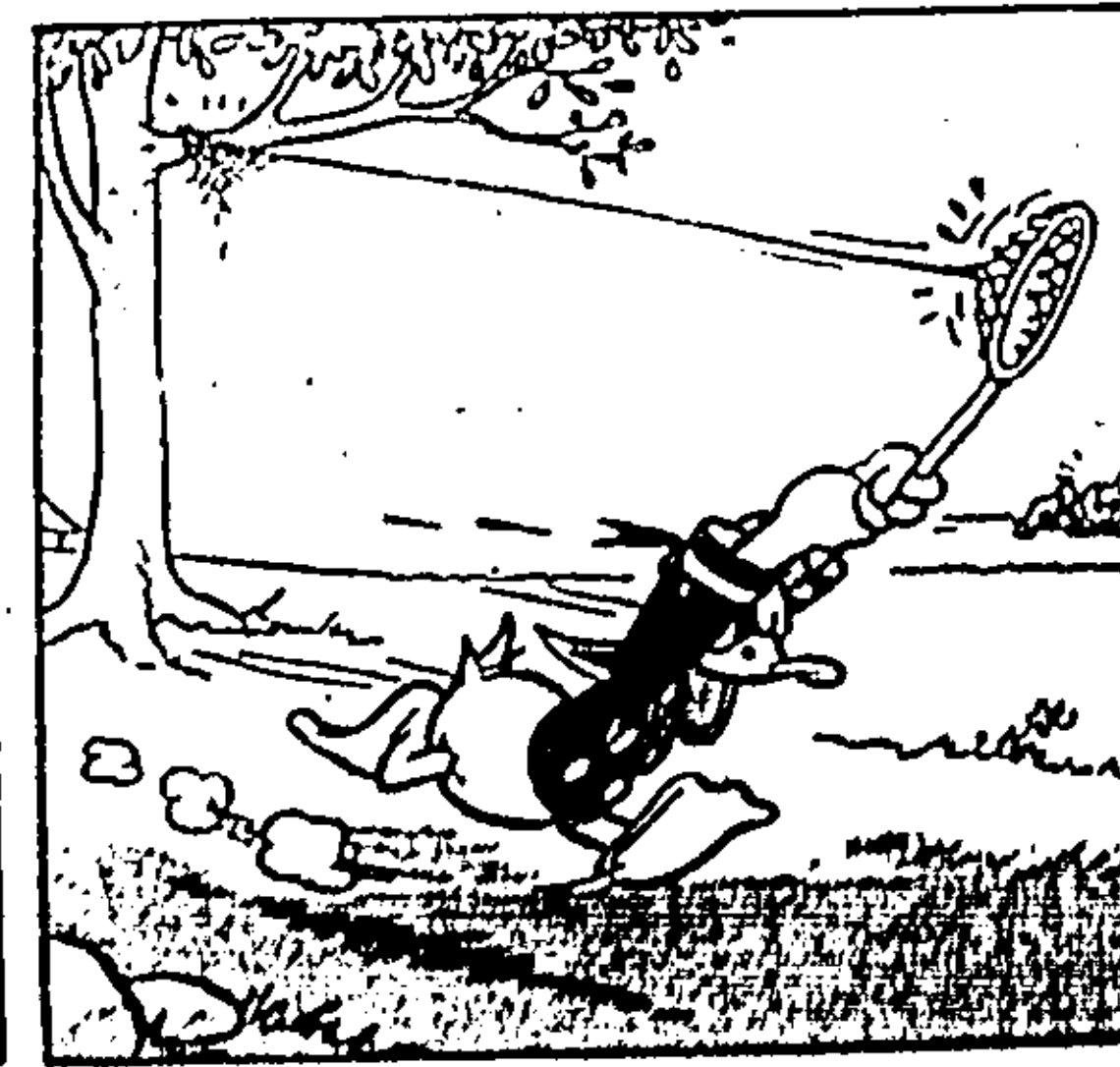
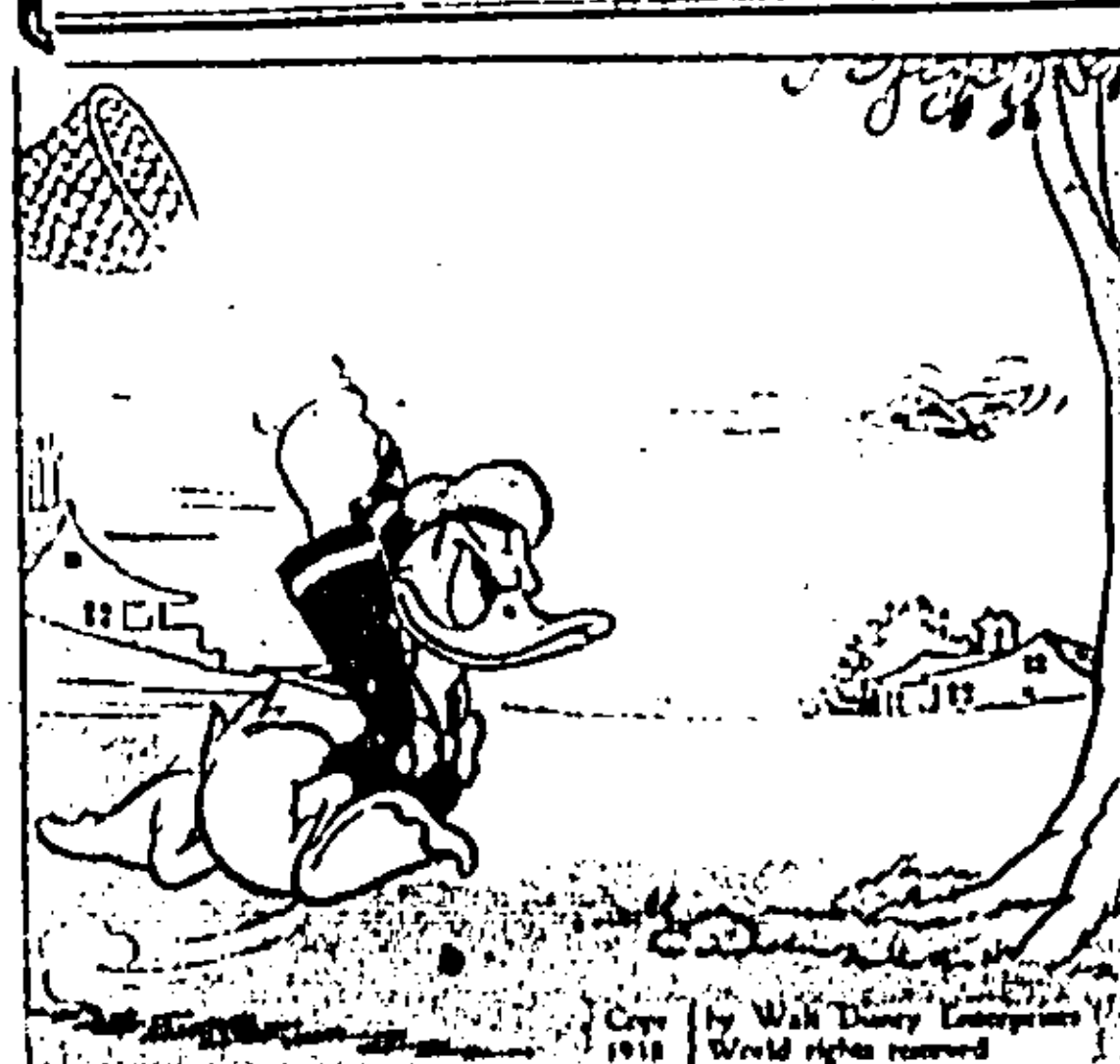
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BOOKED NOW

THE FINEST AFTERNOON
AND EVENING MEDIUM

FIFTY-FIFTY

THESE GIVE YOU
THE NEW LOW
LINE... WITHOUT
LEAVING YOUR
SHOULDERS quite
UNCOVERED...

NATURALLY you are going to have one of the new evening gowns with the low corsage. All the same, you may be feeling a little nervous about it. Your arms and neck are not what they were before the Summer. Or you are not quite certain how your husband will take such décolletage.

Here are three ways to solve your problem—you can keep the line without being quite so bare, or feeling so entirely unsupported.



Drawn
by ROBB

fining the line of the corsage from which they spring.
The bodice is held up by narrow ribbon straps. You must have the straps cerise or vivid green, or some bright colour contrasting with the frock. Then they don't break the line of the bodice.

PERHAPS you want to be a Gibson girl, like grandma? Well, take a look at the girl at the bottom of the picture. Her billowy-skirted gown is made of black velvet or rich tulle. The bodice is sheered up the front and stiffened with whalebone.

Stiff bows falling off the shoulders accentuate the low line, take away from the bare effect and give a feeling of support all at the same time.

They are made by tying pieces of the bodice, which continue back and without so much décolletage. front ribbonwise. If you choose a velvet gown remember to stiffen the bows.

If you want a youthful frock wards to the arms. Across the front which frolics in nylon and of the bodice stretch more flat leaves, paillettes, take a look at the middle emphasising the square cut away girl. Spangly sequins flow up, de-line.

IRIUM THRILLS MILLIONS WITH NEW LUSTER ON TEETH

PEPSODENT alone of all tooth pastes contains IRIUM which so amazingly restores natural brilliance to teeth!

Irium is the new modern way to remove dull, dingy film—make teeth sparkle, and keep the mouth clean and fresh.

So effective is IRIUM that one good brushing with Pepsodent tooth paste leaves enamel cleaner and more radiant than you have ever before experienced.



Anita Louisa, one of WALTER BROTHERS' FAVORITE, models in 'THE 50-BETTER'.

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33, Wong Nei Chung Road.

Kill Kidney Trouble Quick

Thousands of sufferers from kidney trouble and bladder weakness have stopped getting up nights, leg pains, circles under eyes, swollen ankles, nervousness, stiffness, rheumatism, diarrhoea, lumbago, burning, itching, smarting, acidity and loss of vigour by a Doctor's new discovery called Cystex (Bristol's). Gently soothes, tones, cleans and heals, raw sore kidneys. In 15 minutes Cystex starts purifying your blood, brings new health, youth and vitality in 48 hours. Guaranteed to end your troubles in 4 days or money back. Get Cystex at all chemists.

Items For The Home

NEW electric fires have a floodlit effect which gives a pleasing warm glow. Many of these floodlit models can be used either as a portable screen fire or can be built in as a permanent fixture.

The utility fire that is particularly good value is one that, besides heating your room, can also be used for boiling, drying, and toasting. Pans or a teapot can be kept hot on the hob extensions attached to the model.

Little did the brothers Grimm realise when they told the tale of "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs" how, in the years to come, these little figures of their imagination would come to life. We see them and hear them talk at cinema, we see them pictured on dress materials, on vases and bathroom accessories—and now they will illuminate our rooms.

Snow White, the Dwarfs, and their animal friends are reproduced in colour from Walt Disney's drawings in non-inflammable translucent shades for electric decoration lamps. These should prove very popular during the winter party season.

An iron of streamline shape has a bevelled edge for ironing round buttons. It is specially balanced, and has a handle shaped to prevent undue fatigue, as the hand is held in a natural and not a strained position.

A combined lamp and table clock is a practical and attractive novelty. The clock, made in both light and dark oak, has coloured "pips" to indicate the hours. The light oak has green, blue, or pink pips, and the dark oak models have pips of white or green. The lampshades, match whatever colour pips you choose.

Tomato Jam

TWO pounds each of tomatoes and loaf sugar, three lemons, one pint of water are needed. Skin the tomatoes and cut them up. Boil the lemons in water till soft, cut up finely, removing pips. Put the fruit into a pan with sugar and water in which lemons were boiled, and simmer till the jam sets. This will be in a little over one hour.

H. W. S.

IF you have any beauty problems, why not try Mrs. Boten's Beauty Salon which has a reputation of being the most reliable in the Colony.

Peninsula Hotel.

Tel. 58081, Extension 34.



Stale Cakes Transformed

AN elementary knowledge of cooking tells us that the basis of all well-made cakes is butter, sugar, flour, and eggs. When these ingredients which form the cake have become stale and dry it can be reduced to crumbs, and with the addition of something to moisten and re-bind, they can be used in many ways.

Fruit cake—sultana, cherry, &c.—contain all the requirements of a good steamed pudding. It needs to be finely crumbled, and re-bound with a little milk, fruit juice or egg. The same treatment to a plain cake will make a nice luncheon sweet, if it be baked in a shallow tin lined with pastry.

Cake crumbs mixed with jam, and used as a filling in a good short pastry, makes a delicious change from the ordinary jam tart.

Fancies and Biscuits
If moistened with a little fruit juice crumbs can be converted into delicious fancies for an afternoon tea party. Form them into oblongs or balls, cover with melted jelly, and roll in coconut or chopped nuts.

Tasty biscuits can be made by adding egg and flavouring to crumbs. Roll them out to about 1/4 inch in thickness, cut into fancy shapes, and bake in a moderate oven about seven to ten minutes. If decorated, when cold, with a little glace icing, these will be great favourites with the children.

A Festive-Looking Trifle
A really festive-looking trifle can be made with a stale sponge cake. Cut it up into fingers, arrange these in a glass dish, and spread on a little jam. Dissolve a pint lemon jelly in hot water, and while it is still hot pour half over the sponge cakes. Allow the other half to become cold, then whip up till it is light and frothy. Pile on top of sponge cakes, and decorate with glace cherries.

Isobel

Variety In The Menu

WE cannot be always thinking up entirely new dishes for meals, but old favourites can be transformed by the addition of a new sauce or stuffing, or a new way of serving. After all, if your family is fond of hot roast pork, it seems a pity to deny it them because you can think of only one way of serving it and that is getting monotonous.

Instead of making apple sauce, why not try serving roast pork as they do in the West of England—covered with clotted cream?

Another surprising but delightful combination comes from South Africa. Slices of brown bread and butter are spread with orange marmalade and then highly peppered. Between two pieces is placed a slice of Dutch cheese. Just try it!

Cream cheese is much improved if it is sprinkled with fine sugar, as is done in many parts of Europe, and our American cousins can tell you all about hot gingerbread spread with cream cheese.

From America, too, comes the custom of serving mayonnaise dressing with fruit salad. Americans have taught us, also, to try bananas and to serve a slice of fried pineapple with the breakfast bacon. Try these tips for brighter breakfasts.

And even the pre-breakfast fruit-juice need not be monotonous, if you mix your drinks. Pineapple-juice and tomato-juice in equal quantities make a delightful drink, and one which has a marvellous effect on the complexion.

M. D.

Useful Glycerine

CHAPPED hands yield readily to treatment with glycerine and rose-water, mixed in equal proportions. This mixture will also relieve rough or windburnt skin and should be gently smoothed on as soon as possible after the exposure.

In the home laundry, use a tablespoonful to each tub of water when washing blankets, and the wool will retain its fleeciness; and if a little is added to the suds in which chambray leather belts are washed, the leather will remain soft and flexible.

When preserving beech leaves for winter decoration, first cover the branches in salted water for a few hours. Now place them in a jar of glycerine and water in the proportion of two-thirds water and one-third glycerine. Leave until all this liquid has been absorbed.

The branches are now ready for arrangement throughout the house, and the leaves will retain their shape and colour all winter.

M. L. D.

EWOMALTONIC

If you are run-down, nervous and cannot sleep, drink a bottle of Maltonic just before going to bed.

You will sleep well and arise feeling strong and full of energy.

For Health, Energy and Enjoyment drink Maltonic daily.

Obtainable from all compradores, dispensaries or from

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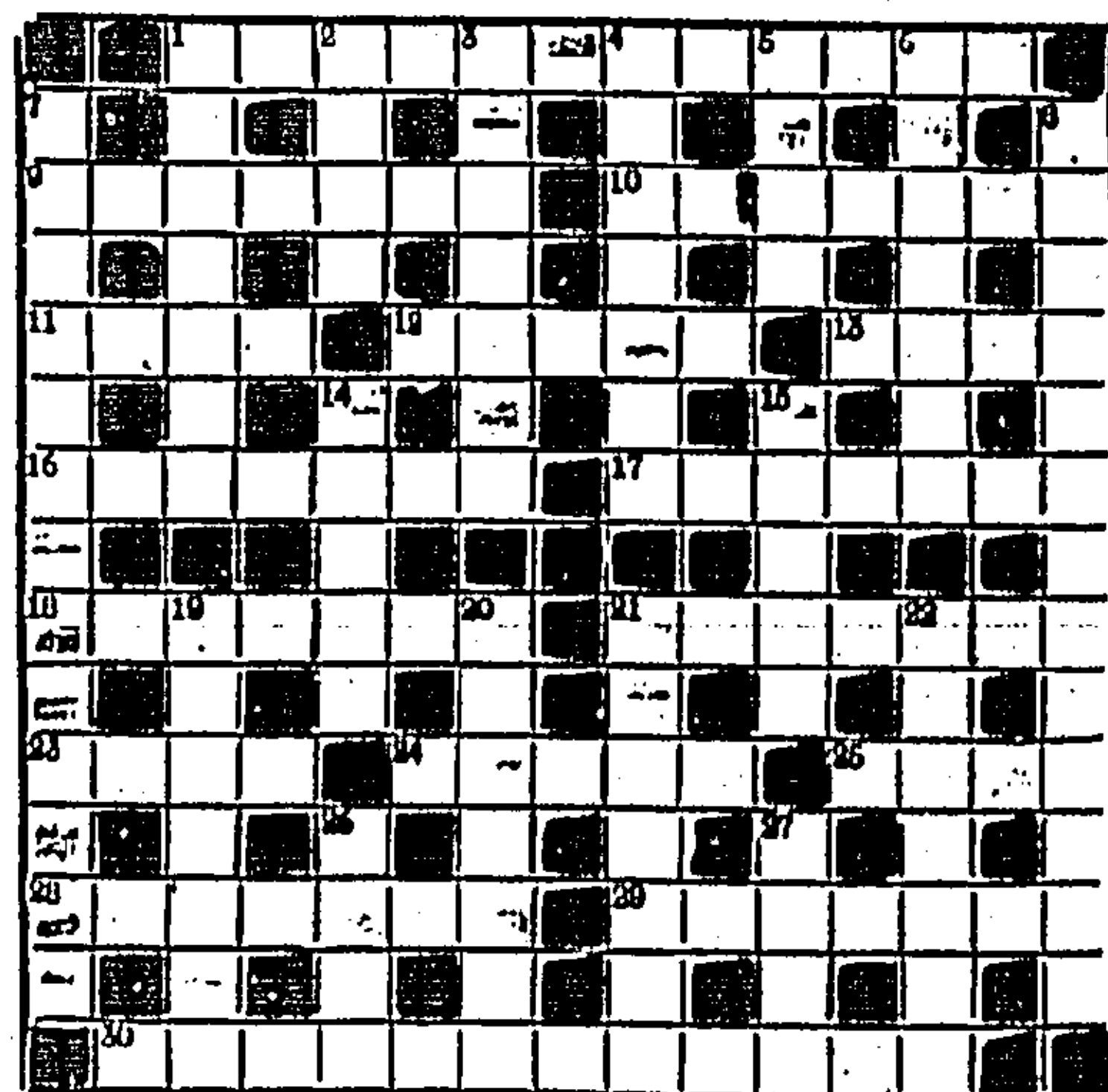
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OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



ACROSS

- 1 Hand and hip play a part in this meal (three words—4, 3, 5).
- 2 Esteem (7).
- 3 Drink with skill in (7).
- 4 It can fix the deal, but has to be driven (4).
- 5 Its revolutions transport itself beheaded (5).
- 6 One vehicle includes another (4).
- 7 A naive young thing (7).
- 8 It may be ready to listen to any young swine! (two words—4, 3).
- 9 It lives in the sea but is mostly a slope with us (7).
- 10 The quack doctor should find even part of this a good card to play (7).
- 11 One of the big noises (4).
- 12 Many in a financial affair are vacant (5).
- 13 In retreat he's a frost (4).
- 14 The start of many a game (7).
- 15 Wicked claim to be otherwise (7).
- 16 Sauce that cook should avoid (12).

DOWN

- 1 If you want a fine figure try this (7).
- 2 A dish not from the East (4).
- 3 The documents in this case might be important (7).
- 4 Make light of it by putting in more bulbs (7).
- 5 Many animals (4).
- 6 This notable person comes to talk foolishly when I'm gone (7).

- 7 You are observing what has gone through it (two words—8, 5).
- 8 It's a brave man that owns it (two words—8, 5).
- 9 Bird (5).
- 10 These animals may mostly be drunk (5).
- 11 Literal change of one article on two animals (7).
- 12 Few in a yachting centre are sound financially (7).
- 13 A retiring person might live in it on it (7).
- 14 Make up (7).
- 15 10 down of 25 across (4).
- 16 Revolutionary change of part of 14 down (4).

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION

IMPOTUNE
FADUERS
GOODFOUNOUGHT
POTABOKENSTRE
LOREBOKENSTRE
THECOURLEFP
CURIOUSLEEPER
HAPLONTERE
DIAMONDSONAPB
AHNONOLENCE
REELSWEETSTON
KONBNNIUIIT
STARTINGPICK
BIBINHAE
WEIGHTILY

COUNT THE
"TELEGRAPHS"
EVERYWHERE

AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

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for SLANDER

ANN TODD • MARGARETTA SCOTT

GARY COOPER in

United Artists "The Adventures of Marco Polo"

TO - MORROW

United Artists

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LAUGHS! ROMANCE! DYNAMITE! ACTION!

JACK OAKIE

in "THE AFFAIRS OF ANABEL"

RUTH CONNELLY

BRADLEY PAGE

FRITZ FELD

THURSTON HALL

ELIZABETH RIDON

Directed by BEN STOLOFF Produced by LOU LUTZ Screen Play by Ben Granet and Paul Yawitz

ADDED! NEW ISSUE MARCH OF TIME

"MEN OF MEDICINE, 1938"

A portrayal of your doctor — his life — his work, etc.

TO - MORROW

RKO Picture

FRED ASTAIRE - GINGER ROGERS

in "CAREFREE"

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.15-7.15-9.30

ORIENTAL

THEATRE

LAST 4 TIMES TO-DAY

GLAMOUR RIPPED FROM THE UNDERWORLD "BIG SHOTS"

It turns the spotlight on a fresh and startling angle of gangsterdom, a heart-tugging and thrilling picture.

THE PICTURE THAT RIPS THE GLAMOR FROM UNDERWORLD "BIG-SHOTS"

"HUNTED MEN"

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Charles Holden • Donald Crisp • Eric O'Brien • Henry O'Neill

Louis Calhern • Morris Carowitz • Directed by William Dieterle

Screen Play by Norman Krasna, Based on the Novel by Emile Zola

Produced by WARNER BROS.

MATINEES: 20c-30c • EVENINGS: 20c-30c-50c-70c

N. Y. FAIR: CHINA NOT TO TAKE PART

Official Decision Is Announced

CHUNGKING, Nov. 9. IT IS OFFICIALLY announced that the Executive Yuan at a recent meeting here has decided not to participate in the New York World's Fair next year at Flushing Meadows.

The Chinese decision not to participate, it is explained, was made following a telegraphic advice from Dr. Hu Shih, Chinese Ambassador to Washington, stating that time is already too short for the shipment of exhibits from China, which must reach New York before January 1, 1939.

Due to the manifold difficulties in communication, it would be impossible for the Chinese goods and merchandise, mostly from the interior, to be transported to America within the short period of barely over a month.

The Chinese Government believes that China's decision to withdraw from participation will be understood by the United States Government, especially during the present hostilities.

The Chinese Government's withdrawal, it is further stated, does not preclude individual Chinese firms or merchants from participating in the World Fair in private capacity.

Central News.

STOCK MARKET REPORT

The Hongkong Stock Exchange official summary issued at 12.30 p.m. yesterday, says:

Although the market remained quiet there was some enquiry for a few of the lower priced stocks, but the short session did not allow of this enquiry broadening.

Union Insurance 47 1/2
Raffles 50 1/2
Peak Trains (Old) 50 1/2
Yam Seng 50 1/2
China Lights (Old) 50 1/2
H.K. Govt. 4 1/2
H.K. Govt. 5 1/2
Marmans (Lon) 19 1/2
Provident (Old) 50 1/2
Star Ferries 50 1/2
China Lights (Old) 50 1/2
Union Insurance 47 1/2
Antares 50 1/2
Atolls 50 1/2
Banyan Gold 24 1/2
Banyan Consol 12 1/2
Coco Grove 50
Consolidated Mines 60 1/2
Democrat 25 1/2
L.X.L. 50
Paracale Gums 13 1/2
San Maurilio 13 1/2
Suyoc Consol 22
United Paracale 50

LATE NEWS

VON RATH DIES

Paris, Nov. 9. Herr Ernst von Rath, Third Secretary of the German Embassy in Paris, who was shot by an assailant in the Embassy on Monday, died to-night from his wounds after desperate endeavours to save his life by blood transfusions, says a United Press message.

Street Sale of White Poppies Next P.P.U. Move

IT IS UNDERSTOOD that although white poppies will not be sold in Hongkong streets on Friday to mark Armistice Day, if the Hongkong Peace Pledge Union desires to arrange streets sales next year, the authorities will give consideration to the application.

This intimation has been given by the police authorities to officials of the Peace Pledge Union.

White poppies are sold on Armistice Day in the streets in England, and several thousands are disposed of every year.

Veteran Missionary Dies In H.K.

En Route Home From New Guinea

Thirty-five years' patient, self-sacrificing service closed for the Rev. Father Emile Jerome, S.V.D., when his body was interred in St. Michael's Roman Catholic Cemetery, Happy Valley, on Wednesday afternoon. Stricken ill at his work in Madang, New Guinea, Father Jerome began a journey to his home in Alsace, France, but a painful death checked his worldly travellings at Hongkong.

The late Father Jerome was 62 years of age.

In 1895, leaving his native Alsace, he entered the Society of the Divine Word, a missionary congregation having its headquarters in Steyl, Holland. He was ordained a priest in 1903 and sent out to the New Guinea Mission of Wewak, province of Madang, where he saw the growth of that brave undertaking to a flourishing mission staffed with about 50 fathers and 75 brothers, working mainly among the native tribes called Kanakas. The territory, once a German colony, is now under Australian administration.

When illness interrupted the work it was hoped that his native country climate might improve his health and he was ordered to repatriate. On his way home, however, accompanied by Lay Brother Bartholomew, he had to wait in Hongkong for his boat to Europe.

Here, his case became more grievous and he was compelled to enter St. Paul's Hospital, Causeway Bay, where, despite every care, he died on Wednesday afternoon.

Bishop Vallarta led the burial service, paying the last, well-merited honours to a veteran of the mission field. Several fathers of the local mission and some sisters were also present and sang ritual prayers.

TURKEY'S DICTATOR UNCONSCIOUS

Death Now Thought Imminent

ISTANBUL, Nov. 9. KEMAL ATATURK is unconscious according to to-night's bulletin, which adds that the seriousness in his general condition has increased.

It is believed that death is imminent.

Kemal Ataturk's adopted daughter and his sister are keeping constant watch in a nearby room.

There is grave concern among the entire Turkish people. Police patrols are being strongly reinforced and precautionary measures are being taken.

The Prime Minister, arrived at the palace this afternoon, following an all-night journey from Ankara.

It is officially stated that a communique concerning Ataturk's condition will be issued shortly. It is feared that this may reveal the death of the President.—Reuter.

EXCHANGE

Selling

T.T. London 1s. 2 1/2 / 32
Demand 1s. 2 1/2 / 32
T.T. Shanghai 175 Nom.
T.T. Singapore 53
T.T. Japan 110
T.T. India 82 1/2
T.T. U.S.A. 29 3/4
T.T. Manila 53 1/2
T.T. Batavia 149 1/2
T.T. Bangkok 110
T.T. Saigon 110
T.T. France 110
T.T. Germany 73 1/4
T.T. Switzerland 129 1/4
T.T. Australia 176 1/2

Buying

4 m/s L/c London 1/3 1/2 / 32
4 m/c D/p do. 1/3 1/2 / 32
4 m/s L/c U.S.A. 11 1/2
4 m/s France 11 1/2
30 d/s India 84 1/2
U.S. Cross rate in London 475 1/2

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Daily at 12.30, 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.
PRICES 35 cts. - 45 cts. - 55 cts.

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Take Bus No. 4 or 5 going west, 3 min. from stop opposite Queen's

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YOU SHOULD TRY — IN FACT —
YOU MUST TRY OUR CREPE
GEORGETTE STOCKINGS — THEIR
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TO-DAY ONLY

Vive La Dance! Vive La Romance! Vive La France!

GOLD DIGGERS IN PARIS

RUDY VALLEE ROSEMARY LANE • HUGH HERBERT • ALLEN JENKINS

SCHWICKELFELTZ HAND

TO - MORROW "A YANK AT OXFORD" MGM Picture

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TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

YOU'LL LAUGH YOURSELF SILLY AT THIS MAD, INSANE, HILARIOUS MAN-HUNT!

SHE GOT HER MAN!

Samuel Goldwyn PRESENTS

WOMAN CHASES MAN

MIRIAM HOPKINS • JOEL McCREA

CHARLES WINNINGER • ERIK RHODES

ELLA LOGAN • LEONA MARBLE • BRODERICK CRAWFORD

RELEASED THRU UNITED ARTISTS

COMMENCING SATURDAY

THE ARISTOCRAT OF FUN SHOWS! THE SHOW THAT HAS EVERYTHING!

THE GOLDWYN

IN TECHNICOLOR GERSHWIN SONGS

with ADOLPHE MENJOU THE RITZ BROTHERS

ZORINA • KENNY BAKER

"CHARLIE MCCARTHY"

SALE OF PROPERTY

Demolish or Repair Order to Buyer

Leasehold property in King's Road district went under the hammer yesterday at Messrs. Lamert Bros., auctioneers, when, after keen bidding, Mr. Chan Yung, of No. 3, Gordon Road, became the owner at \$29,000.

Bidding began at \$20,500 and went up by \$500 bids.

Mr. M. J. Abbott, Assistant Crown Solicitor, attended the auction.

The property, which was sold by the Crown, comprised 16 dwelling houses at King's Road and Ming Yuen Western Street, but these are not fully occupied as they are in a bad state of repair.

One of the conditions of sale was that the purchaser, within two months of attaining ownership, put the premises in habitable repair or demolish them.

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5 passenger De Luxe Sedan

29.4 h.p. 22 miles per gallon

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CHOOSE YOUR CARDS EARLY!
WHITEAWAY'S

JAPANESE CLAIM FALL OF YOCHOW CLOSE TO HAND

Chinese Defenders Said Retreating Westwards

TSUNGYANG, Nov. 10.

YOCHOW, SISTER CITY OF CHANGSHA on the outlet of Tungting Lake, which is an important city both from the commercial and strategic points of view, will fall to the Japanese forces in the immediate future as the Japanese troops late Wednesday night reached the outskirts of the city.

Bitter fighting is reported in progress around the city on Thursday morning. The Chinese forces entrenched in their prepared fortifications offered a desperate resistance against the Japanese canvassing attack.

Permitting the Japanese forces to press on the walls of Yochow, the Chinese surrendered Yunkai, key strategic point 15 miles northeast of Yochow, to the attacking forces at 4 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon.

With their pill-box and covered fortresses proving inefficient, the Chinese defenders started a general retreat from the fore lines of the Yochow defences. The speedy Fujika detachment leading various columns of Japanese forces are rapidly closing in on the historical city along the Hankow-Canton Railway.

Democrats Sustain Further Reverses

Republicans Again
Power In Politics

NEW YORK, Nov. 9. THE REPUBLICANS have turned the tide of the New Deal and have again become a major political force capable of hotly fighting for the Presidency in 1940.

On the basis of virtually complete returns the G.O.P. has gained eight seats in the Senate and are slightly ahead in the Indiana and Iowa neck-and-neck races.

Republican Representatives elected number 157 according to returns received at 7 p.m. to-day, an increase of 69 seats, while 27 additional seats remain doubtful.

The Republicans have also gained 11 governorships.

Postmaster Farley claimed that the Republican victories in Connecticut, Rhode Island and Nebraska could be attributed to local issues.

INTRA-PARTY STRIFE

The Republican victories in Ohio, Oregon, Massachusetts, and Pennsylvania were the results of Democratic intra-party strife.

Mr. Herbert Hoover said the elections are a protest by the American people against the New Deal. He said it showed the Republican Party to be reinvigorated and called on the Party to gird itself for 1940.

Mr. William Green, Chairman of the American Federation of Labour regards the outcome as a rout of the Committee of Industrial Organisation, proving "that the public are sick and tired of C.I.O. tactics."

The Republican tide in the eastern New Deal regimes has rolled west to engulf Senator La Follette's pledge to form a third party, Governor Murphy's defeat is attributed largely to his leniency during the sit-down strikes. Other quarters hail the Republican victories as a significant (Continued on Page 4.)

Big War Supplies For China Via Burma

Roads Closed To
Private Vehicles

RANGOON, Nov. 9. THE RANGOON NEWS-PAPER, "New Light of Burma," in a despatch from Sienni, near the British military station at Lashio, has reported that 320 truckloads of arms and ammunition passed through Lashio in the direction of the Chinese frontier to-day.

The report asserted that the roads were closed to other vehicles.

It is noteworthy that it is reported that on both the Chinese and Burmese sides of the frontier, the roads have been improved, and new routes built to give an improved route to Yunnan, which has become the most important entry for goods into China since the Hongkong-Canton route was cut.—United Press.

CHINESE TAKE OWN SUPPLIES

Hanoi, Nov. 10. A sensation was caused here to-day following the revelation that a detachment of Chinese troops led by General Liao Lei of the Kwangsi Army took away 65 trucks and 12 ambulance cars from the wharves of Haiphong en route to Kwangsi on Monday last.

The Chinese transport corps arrived at Haiphong from Kwangsi on November 8, it is revealed. The steps were understood to have been taken by the Chinese because the French authorities, apparently in deference to the Japanese protest, refused to associate themselves with the transport of Chinese goods through Indo-China.

Those articles destined for the Chinese which still remain in Haiphong will also be taken away by the Chinese under their own auspices, it is pointed out.

Among the ambulance cars taken away is one which has been sent by Mahatma Gandhi to the Chinese, local newspapers report.—Domel.



THE NEW P. & O. LINER CANTON berthed at Kowloon wharf. The Canton arrived in Hongkong yesterday on her maiden voyage to the Far East.

Embassy Officer Dies Of Wounds

PARIS, Nov. 9.

HERR ERNST VON RATH, Third Secretary of the German Embassy in Paris, who was shot by an assailant in the Embassy on Monday, died to-night from his wounds after desperate endeavours to save his life by blood transfusions, says a United Press message.

A Reuter message says that Herr von Rath died at 4.30 p.m. G.M.T. He was unconscious towards the end.

Dr. Brandt, Herr Hitler's personal physician, and Professor Magims Magnus of Munich had hurried to Paris in an effort to save the diplomat's life.

BULLETS CAUSED DEATH

Paris, Nov. 9. The death of the German Embassy Secretary, Herr Ernst von Rath, who was fatally wounded on Monday by the Polish Jew, Herschel Grynszpan occurred here this afternoon at 4.30.

The attending physicians reported at 4 o'clock that there was little hope of saving the life of the German and half an hour later the news of his death was announced.

The bulletin issued shortly thereafter by the German physicians who made the trip to Paris at the request of the German Chancellor read as follows:

"The Legation, Councillor and National Socialist Party member von Rath has succumbed to the bullet wounds received on November 7. The condition of the patient became worse in the course of this forenoon and a new blood transfusion had only a temporary effect. The circulation could not be stimulated sufficiently by applications to the heart and the fever remained high.

"Towards noon the effect of the stomach wound in connection with the loss of blood became noticeable. The ebbing strength could not be sustained and death occurred at 4.30.

"The French surgeon, Dr. Baumgartner, after performing the operation, continued to treat the patient in the most careful manner. The clinic de Larma placed its excellent equipment at his disposal and the personnel co-operated in a self-sacrificing manner."

The death of the Legation Councillor which occurred in spite of all efforts was due to the seriousness of the bullet wounds alone. The German Ambassador, Count Weltecke, visited Herr von Rath to-day a short time before his death and spent several minutes at his bedside. The parents of the deceased also visited him and although he recognised them, they were not allowed to converse with him owing to his extremely weak state.—Trans-Ocean.

Canton Damage Totals Millions

THE FIRST ASSESSMENT of the damage caused to Canton by the great fire has now been received in Hongkong.

It has cost the former Kwangtung capital many millions of dollars.

At least half of the prosperous business centre of the western section of the city has been completely gutted.

In addition, almost the entire city has been looted, either by the Chinese just before and after the city was evacuated, or subsequently by the Japanese.

All big buildings along the Sai Tai Bund, including the Post Office, the (Continued on Page 4.)

GOVERNMENT TO TAKE DRASTIC ACTION

Paris, Nov. 9. The French Government has decided to take drastic measures in order to prevent a further influx of undesirable aliens into France according to the papers this evening.

The new regulations will be announced simultaneously with other decrees now being drafted, publication of which is expected at the end of the week. The new regulations, which will be far more drastic than those now in force, will, so it is declared, be directed against such foreigners whose passports are not in order, and against those who remain in France although the authorities refuse to extend their residential permits.

The frontier authorities will, moreover, probably be advised to admit political fugitives only in exceptional cases.—Trans-Ocean.

Armistice Day Observation In Hongkong

WHEN, AT THE ELEVENTH HOUR of November 11, 1918, peace descended on a world that had been racked by strife for four horrible years the nations' relief found vent in tumultuous rejoicing.

When the anniversary of that hour arrives to-morrow it will be signalled by two minutes' peaceful silence—two minutes that years of observance have made sacred to memory of those who fought for the peace so dearly won in 1918 and to grateful homage to them.

Complete silence is unattainable in such a bustling port as Hongkong, but at least as far as possible to-morrow the blare of harbour whistles and the blast of motor horns will be subdued for that treasured few moments of respectful assembly at the Cenotaph.

Chinese sandals are now clattering about on the feet of a generation which knew nothing of the world war, and, indeed, comprehends little of the present Chinese struggle, but it is probable that not even the clatter of a Chinese sandal will break the solemn silence in the vicinity of the Cenotaph at 11 a.m. to-morrow.

APPEAL FOR CO-OPERATION

As officer responsible for arranging the details of the ceremony to-morrow, Brigadier A. B. Thomson appeals for co-operation with respect to the observance of the two minutes' silence. To this end he has addressed a letter to the principal land and water transportation companies of Hongkong.

It is hoped that, as far as is compatible with safety, the public will endeavour to hush distracting noises during the brief reverent interval at the cenotaph.

Addresses at the Cenotaph will be amplified through a public speaker system which the Hongkong Telephone Company is installing free.

The gathering at the Cenotaph will include two officers and a member of the U.S. destroyer John D. Ford.

A change in the most symbolic moment in to-morrow's commemorative gestures will be the appearance on the breasts of members of the Peace Pledge Union of white poppies in place of the generally worn red poppies.

Red poppies will be sold in the streets as usual, all proceeds to be devoted to the care of those disabled and made dependent by the war.

DAVENTRY BROADCASTS

The following arrangements have been made by the B.B.C. for short-wave broadcasts to the Empire in connection with Armistice Day:

As in past years, the Armistice Day ceremonies at the Cenotaph, Whitehall, will be heard from Daventry. Music played by the massed bands of the U.S. Marine, Coldstream, Scots, and Welsh Guards, will open the broadcast, and the customary short Service of Remembrance that follows the Two Minutes' Silence will be conducted by the Bishop of London.

As has now become the practice, the beginning of the Silence will be marked by Big Ben's striking eleven o'clock, and its close by the firing of a gun and Last Post.

Transmission 2, November 11, 6.25 p.m. H.K.T.

Transmission 3, November 11, 11.15 p.m. H.K.T.

Transmission 4, November 12, 6.05 a.m. H.K.T.

Arrangements have also been made to broadcast the great Festival of Empire and Remembrance, organised by the British Legion at the Albert Hall, London, on the evening of Armistice Day. As the massed bands of the Brigade of Guards play appropriate marches, listeners will be able to visualise the entry of the massed standards of the British Legion, and the detachments representing Service and ex-Service organisations.

Listeners will, of course, have many opportunities of joining in the War-time choruses that are such a feature of the Festival. The commentary from Daventry will be given by F. H. Grisewood.

Transmission 1, November 12, 5 p.m. H.K.T.

Transmission 2, November 12, 10 p.m. H.K.T.

Transmission 1, November 12, 4 p.m. a.m. H.K.T.

ARMISTICE DAY PREPARATIONS

On Friday morning, listeners to Transmission 1 will be told how London is preparing to observe Armistice Day. A. G. Street, farmer, author, and a frequent speaker in the "Green and Pleasant" series (Continued on Page 4.)

CHUNGKING PLAN FOR PROLONGED RESISTANCE

HANOI, Nov. 10.

A 3-POINT PROGRAMME has been mapped out by the National Government for the development of the South-western provinces of China in preparation for a prolonged war of resistance, according to information available in Chinese sources here.

The three points are:
The provinces of Szechuen, Yunnan, Kweichow and Kwangsi will be divided into 6 districts for the purpose of cultivating paddy-fields and promoting the production of food materials. Two corps of surveying engineers have been dispatched to the provinces in this connection.
In order to promote transport facilities, new water route will be opened to link the Kinshaklang River with Kunming.
Hydraulic power generation plants will be constructed at various places in the South-western Provinces.—Domel.

LATE NEWS

Canton Road Project Dropped By Govt.

Reducing The
Deficit

Opening the debate on the Budget in Legislative Council this afternoon, the Colonial Secretary, Hon. Mr. N. L. Smith, said:

On October 13, 1938, by a Resolution of the Council, the draft estimates of expenditure for 1939 were referred to a Select Committee consisting of myself, the Financial Secretary and all unofficial members of this Council. We now present our report in the form of the redrafted print hearing to-day's date.

After due consideration the Committee deemed it prudent to consider the possibility of a less favourable revenue position than the 1938 figures would in more normal times justify.

The Committee was assured that every item of Special Expenditure in all departments and every item of Public Works Extraordinary requires independent sanction apart from the general provision offered by the Appropriation Bill. It was also assured that recurrent works, such as maintenance of roads or buildings, can without difficulty be retarded should the financial position in 1939 make this desirable.

\$796,000 SAVED

On this understanding the estimates have been left substantially as originally drafted, except for the excision of certain items representing a gross saving of \$796,000. On the other hand certain additions have been made to the original draft estimates, most of them small items erroneously omitted in the first place, but in two cases more considerable sums, namely \$18,000 for the implementation in part of the recommendations of the Committee on the training of teachers, and \$20,000 under Public Works Extraordinary for the adaptation of part of the Victoria Gaol to accommodate remand prisoners and the like, at present housed in Stanley Gaol. Neither (Further Late News on Page 12.)

Japan's Population Has Million Added In Year

TOKYO, Nov. 10.

THE POPULATION in Japan Proper on October 1 stood at 72,222,700, showing an increase of 969,900 on the numbers last year, according to an estimate made public by the Statistics Bureau of the Cabinet.

The population of Japan Proper (excluding 36,040,000, has increased by 2,969,552 in the past three years. Males number 30,102,700 and by Oct. 1, 1937, followed by 3,320,000.—Domel.

Soldiers Die In Palestine

JERUSALEM, Nov. 9.

Two British soldiers were killed to-day and several were seriously wounded in clashes near this city. Firing occurred near the town of Kalkilich, and another clash at Irish near Tulkarem, where British troops had surrounded an Arab band.

Both sides suffered heavy losses, while military operations are much hindered by rains.—Trans-Ocean.

U. S. ELECTIONS: HEAVY GAIN BY REPUBLICANS

But Roosevelt Maintains Control of Both Houses

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.

With 58 results outstanding, the state of the parties in the House of Representatives, following the elections, is now:

Democrats	232
Republicans	143
Progressives	2

The Senate results to date are as follows:

Democrats	66
Republicans	23
Farm Labour	2
Progressives	1
Independent Republican	1

Of the new State Governors elected, 11 are Democrats and 16 Republican.—Reuter.

It is noteworthy that to date, the Republicans have gained 44 seats in the House of Representatives, and it is certain that this will be increased to 60 or more by the time the final figures are known.

In the Senate, the Republicans have added eight seats to their previous holding, while the Democrats have lost ten.

REPUBLICANS STILL WINNING

New York, Nov. 9. The late election returns have broadened the scope of the Republican tide, and restored the Republicans to the status of a major party.

Tabulations in the middle of the afternoon showed that the Republicans had made a net gain of eight Senators, and were leading close races for two other seats, while the Democrats before the election were holding.

Republicans not only include eleven Governors, and there are clear indications that they will win up to 70 Representative seats now held by the Democrats.

However, the New Dealers retain majorities in both Houses, and control in more than half the State administrations, through Governorships.

President Roosevelt, receiving reports of the results at Hyde Park refused to make any comment, but Mr. Herbert Hoover said: "The Republicans are now in a position to restore faith in the American."

Mr. James Farley, the Postmaster-General admitted that the Republican victories exceeded expectations, but he insisted that the results showed that the country was "still strongly behind the humanitarian policies of President Roosevelt."

The Democrats lost the senatorships of New Hampshire, New Jersey, Ohio, Oregon, South Dakota, Wisconsin, Connecticut, and Kansas, and are trailing in Indiana and Iowa.

They have also lost the governorships of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Michigan, together with nine others. However, the Republicans lost California, Maryland, and North Dakota.

The Republicans now hold 145 seats in the House of Representatives.—United Press.

Chinese Warship Claimed As Japanese Capture

SHANGHAI, Nov. 10.

The Chinese warship Yungcheng was captured by Japanese forces near Hsintai, about 30 miles below Yochow on the Yangtze River at 3.40 on Tuesday, a Japanese naval communique announced at 4.00 p.m. on Wednesday.

According to the communique, the Japanese Yangtze fleet advanced past Loshan, only 20 miles downstream from Yochow, and suppressing the Chinese forces on both banks of the river is at present pressing hard on Yochow.

Part of the naval landing forces assisted the Army forces in mopping up remnants of Chinese troops in the city of Hsintai on Tuesday, the communique adds.—Domei.

Tokyo Reply To U.S. Note In Making

Tokyo, Nov. 9.

It is understood that the Foreign Office, after inter-departmental negotiations, is drafting a reply to the American note of October 6 which made representations to the Japanese Government for the safeguarding of American trade interests in China on the basis of the open-door and equal-opportunity principle.

The reply is likely to be forthcoming next week.—Domei.

Protests At New Taxes

Peiping, Nov. 9.

It is understood that representations are being made to the authorities concerned by British tobacco interests hit by the adverse tax at Kalgan, where all cigarettes entering the territory of the Japanese-sponsored Mongolian Government, are charged an import tax of \$100, compared with only \$50 charged for Japanese products.—Reuter.

Street Sale of White Poppies Next P.P.U. Move

IT IS UNDERSTOOD that although white poppies will not be sold in Hongkong streets on Friday to mark Armistice Day, if the Hongkong Peace Pledge Union desires to arrange streets sales next year, the authorities will give consideration to the application.

This intimation has been given by the police authorities to officials of the Peace Pledge Union.

White poppies are sold on Armistice Day in the streets in England, and several thousands are disposed of every year.

Paris Starts Armistice Eve Celebrations

PARIS, Nov. 10.

ON THE EVE of the twentieth anniversary of Armistice day, all of France and all of her colonies, commenced a series of ceremonial celebrations to commemorate a peace that has endured for almost a quarter of a century and give thanks that still another twelve months have passed without a major war on the Continent.

Commencing with torch light processions in every town and hamlet throughout the country to-night, the most imposing and spectacular event will come tomorrow morning when President Albert Lebrun, surrounded by the entire French cabinet, members of Parliament and the diplomatic corps, will observe at one minute silence facing the unknown soldier's tomb from a flag decked stand under the arches of the Arc de Triomphe and then review an imposing parade of the best French Army possesses.

At eleven o'clock sharp when the signal is given by cannon shot the President will bow his head with those surrounding him in a minute's silence while thousands packing every approach to the great Arc and the broad, soldier-lined Champs-Elysees will stand in reverent silence and give mute thanks for the peace that yet remains.

The unusual events which have just taken place in a Europe which narrowly avoided another war will make this a particularly impressive ceremony. And when the squadrons representing every branch of France's fighting might and war veterans with tattered regimental flags carried in the last war file past the gathered crowds thoughts of gratitude will not be dissipated from the forces which remain as a guarantee that peace may yet be maintained.

SYMBOLIC FLAMES
Early to-morrow symbolic flames from every province and the colonies will arrive at different railway stations where they will be received by a military escort and conducted to the Invalides where they will be kept until the impressive ceremony of relighting the flame over the unknown soldier's tomb is held to-morrow night at 11.30 p.m.

Because this is the twentieth anniversary of the "cease fire" signal at the end of the "war to end wars" and because it follows so closely on the most troubled period Europe has experienced since the last catastrophic conflict, more attention than ever before has been devoted to the arrangements of the public and private ceremonies which will mark November 11.

Minister of Pensions, Champetier de Ribes, as the titular head of the War Veterans' organisations, headed the committee which made all arrangements for the three days' ceremonies which begin to-night with the torch light Parades and will continue until Saturday night when the fountain at Versailles palace will be illuminated and there will be a huge fireworks display over the Seine in Paris. Also, to-night, to-morrow and Sunday night special theatrical and other public programmes will be devoted to the Armistice ceremonies. The outstanding day, however, will be to-morrow.

CROWDS CONVERGE
At an early hour in the morning crowds will begin converging around the Arc de Triomphe and along the Champs Elysees while reserve officers and wounded veterans will go to the Invalides to become flag bearers for the 250 regimental flags of contingents which participated in the war that brought the peace being observed. These stained and tattered standards will be carried in military formation from the Invalides up the Champs-Elysees to the Arc escorted by an infantry battalion and a cavalry squadron to be massed around the President's stand.

GREAT MILITARY PARADE
Immediately after the minute of silence is observed the great military parade will commence. The various detachments which will make up this impressive show will include everything from light tanks to parachute jumpers, cadets from Saint-Cyr, France's West Point; Garde Republicaine in shining helmets, infantry detachments, cavalry squadrons, motorized artillery units and Passee Defence Corps. To the watching thousands, these forces will poignantly recall more forcibly than at any time in the last twenty years that though peace is ardently desired and strived for by

ARABS AND WOODHEAD REPORT

Willing For Peace If
Satisfactory

JERUSALEM, Nov. 9.

THE SUGGESTION in certain British political circles that even after publication of the Woodhead Commission report, which is expected to-day, there would be no calming down of the political situation in Palestine, because the Arab leaders were personally interested in the continuance of disturbances, was hotly denied by leading Arabs in an interview.

It was stated that a normal situation would soon be restored if London came to a satisfactory conclusion, but if not, fighting would certainly be continued.

As to the British statement that there was no responsible man competent to act as a recognised negotiator for all Arabs, this state of affairs, it was claimed, was due to English terrorist methods.—Trans-Ocean.

**WOODHEAD COMMISSION
PALESTINE REPORT**
London, Nov. 9. In the course of a preliminary statement on the Palestine Commission's report, the Jewish Agency says that having broken up the existing national home, the Commission proceeds to abolish the national home provisions of the mandate, as far as the 10/20ths of western Palestine is concerned.

The Agency declares that there can be no question of the report serving as a basis for negotiations between Jews and Arabs, or between the Jewish Agency and the British Government.

After stating that the neighbouring Arab states have no special status regarding Palestine, the statement concludes: "The Agency can be a party to further discussions on the basis of the Balfour Declaration and Mandate."

Arab reaction to the Commission's report is given by Izzat Tannous, Director of the Arab Centre, representing the Arab cause in London who, after seeing Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, declared in an interview that he welcomed the abandonment of the idea of partition, and the decision that all Arab countries shall have a voice in safeguarding the future of Palestine, but he regretted absence of the recognition of the natural rights of Arabs to govern their national land. Moreover, no Arab will participate in negotiations from which any of the (Continued on Page 4.)

all France, may be proud of its army, a force for right that was victorious in the great conflicts that ended twenty years ago to the hour. Noticeable in the ceremonies held to-night and which will undoubtedly be more present to-morrow and the day after will be a feeling of profound thankfulness that there is still peace in this country. Sunday prayers will be said in all of the churches for that peace with the expression of the hope that it shall endure forever.—United Press.

**THE NEW CROMWELL REMEDY
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3**
Cromwell's Remedy is a powerful and effective remedy for all kinds of skin diseases, including eczema, psoriasis, and other conditions. It is made from natural ingredients and is safe for use on all parts of the body. It is available in three forms: No. 1 for general use, No. 2 for more severe cases, and No. 3 for the most difficult cases. It is sold in bottles of 1/2 pint, 1 pint, and 2 pints. It is made by Cromwell's, Ltd., London.



Losing your Hair
means losing your
good appearance

SENSATIONAL DISCOVERY

GROWS THICK LUSTROUS HAIR!

Nothing ages a man—or woman—like lifeless thinning hair. Nothing improves the appearance more than a gleaming head of vigorous, healthy hair! Why look old needlessly? If the roots of your hair are still alive, Dr. Weidner's marvelous discovery, Silvkrin WILL grow hair—WILL turn you into a picture of healthy, virile fitness! Thousands prove it! Doctors testify! Professor Pollard, of Graz University, the famous Austrian dermatologist, says—"If Silvkrin does not succeed, it is useless to try other preparations."



Why Hair Falls Out

Hair needs feeding. If the scalp is healthy and the hair roots function normally, the food is obtained from the bloodstream. But when the system ceases or decreases the supply of this nourishment to the hair forming tissues, then the hair is starved and falls out. Dandruff is the first sign of this, approaching disaster.

Creating the Natural Food!

Dr. Weidner, famed scientific genius, has said: "If the blood cannot feed the hair, let us supply the food! Years of brilliant research enabled him to isolate the fourteen elements which make up the food—the most important are Tryptophane, Tyrosine, Cysteine, and Cysteine. He succeeded in combining these fourteen constitutive elements in a stable solution called Silvkrin, the natural Hair Food. Silvkrin is easily assimilated by the hair forming tissues, gently restoring them to their natural functions."

Thousands of Successes!

"Marvelous!" "Does all you claim and more!" "I cannot say too much about your wonderful discovery!"—thousands write in these glowing terms. Follow their successful way before you get another day nearer complete baldness.

WHAT YOU NEED!

For dandruff—hair beginning to fall. To keep the scalp healthy, strengthen the hair and bring out its natural beauty. Ask for Silvkrin Lotion.

Made in England

Silvkrin Laboratories
London, Paris, Brussels,
Rotterdam, Vienna, Zurich

Obtainable from
all Chemists and
Hairdressers

Silvkrin does grow hair
HG-103-H



NO GRIT TO SCRATCH OR MAR
THE DELICATE ENAMEL

TOOTH PASTES that contain grit or other harsh abrasives are injurious to the enamel. KOLYNOS contains no grit—it is safe and gentle in action. Make this test yourself—put a small amount of KOLYNOS on a clean soft cloth and use it to polish a piece of tarnished silver. You will see that KOLYNOS cleans and polishes the surface without a scratch just as it cleans and polishes the teeth without the slightest injury to the enamel. Economize—buy the large tube.



KOLYNOS
the antiseptic
DENTAL CREAM

RICHARD TAUBER ON PARLOPHONE RECORDS

- R020395—When the Sun Goes Down. When You're Awake.
- R020367—Sympathy. (Firefly).
- R020381—Glanina Mia. (Firefly).
- R020369—My Gypsy Dream Girl.
- R020368—O Mia Bella Napoli. (Little Rendezvous).
- R020343—Erat hehich ihr Kompliment. (Sweet Compliments).
- R020343—Old Tree.
- R020328—Fagilacci Prologue.
- R020318—Smile for Me.
- R020316—Simple Little Melody.
- R020316—Serenade from "Student Prince".
- R020316—Roses of Hecady.

CONCHITA SUPERVIA ON PARLOPHONE RECORDS

- R020326—La Rosa Oriental.
- R020324—Lamento Nunciano.
- R020324—Tonadillas.
- R020324—4 parts.
- R020324—Cantares.
- R020324—Cancion Del Faje.
- R020324—El Pannello De Lunares.
- R020324—Besame, Habanera.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY
Marina House, Queen's Road C.
Tel. 2648.

Insurgents Win Practically Whole Of Ebro Territory

BIG ADVANCES ARE CLAIMED DURING RECENT BATTLES

Loyalist Losses On Segre Front

BILBAO, Nov. 9. ONLY AN 18 KILOMETRES of territory on the right bank of the Ebro still remained in the hands of the Loyalist Spanish troops this afternoon. In the course of the day the Insurgents successfully continued their offensive operations, so that the position of the Loyalists on the right bank of the Ebro becomes still more precarious. Advancing in a northerly direction the Insurgents captured a number of important positions in the Aguilas mountains this morning, and approached close to the town of Asco on the Ebro. They too successfully repulsed Loyalist attacks on the Segre front where they continued their mopping up operations, capturing a large number of prisoners.—*Trans-Ocean*.

CHANGED CHARACTER OF THE WAR

San Sebastian, Nov. 9. In spite of the relief offensives launched by the Loyalists at Nules in the province of Tarragona, and on the Segre River, the Insurgents continued their advance on the Ebro front to-day.

A survey over the last few days' operations shows that the battle of the Ebro has developed into one of the most important engagements of the Spanish civil war. It also shows a great change that has taken place since the early days of the war. While in the early days of the conflict the engagements were of a more or less local character, with troops advancing in columns along the roads or railway lines, to-day two well-trained and well-equipped modern armies are facing each other.

When the resistance of the enemy has been broken at some point, the advance must be continued over regions where practically everything has been destroyed and from which the civilian population has been completely evacuated. On the Ebro front there is no longer any civilian population and one sees only marching troops or prisoners. The Loyalist artillery has withdrawn to the hills on one bank of the Ebro from where it is shelling the roads along which the Insurgent are advancing.

When evacuating a town or a village the Loyalists blow up all buildings in order to delay the advance of the Insurgents. Only the effective support of the air force which put numerous Loyalist batteries out of action by successful bombing raids made it possible for the path to be cleared for the advancing columns. The latest operations reveal that the Insurgent command is endeavouring to cut off the troops' retreat by an encirclement.—*Trans-Ocean*.

High Honour Bestowed On Quo Tai-chi

Athenaeum Club's Invitation

London, Nov. 9. The Athenaeum Club has invited Mr. Quo Tai-chi, the Chinese Ambassador to London, to become a member for the duration of his Ambassadorship in England, an honour, sparingly conferred, of high distinction.

The Chinese Campaign Committee to-day appeals for funds for a new international hospital to be established in South Shensi. Buildings have already been acquired, and the staff is ready. Only money is needed. Ten shillings a month maintains a bed, adds the appeal, signatories to which include the Dowager Countess of Aberdeen, Lord Radstock, Mr. R. H. Twiss and the Rev. W. T. Wardle, President of the Methodist Conference.—*Reuter*.

QUINS OPERATION SUCCESSFUL

Callander, Ontario, Nov. 9. The Dionne Quins have been successfully operated on for the removal of their tonsils and adenoids.—*Reuter*.



Recent orders issued in England called for distribution of more than 35,000,000 gas masks stored in 11 cities, following a week-end in which millions of persons were fitted for the masks. Here are three girls in the select Wembley Hill school, in London, receiving fittings for the masks. Children and adults alike were measured. Elsewhere, policemen went from door to door with instructions on how to darken windows in air-raid blackouts.

ANTI-JEWS BURN DOWN SYNAGOGUE

Berlin, Nov. 9. Anti-Jewish riots, allegedly provoked by the attack on the late Herr von Rath in Paris, again took place in Germany to-day.

At Hersfeld, according to the German News Agency, a crowd stormed the Jewish synagogue and set it on fire. The synagogue was burned down.

This is the third reported attack on synagogues, others taking place at Cassel and Beorn.—*Reuter Special*.

MERCILESS REPRISALS

Berlin, Nov. 9. The official German news agency has reported that during the anti-Jewish demonstrations the Jewish Synagogue at Hersfeld was burned.

Meanwhile the key Nazi publications have threatened a series of merciless reprisals.

Some quarters have interpreted an article appearing in the National Party's organ as implying that foreign Jews in Germany might be expelled while German Jews unable to make a living would be interned or dealt with in some similarly drastic manner.

"If the Jews declare war on us, and they have done so already," the article says, "then we must treat Jews as one treats members of a country with whom we are at war. First we must get rid of those Jews in Germany who are here with foreign passports or without passports whose 'homeland' cannot prevent their return."

This reaction has terrorised the Jewish community and the Jews are momentarily expected to break out with physical violence.

With the withdrawal of their last means of support the Jews have been crowding the emigration agencies. However, the opportunities to emigrate are steadily lessening which is believed to be partially due to the heavy increase in expenditure on public security, and it was clear the Palestine Government was unable to meet those liabilities from the depleted civil budget.

Measures for financial relief necessary and proposals thereto would be laid before Parliament in the form of supplementary estimates.—*Reuter Special*.

Palestine's Finances In A Bad Way

London, Nov. 9. Replying to a question in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald said that the disturbed conditions in Palestine had caused a serious shrinkage in revenue, and a heavy increase in expenditure on public security, and it was clear the Palestine Government was unable to meet those liabilities from the depleted civil budget.

Measures for financial relief necessary and proposals thereto would be laid before Parliament in the form of supplementary estimates.—*Reuter Special*.

ITALIAN PRINCE ASSASSINATED BY LOVER

Yesterday's Dramatic Tragedy In Milan

MILAN, NOV. 9. A SENSATION which has electrified society circles throughout Italy occurred here this evening when 70 years old Prince Luigi Alberico Trivulzio, head of one of Italy's oldest houses was shot and killed on the Corso by his former lover.

Investigations are being made in strict secrecy by the police. The Prince had recently terminated a liaison of 14 years standing with the 40-year-old former school-teacher, Antonietta Maria Lazzerini from Este, and had also prevailed upon the Milan police to order her out of the city. She returned to Milan, however, and after being refused admittance to the Prince's palace, waited for him on the Corso where he was accustomed to take an evening stroll.

Meeting him this evening she exchanged a few words with him, and then suddenly drew a revolver and fired five shots. She attempted to escape but was arrested.

Prince Trivulzio's family has flourished in Italian history since the 12th century, and the wife of the Prince is Lady-in-waiting to the Queen.—*Trans-Ocean*.

Mollison Puts Off His Wedding

London, Nov. 9. Mr. Jim Mollison, the famous aviator, who was divorced some time ago from Amy Johnson, postponed his second wedding to-day. Two hours after he had made a definite appointment to be married, he telephoned the Registry Office cancelling the arrangements, saying that it was impossible to get along, and that the ceremony must be put off for a few days.—*Reuter Special*.

Anglo-German Relations Not So Good

Paris, Nov. 9. Herr Hitler attempts to present Germany as wandering alone in Europe with an olive branch, continually menaced by war-mongers, says *Figaro*, commenting on the Munich speech.

It is impossible to reverse his role with greater cynicism, adds the paper. The Berlin correspondents of the *Journal de Paris* says the impression is gaining strength that everything is going from going well between the

N. Y. FAIR: CHINA NOT TO TAKE PART

Official Decision Is Announced

CHUNGKING, Nov. 9. IT IS OFFICIALLY announced that the Executive Yuan at a recent meeting here has decided not to participate in the New York World's Fair next year at Flushing Meadows.

The Chinese decision not to participate, it is explained, was made following a telegraphic advice from Dr. Hu Shih, Chinese Ambassador to Washington, stating that time is already too short for the shipment of exhibits from China, which must reach New York before January 1, 1939.

Due to the manifold difficulties in communication, it would be impossible for the Chinese goods and merchandise, mostly from the interior, to be transported to America within the short period of barely over a month.

The Chinese Government believes that China's decision to withdraw from participation will be understood by the United States Government, especially during the present hostilities.

The Chinese Government's withdrawal, it is further stated, does not preclude individual Chinese firms or merchants from participating in the World Fair in private capacity.—*Central News*.

A. A. GUNFIRE

Anti-Aircraft Firing Practice will be carried out from the vicinity of Taiwantau (near Clearwater Bay) between the hours of 9 a.m. and 6 p.m. to-day.

Irish and Britain, as apparently, on colonial problems, the countries are in opposition.—*Reuter Special*.

THE WORLD LISTENS TO QUINS' OPERATION

Callander, Ontario, Nov. 9. Operating on the dining-room table in the main room of the Dafoe Nursery, which was transformed into a modern operating theatre for the occasion, doctors worked slowly and with infinite care, and completed the "mass" operation on the Dionne Quins shortly after noon to-day.

Dr. Dafoe reported that the operations were a success. Marie, Annette, Emilie, Yvonne and Cecile were operated on in that order, each operation taking about 30 minutes.

Residents of the villages of Corbill and Callander were around the nursery during the operations, and the events were broadcast on an international hook-up.—*United Press*.

New Records For British Motorist

Frankfurt, Nov. 9. The British motorist, Major A.T.G. Gardner, driving an M.G. to-day broke International Class G records for cars up to 1,100 cubic centimetres, his average time for a flying start over a mile being 19.30 seconds, and at an average speed of 107.610 m.p.h. His flying start over a kilometer was done in 11.90 seconds, and his speed was 100.25 kilometers an hour.—*Reuter Special*.

SHARE PRICES

The following is the list of local share quotations issued this morning.

Banks

H.K. Banks, \$1,300 sa.
H.K. Bank (Lon. Reg.), \$82 n.
Chartered Bank, £9½ n.
Mercantile Bank, A. & B., £27½ n.
Mercantile Bank, C., £13 n.
East Asia Bank, \$88 n.

Insurance

Canton Ins., \$220 n.
Union Ins., \$495 sa.
China Underwriters, \$2 n.
H.K. Fire Ins., \$200 n.

Shipping

Douglas, \$68 n.
H.K. Steamboats, \$19 n.
Indo-China (Pref.), \$60 n.
Indo-China (Def.), \$24 n.
Shell Bearer, \$/- 86/3 n.
Union Waterboats, \$9 n.

Docks Etc.

H.K. & K. Wharves, \$122 n.
H.K. Docks (old), \$19 n.
H.K. Docks (new), \$18½ n.
Providents (old), \$6.20 n.
Providents (new), \$6 n.
New Engineering Sh., \$4½ n.
Shanghai Docks, Sh. \$124 n.
Kuilan Mining Adm., \$/- 17/- n.
Rauhs, \$8.75 b.

Venz: Goldfield, \$3 n.

Hongkong Mines, 7½ cts. n.
Philippine Mining

Atanok, P., 49½ sa.
Atoks, P., 31½ sa.
Baguio Gold, P., 24½ sa.
Benzuet Consol., P., 13.10 sa.
Benzuet Explor., —
Coco Grove, P., \$1 sa.
Consolidated Mines, P., .0035 sa.
Demonstrations, P., .30 sa.
E. Mindanao, P., —
Gumaus G'fields, P., —
Ipo Gold, P., —
Big Wedge, P., —
I.X.L., P., .73 sa.
Itogons, P., —

Min. Resources, P., —
Paracale Gumaus, P., —
Sagat Mining, P., —
San Mauricio, P., 1.54 sa.
Suyoc Consol., P., 21½ sa.
United Paracales, P., 49½ sa.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$6.50 n.
H.K. Lands, \$36¼ n.
H.K. Lands, 4% Deben \$107½ n.
Shanghai Lands, Sh. \$9 n.
Metropolitan Lands, Sh. —
Hamphries, \$9¼ n.
H.K. Realities, \$5½ n.
Chinese Estates, ex. div. \$90 n.

Public Utilities

H.K. Tramways, \$16.50 b.
Peak Trams (old), \$9¼ b.
Peak Trams (new), \$3¼ n.
Star Ferries, \$12½ n.
Yauwatt Ferries (old), \$23 b.
Yauwatt Ferries (new), \$22¼ n.
China Light (old), \$10.50 b.
China Light (new), \$10.20 n.

H.K. Electric, \$88¼ n.
Macao Electric, \$17½ n.
Sandakan Lights, \$10 n.
Telephone (old), \$24.00 n.
Telephone (new), \$8.00 n.

Singapore Traction, \$/- 23/0 n.
Singapore Prof., \$/- 25/- n.

Industrial

Cald: Meeg. (ord.), Sh. \$14 n.
Cald: Mack. (Pref.), Sh. \$13 n.
Canton Ices, \$1.70 n.
Cements, \$15½ n.
H.K. Ropes, \$4.05 n.

Stores, &c.

Dairy Farms, \$24½ n.
Watsons, \$1.05 n.
Lane Crawford, \$9¼ n.
Sincere, \$2 n.

Wing On (H.K.), \$47½ n.
William Powell, Ltd., 80 cts. n.

Cotton Mills

Ewo Cotton, Sh. \$17½ n.
Shai Cotton (old), Sh. \$95 n.
Zong Sing, Sh. \$24 n.
Wing On Textiles, Sh. \$42 n.

Miscellaneous

H.K. Entertainments, \$6¼ n.
Constructions, \$1¼ n.
Vibro Piling, \$6.05 n.
Ch. Govt. 5% 1925 G's Bonds, 71% n.

H.K. Govt. 4% Loan 6% prm b.
H.K. Govt. 3½% Loan par b.

Wallace Harpers, —
Marsmans (Lon.), \$/- 19/- 0 sa.
Marsmans (H.K.), \$/- 3/- n.

Pretty and Practical New Jumpers and Cardigans



All Colours

In Scotch Wool, Angora or Plain Wool.

These are really smart and inexpensive additions you can make to your winter wardrobe.

Priced from \$5.95 each.

Morley's Jumper Suits

Neat and trim for any occasion.

from \$25.00 each.

Woollen Scarves

Squares and Triangles in a colourful range of designs including Paisley.

from \$2.25 each.



Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.



Protect the health of your family, use Carnation — it is sterilized and pasteurized — and it contains more than twice as much cream as ordinary milk.

"From Contented Cows"

CARNATION EVAPORATED MILK

THE HONGKONG PENINSULA HOTEL; HONGKONG HOTEL; REPULSE BAY HOTEL; & SHANGHAI HOTELS LIMITED.

ASTOR HOUSE; PALACE HOTEL; LIMITED.

In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking

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TUITION GIVEN.

"DANCING IN 6 HOURS"—Rapid Easy Lessons. Beginners — "A Speciality." Advanced Courses. Modern Ballroom Tango, Tap, etc. Part Tuition. Apply—Tony's Dance Studio, China Building, 6th Floor, 12-A.

WANTED, KNOWN.

GENTS and BOYS. We have now engaged an expert hairdresser, call and give him a trial, reasonable price of 60 cts. only. Andre's Beauty Parlour, Gloucester Arcade.

CHRISTMAS CARDS and original sketches by R. Polson, depicting junks, Chinese life and scenery. Exhibited for sale at the Little Shop, Gloucester Arcade. Book early.

RADIO
BROADCASTSpeech by Prime Minister
At Lord Mayor's Banquet

Z.B.W. ORCHESTRA

Radio Programme Broadcast by ZBW on a Frequency of 845 k.c.s. on Short Wave from 6-11 p.m. on 0.52 m.c.s. per second.

H.K.T.
6.0 Studio—Children's Hour.
7.0 Closing local Stock Quotations.
7.02 Mozart—Sonata in A Major, K. 331.

Played by Edwin Fischer (Piano).
7.15 Excerpts from Mozart's

Operas.
"Götter Fan Tulle"—Overture....
The BBC Symphony Orchestra cond.

by Adrian Boult; "Die Entführung
aus dem Serail"; Marten Aller

Arien; "Ich Liebe dich" with the
Berlita Perrus (Soprano) and the

Berlita State Opera Orchestra con-
ducted by Bruno Seldner-Winkler;

"Don Giovanni"; Act 1 Champagne
Aria; Act 2 Serenade.... Gerhard

Husch (Baritone) with the Berlita
State Opera Orchestra; "The Mar-

riage of Figaro"; Act 1—"I'll Have
Vengeance.... A. Kipnis (Bass) and

E. Ruzicka (Mezzo-Soprano) and
Berlita State Opera Orchestra con-

ducted by Erich Ortman; "Don Giovanni"
To My Beloved, Oh Hasten!....

Luigi Forti (Tenor) with Orchestra.
7.40 Studio—Z.B.W. Orchestra.

1. "Fra Diavolo"—Overture
(Auber); 2. Record: The Windmill
(Longfellow and Nelson)

Malcolm McEachern (Bass) with
Road and Song Wang Tung; 3.

Serenade Appassionata (Nucci).
8.0 Local Time Signal. Weather

Report and Announcements.
8.03 Studio—Z.B.W. Orchestra.

5. A te Sola (Giuliani); 6. Sempli-
citta Campestre (Nucci); 7. Record:
An Eriakay Love Lull (Songs of the

Hebrides); 8. Loin du Bal (Gillet); 9.
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8.0 Local Time Signal. Weather
Report and Announcements.
8.03 Studio—Z.B.W. Orchestra.

5. A te Sola (Giuliani); 6. Sempli-
citta Campestre (Nucci); 7. Record:
An Eriakay Love Lull (Songs of the

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Hebrides); 8. Loin du Bal (Gillet); 9.
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BANK HOLIDAYS.

In accordance with Government Ordinance, The Exchange Banks will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Friday, the 11th November, 1938. (Armistice Day) and Saturday, 12th November, 1938.

Hongkong, 7th November, 1938.

NOTICE

The Public is herewith advised that since October 24th, 1938, we have been appointed Sole Agents, in Hongkong and South China for Messrs. Dalidet & Co., Bordeaux.

L. RONDON & CO., LTD.

G.  R.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 14th day of November, 1938, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Ma Tau Chung, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot	Registry No.	Boundary Measurements	Contents in sq. feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	100/1	100/1	100/1	100/1	100/1
2	100/2	100/2	100/2	100/2	100/2
3	100/3	100/3	100/3	100/3	100/3
4	100/4	100/4	100/4	100/4	100/4
5	100/5	100/5	100/5	100/5	100/5
6	100/6	100/6	100/6	100/6	100/6
7	100/7	100/7	100/7	100/7	100/7
8	100/8	100/8	100/8	100/8	100/8
9	100/9	100/9	100/9	100/9	100/9
10	100/10	100/10	100/10	100/10	100/10

ARABS AND
WOODHEAD
REPORT

(Continued from Page 2.)

responsible leaders are excluded.

Reuter.

GRAND MUFTI NOT
ACCEPTABLE

London, Nov. 9.

Reuter understands that the selection of the Mufti of Jerusalem as the Palestinian Arab representative at the proposed London Conference on Palestine will not be acceptable to the British Government.

At the same time the Government is anxious that there shall be adequate representation of Palestinian Arabs.

Pending information as to the practicability of the conference, no decision will be taken regarding the President who will possibly be Mr. Chamberlain, or if this is inconvenient, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald.—Reuter.

WHOLE SALE PRICES
IN BRITAIN

London, Nov. 9.

The Board of Trade index of wholesale prices in October was 0.7 per cent. higher than in September, but 10.5 per cent. lower than in October 1937.—British Wireless.

Gems (Norton). Light Opera Company with Orchestra.

11.0 Close down.

KING AND QUEEN
HAVE BUSY DAY

London, Nov. 9.
The King and Queen attended the Royal Command performance at the Coliseum to-night in aid of the Variety Artists Benevolent Fund. Every seat was sold many days ago, and the vast audience gave an enthusiastic reception to their Majesties, singing the National Anthem with great fervour on their arrival, and when they left, after witnessing with obvious enjoyment the programme in which leading music hall artists participated.

Earlier to-day at Buckingham

Palace the King received in audience Sir Roger Buckhouse, on his appointment as first Sea Lord, Sir Sidney Waterlow, H.M. Minister in Athens, and General Sir Charles Harrington on relinquishing his appointment as Governor at Gibraltar.

The Queen received the recently appointed Japanese Ambassador, Mr. Shigemitsu. This morning the Queen also paid a visit of more than an hour to an exhibition of the work of war disabled men at the Imperial Institute.—British Wireless.

Mr. CHAMBERLAIN CHEERFUL

"I See No Reason Why We Should Not Prepare Ourselves For A Festive Christmas Season In Spirit of Confidence"

Convinced That Only
Policy is Goodwill
And Understanding
GUILDHALL ORATION

LONDON, NOV. 9.

MR. NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN was singled out for an extraordinary demonstration of enthusiasm at to-night's banquet at the Guildhall, which retained all its customary brilliance.

When the Premier entered the building, all present, including foreign diplomats, rose and cheered, and later, when he rose to speak after dinner, the ovation lasted several minutes.

The Premier said he interpreted the demonstration as expressing the spirit of England—thankful that they had been spared the ordeal which had come so close, but ready now to answer any call which the country may make in order that they may face the future with equanimity.

He would like to get rid of the idea that there was a clash at Munich between different systems of government, and that the result was a victory for one side or another. The fact that four Powers were able to sit down without quarrelling upon the main outlines of a settlement of one of the most thorny and dangerous problems of our time, encouraged them to think that it must be possible for such Powers to agree on other things also—not only on the prevention of disasters, but the creating of happiness and prosperity by mutual aid.

WORK TOGETHER FOR PEACE

"I want this Government to be together for peace," declared Mr. Chamberlain. "That does not mean to undertake the rôle of world policeman but if we see peace threatened, to use all our influence to save it, and if war starts, to take any opportunity to stop it."

"The business of piling up armaments is the height of human folly. For the time being I regard it as inevitable, but only as a temporary accompaniment to the other part of our policy to which I am turning with all my energies and without qualification and misgiving, mainly the policy of understanding and goodwill."

"Such aims require untiring patience in the face of misunderstanding, criticism and disappointment. In my judgment, after the September disturbances the political conditions in Europe are settling down to quieter times. I see no reason why we should not prepare ourselves for a festive Christmas season, in a spirit of cheerfulness and confidence."—Reuter.

JAPANESE CLAIM
FALL OF YOHCHO
CLOSE TO HAND

(Continued from Page 1.)

evening which declare that the fall of Yochow itself is imminent. The Japanese point out that Yochow which is situated 135 kilometres north of Changsha on the Hankow-Canton railway is a strategically extremely important point stubbornly defended by the Chinese.

Yochow lies at the northeast tip of the lake of Tungting which is connected with the Yangtze by a canal. After the fall of Yochow the Japanese gunboats would be able to proceed on the lake of Tungting up to the close vicinity of Changsha, thereby aiding the army substantially in its drive towards the latter.

Trans-Ocean.

DEMOCRATS SUSTAIN
FURTHER REVERSES

(Continued from Page 1.)

indication of what might be expected in 1940.—United Press.

REPUBLICANS GAIN
OVER 70 SEATS

New York, Nov. 9.
The Republicans have counted a gain of more than 70 seats in the House of Representatives as a result of the election, and that battle to the finish in a dozen other close contests.

New York Republicans elected 19 Representatives, which is three up on the previous figures, compared with 26 elected by the Democrats.—United Press.

SHIPS IN WIRELESS
COMMUNICATION

The following vessels were in wireless communication with Hongkong up to 6 p.m. yesterday, and communication with them can reasonably be expected to-day:—Suiyang, Hsiangyang, Szechuen, Anshun, Hongkong, Shantung, Kalgan, Sandviken, Haitan, President Doumer, Santhia, Yunnan, Shirals, Rio Dorado, Yuen-

Japan's 73
Millions
Population

Tokyo, Nov. 9.

The census of Japan proper in 1938 shows a total of 72,900,000, which is 969,900 more than in 1928.—United Press.

J. GOSANO
HITS UP
96 NOT OUT

The Gosano brothers, J. and G., were in great form again for La Salle College in a cricket match against Queen's College at the Indian Recreation Club ground yesterday, the former winning by nine wickets. Queen's batted first, and against G. Gosano (7 for 18) were trundled out for 27 runs.

La Salle passed this score with nine wickets in hand. They continued batting, but closed their innings at 140 for three wickets, leaving J. Gosano four runs short of his century! No less than 80 of his 96 were scored by boundaries!

The scores were:

LA SALLE COLLEGE	0	M	R	W
Lo Tak-cheung, b G. Gosano	3	0	0	0
Gopal Singh, c G. Gosano b Arculli	3	0	0	0
Narayan Singh, b G. Gosano	10	0	0	0
Khan, b G. Gosano	10	0	0	0
S. Khan, b G. Gosano	0	0	0	0
A. Khan, b G. Gosano	0	0	0	0
S. Ahmed, c R. Singh b G. Gosano	4	0	0	0
S. Singh, c J. Gosano b G. Gosano	0	0	0	0
D. Singh, b G. Gosano	0	0	0	0
Total	27	0	0	0

Howling Analysis.

Arculli	0	M	R	W
Gosano	52	2	18	7

LA SALLE COLLEGE

J. Gosano	0	M	R	W
M. Renedon, c D. Singh b N. Singh	0	0	0	0
T. Cotton, b G. Singh	12	0	0	0
G. Gosano, c G. Singh b W. Singh	12	0	0	0
R. Silva, not out	20	0	0	0
Extras	3	0	0	0
Total (2 wks.)	140	0	0	0

Howling Analysis.

A. Arculli	0	M	R	W
B. Brown, F. Reia and P. Jorge did not bat.	0	0	0	0
Lo	10	0	0	0
G. Singh	4	0	0	0
Mohamed	0	0	0	0

CRAIGENGOWER TEAMS

The following have been selected to represent the Craigengower C.C. in friendly cricket matches on Saturday, November 12.

1st XI v. Hongkong C.C. (away).—

E. Zimmermann (Capt.), E. J. M. Churn, A. R. H. Esmail, U. Esmail, D. Hung, A. K. Ismail, F. K. Lee, H. P. Lim, W. Rapley, A. Zimmermann and F. R. Zimmermann.

2nd XI v. University (home).—

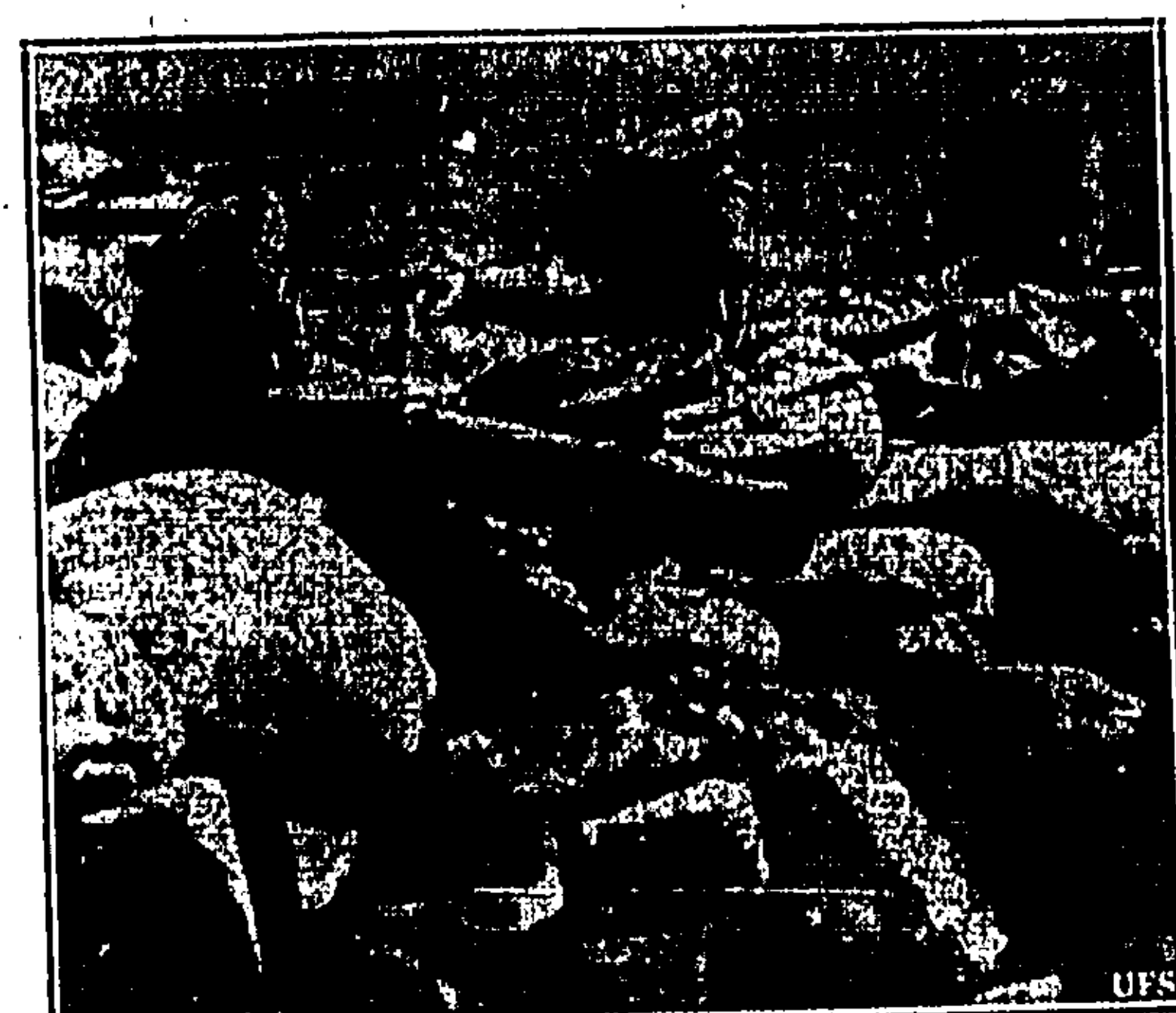
B. R. Innes (Capt.), N. Broadbridge, A. H. Esmail, A. B. Hamson, W. Hong Sling, M. C. Hung, C. W. Lam, J. W. Leonard, T. Locke, W. K. Way and J. L. Youngs.

HONGKONG C.C. "A" XI

The following will represent the Hongkong Cricket Club "A" XI against Craigengower on the Club ground on Saturday:

R. S. W. Paterson (Capt.), S. J. Cooke, N. F. Fox, C. E. Gahagan, R. H. Griffiths, J. L. Hiley, L. D. Kilbee, G. S. Lovett, D. O. Parsons, F. H. Stokes and A. N. Othor.

rang, Canton, Gaasterkerk, Horda, Ranpura, Victoria, Tripsook, Ben Nevis, Tibbadak, Hella, Ezzang, Kheng, Hollow, Seaton, Chakras, Kutsang, Atsuta Maru, Conte Rosso, Talyuan and Tegelsberg.



Across a barricade of rocks and sandbags, British soldiers train their machine guns to repel sudden raids by Arabs against neighbouring Jews. This scene is in the hills of Ephraim, in central Palestine, whose rugged terrain gives Arab bands wide protection. Nearby wood of Ephraim is where Absalom, rebellious son of David, met his spectacular death.

Americans Welcome
Palestine Report

Washington, Nov. 9.

Officials of the State Department have studied the Palestine Commission report without offering any comment.

Well-informed circles, however, expressed gratification that the report does not seek to restrict Jewish immigration to Palestine. The report is also taken to indicate that Britain does not intend to withdraw from Palestine, thus leaving the Jews to their fate—a course feared by the American Jews.—Reuter Special.

WATER
SHORTAGEColony's Reservoirs Far
Below Normal

Nearly 1,800 million fewer gallons of water were contained in the Colony's reservoirs at the end of last month than at the corresponding time last year, according to the monthly water return, which also records a serious lack of rainfall. Total storage on the Island was given as 1,791.07 million gallons as against 2,150.40 and all reservoirs, with the exception of Aberdeen Upper, were well below overflow. Tylam Byewash 27 ft., Tylam Inter-mediate 19 ft., and Wongmehong 22½ ft. were the most noticeable.

During the month, 372.66 million gallons were consumed by an estimated population of 550,000 people on the Island giving a rate of 21.9 gallons per head per day. The comparative figures for last year were 407.35 million gallons consumed by 445,000 people, a rate of 36.1. Whereas a constant supply was given to all districts during October, 1937, only an eight-hour supply was provided last month. The Island figures include 175.72 million gallons supplied from the Mainland.

The Mainland Waterworks contained 2,175.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL CONSIDERS RECORD BUDGET: UNOFFICIALS MENTION WIDE RANGE OF SUBJECTS

Approval Of New System Voiced By All Members

"A SOUND AND BY NO means extravagant Budget."

This summed up the views of the Unofficial Members in Legislative Council this afternoon, when the Financial Secretary, Hon. Mr. Sydney Caine, moved the first reading of the 1939 Appropriation Bill for the Public Service, amounting to \$29,327,294.

The Estimates, which have already been considered in Committee, were approved by Council.

Slums and the Housing Commission's Report, new Public Works, the new Government House, Water, Immigration, Public Health and Education were some of the subjects dealt with by the Unofficial Members.

The debate on behalf of the Unofficial Members was opened by Sir Henry Pollock, who said:

Your Excellency—As has been customary for many years past I desire, as Senior Unofficial Member, to make some observations on the Budget for 1939 on behalf of myself and all my Unofficial Colleagues.

What I am about to say, therefore, represents the united views of all the Unofficial Members of this Council.

We thank Your Excellency for the able and comprehensive survey of the future needs of this Colony which you gave in your Budget speech.

We entirely approve of the new procedure in connection with the Budget which has enabled the Unofficial Members, through the appointment of the Select Committee, to discuss thoroughly the Budget before the Estimates finally come before this Council. It enables us to pass our views on to Your Excellency before the adoption of the Budget is proposed; it permits of a full discussion of the Government programme and policies, and in every way it is more practical and therefore in the best interests of the Colony.

My colleagues and I, during lengthy meetings of the Select Committee, have thoroughly studied the estimates for all departments and while we recommend caution before embarking on long term projects, we unanimously regard the Budget as a sound and by no means extravagant one.

The details of expenditure, detailed in the Revised Estimates, and referred to in the Report of the Select Committee, have seemed advisable in the different circumstances existing since the Budget was originally framed, but on the whole, if we are to keep the Colony up to date, efficient and competitive amongst the ports of the world, there is very little in the proposed expenditure that it would not be false economy to cut out. In fact, as appears from the Report of the Select Committee on the Revised Estimates, we have agreed to certain additions being made to the original Estimates in order to carry out work which we regard as essential.

HOUSING COMMISSION

Whilst congratulating the members of the Housing Commission and their Secretary, Mr. W. H. Owen, upon the interesting suggestions which they have made for the improvement of overcrowding in this Colony, we feel that in 1939 little can be done in the way of implementing their report.

In any case, the removal of slums must take many years to complete and in the meantime our streets remain in an unsavoury, disease-disseminating condition, almost as dangerous to the health of the Colony as the slums. As a result of representations made by Unofficial Members in 1930 a certain amount of street washing has been done, but except in some of the central localities, the filthy condition of the roads and sidewalks is still a disgrace, thus contributing greatly towards our unenviable tuberculosis record, filling our hospitals and greatly increasing the work and budget of the Medical Department. We are not satisfied that more could not be done in this direction, even with the restricted supply of water at our disposal, provided that the flushing is carried out under proper supervision so as to prevent waste.

NEW GOVERNMENT HOUSE

Subject to the plans for the new Government House near Magazine Gap being hereafter submitted to the Finance Committee for its approval, we agree to the expenditure in 1939 of the sum of one hundred thousand dollars upon the levelling of the site.

There are, I believe, many citizens who are inclined to regard this project as unnecessary and extravagant. We have therefore considered it carefully from all angles and we are satisfied for four very good reasons that it is essential.

Firstly—Because the present Government House and Mountain Lodge cost ratepayers annually so much in upkeep that it may be truly said of them that they have passed their economic life.

Secondly—Because the accommodation at the present Government House is inadequate for the needs of the Colony.

Thirdly—Because the old Government House is required, as part of the City Development scheme, to be utilized for the housing of the C.S.O. and P.W.D. staffs, during the building of new Government offices.

Fourthly—Because the old Government House is required, as part of the City Development scheme, to be utilized for the housing of the C.S.O. and P.W.D. staffs, during the building of new Government offices.

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HON. MR. M. K. LO

As regards public safety we can only accept the inevitable with the hope and pray that in time to come—and may it come before it is too late—our financial burden of defence may be considerably eased, upon the restoration of sanity to all aggressive nations and the realization by all of the futility, cruelty and barbarity of war.

But in regard to public health and hygiene, the Colony pays without any feeling of frustration, for the value, and indeed, the necessity of a sound and progressive public health administration, a price which is in my opinion, and I am sure, well justified.

I am sorry to say that malaria, which seems to be a preventable disease, is still prevalent in Hong Kong, and exacting its toll of illness and deaths.

But I do feel that the Colony is singularly fortunate in having as the Head of this important department of Government my Honourable friend, Dr. Selwyn-Clarke, whose knowledge, energy, initiative and whose deep concern for the poor, have deeply impressed all who have been privileged to come into contact with him. We will, I have no doubt, see to it that the Colony gets the utmost value out of every dollar which the Colony can afford on public health and medical services.

HEROIN

The Chinese are very grateful to Your Excellency for expressing in such clear and impressive language our horror and detestation of the heroin traffic. As you know, Sir, the Chinese leaders have done what they could to mobilize public opinion against what Your Excellency has so aptly described as "this man killing industry." Since Your Excellency's inspiring message my Chinese colleagues and I have appealed to the recently formed Chinese Reporters' Association for their assistance in launching a persistent campaign against the Chinese Press, with leaders and slogans, and I am happy to inform Your Excellency that the Association has readily responded to our request. I desire to acknowledge our appreciation of the public-spirited assistance rendered by the Chinese Press in this matter.

EDUCATION

When, in 1936, I had the honour to participate in the first Budget Debate in this Council, I expressed the view that "there is something wrong with the educational policy of the Colony," and that "a Government announcement as to the educational policy would have been welcome." I then ventured the view that the provision of primary education by Government had been totally inadequate, and I was able to quote in support of my views the high authority of Mr. Burney. In July the report of the committee on the training of teachers was published, and I am glad to find in the very interesting and able minority report that it is the view of the six out of the seven members of the committee that Government should undertake greater responsibility for primary vernacular education. I confess that I found it a little difficult to follow the minority report, but I console myself with the thought that my difficulty might have been caused by the omission from the report of detailed reasons for differing from the majority's recommendations—an omission which obviously rendered it difficult for a layman like myself to appreciate the reasons for such differences of opinion.

It was therefore with much gratification that I listened to Your Excellency's observations on the Committee's report. I am glad that, by Your Excellency's direction, some provision in the Estimates for implementing the Report was referred to, and passed by, the Select Committee.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE

The Senior Unofficial Member has placed on record our view that a new Queen's College is one of the public works which it is desirable should be undertaken in the near future if funds permit. In this connection I would like to point out that the present building, having stood the elements for half a century, has long passed its economic life, and that it is situated in surroundings which have become quite unsuitable for a school of this nature.

I understand that one of the sites suggested is in the Pokfulam area. Objections readily come to one's mind against a site so far removed from the centre of the town, having regard to the class of boys for whom the College exists. Such objections may, indeed, be decisive against this particular site. But I hear that all those who have visited it, including many old boys of the College, are enthusiastic about its situation, and are of the opinion that the distance from the town, especially in view of the possibility of 'limiting the College to certain higher classes, is not a serious objection and, in any case, that the objection is not of such a serious nature as to outweigh the advantages of the ideal surroundings afforded by the site. However, this may be I venture to hope that a site acceptable to all interested parties will be soon found, so that a commencement may be made of a new Queen's College which shall be worthy of the Colony as the premier secondary Government School, with its unique historical traditions, and its proud record of having produced so many worthy sons distinguished for their public services both to the Colony and to China.

HAWKER PROBLEM

Your Excellency stated that this problem was still to be solved, and that its solution might have to await the restoration of peace to China. In these circumstances I realize that this is the occasion for any lengthy argument on the subject. But in view of Your Excellency's observation "but the fact must not be forgotten that the practice of food-hawking endangers public health and is a sign of backward administration," I desire most respectfully to venture a few remarks.

I am hesitatingly admit that the doctrine that food-hawking in itself constitutes a source of danger to public health is theoretically sound, but I suggest that the question as to whether or not there is any practical risk to health depends on the kind of food hawked, and the circumstances under which it is hawked. Theoretically, manual contact with bank notes and coins does, I suppose, become a source of infection, and yet the practical risk is not such as to deter people from handling them on that account. Perhaps I may also observe that hawking of certain kinds of food is a prevalent practice even in the Metropolitan area of England.

In March this year I submitted a Memorandum to Government, and as paragraph 20 sets out my views on this aspect of the subject I beg leave to quote it here—

"20. It should be remembered that people who buy articles from hawkers generally belong to classes of persons who occupy such houses, cubicles, bed-spaces, and in surroundings that the hygienic ideal aimed at by the Urban Council cannot be achieved. What matters is that the food is bought from a clean shop if it is cooked, kept and eaten in a place in which dust, dirt and flies etc. abound; the prohibited class 7 contains 'congee, tea and cakes, puddings, beancurd.' It is there really substantial danger to public health by the sale of such articles to the particular class of buyers who patronise hawkers? Some 3,871 persons have presumably made their living by the sale of these articles, and there are no renews of the existing licences. What would be the result? Suppose the number is gradually reduced to 2,000. If the demand for this class of hawkers can absorb say 4,000 sellers, 2,000 more hawkers will inevitably make their appearance, only of course they will be using the above remarks in the hope, Sir, that if and when this problem is tackled, a realistic solution will be found, having regard to the fact that hawking, properly regulated, does afford to the aged and infirm who have otherwise no means of support and who, by reason of their residential qualification, would be entitled to Poor Law Relief if it were available in Hong Kong, an alternative to starvation.

HON. MR. D'ALMADA

Complaints Against Police Efficiency

Your Excellency—The very full examination of this Colony's position, plans and prospects which has taken place in Committee since the presentation of the Budget leaves little to be done except to remind Government of matters requiring its attention in the near future.

First, with regard to Kowloon, the promise of better street-lighting is at last in course of fulfilment so far as Nathan Road is concerned. But improvement must not be allowed to end there. As soon as funds permit, other important thoroughfares should be attended to, notably Chatham, Waterloo and Prince Edward Roads.

The Kowloon Mortuary has already been mentioned by the Honourable the Senior Unofficial Member. The site of the present one is no longer suitable and I am told that the building itself leaves much to be desired. The sooner a new

one is built, and that in a locality chosen with greater foresight than was shown in the choice of the present one, the better.

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the present building, having stood the elements for half a century, has long passed its economic life, and that it is situated in surroundings which have become quite unsuitable for a school of this nature.

I understand that one of the sites suggested is in the Pokfulam area. Objections readily come to one's mind against a site so far removed from the centre of the town, having regard to the class of boys for whom the College exists. Such objections may, indeed, be decisive against this particular site. But I hear that all those who have visited it, including many old boys of the College, are enthusiastic about its situation, and are of the opinion that the distance from the town, especially in view of the possibility of 'limiting the College to certain higher classes, is not a serious objection and, in any case, that the objection is not of such a serious nature as to outweigh the advantages of the ideal surroundings afforded by the site. However, this may be I venture to hope that a site acceptable to all interested parties will be soon found, so that a commencement may be made of a new Queen's College which shall be worthy of the Colony as the premier secondary Government School, with its unique historical traditions, and its proud record of having produced so many worthy sons distinguished for their public services both to the Colony and to China.

HAWKER PROBLEM

Your Excellency stated that this problem was still to be solved, and that its solution might have to await the restoration of peace to China. In these circumstances I realize that this is the occasion for any lengthy argument on the subject. But in view of Your Excellency's observation "but the fact must not be forgotten that the practice of food-hawking endangers public health and is a sign of backward administration," I desire most respectfully to venture a few remarks.

I am hesitatingly admit that the doctrine that food-hawking in itself constitutes a source of danger to public health is theoretically sound, but I suggest that the question as to whether or not there is any practical risk to health depends on the kind of food hawked, and the circumstances under which it is hawked. Theoretically, manual contact with bank notes and coins does, I suppose, become a source of infection, and yet the practical risk is not such as to deter people from handling them on that account. Perhaps I may also observe that hawking of certain kinds of food is a prevalent practice even in the Metropolitan area of England.

In March this year I submitted a Memorandum to Government, and as paragraph 20 sets out my views on this aspect of the subject I beg leave to quote it here—

"20. It should be remembered that people who buy articles from hawkers generally belong to classes of persons who occupy such houses, cubicles, bed-spaces, and in surroundings that the hygienic ideal aimed at by the Urban Council cannot be achieved. What matters is that the food is bought from a clean shop if it is cooked, kept and eaten in a place in which dust, dirt and flies etc. abound; the prohibited class 7 contains 'congee, tea and cakes, puddings, beancurd.' It is there really substantial danger to public health by the sale of such articles to the particular class of buyers who patronise hawkers? Some 3,871 persons have presumably made their living by the sale of these articles, and there are no renews of the existing licences. What would be the result? Suppose the number is gradually reduced to 2,000. If the demand for this class of hawkers can absorb say 4,000 sellers, 2,000 more hawkers will inevitably make their appearance, only of course they will be using the above remarks in the hope, Sir, that if and when this problem is tackled, a realistic solution will be found, having regard to the fact that hawking, properly regulated, does afford to the aged and infirm who have otherwise no means of support and who, by reason of their residential qualification, would be entitled to Poor Law Relief if it were available in Hong Kong, an alternative to starvation.

HON. MR. D'ALMADA

Complaints Against Police Efficiency

Your Excellency—The very full examination of this Colony's position, plans and prospects which has taken place in Committee since the presentation of the Budget leaves little to be done except to remind Government of matters requiring its attention in the near future.

First, with regard to Kowloon, the promise of better street-lighting is at last in course of fulfilment so far as Nathan Road is concerned. But improvement must not be allowed to end there. As soon as funds permit, other important thoroughfares should be attended to, notably Chatham, Waterloo and Prince Edward Roads.

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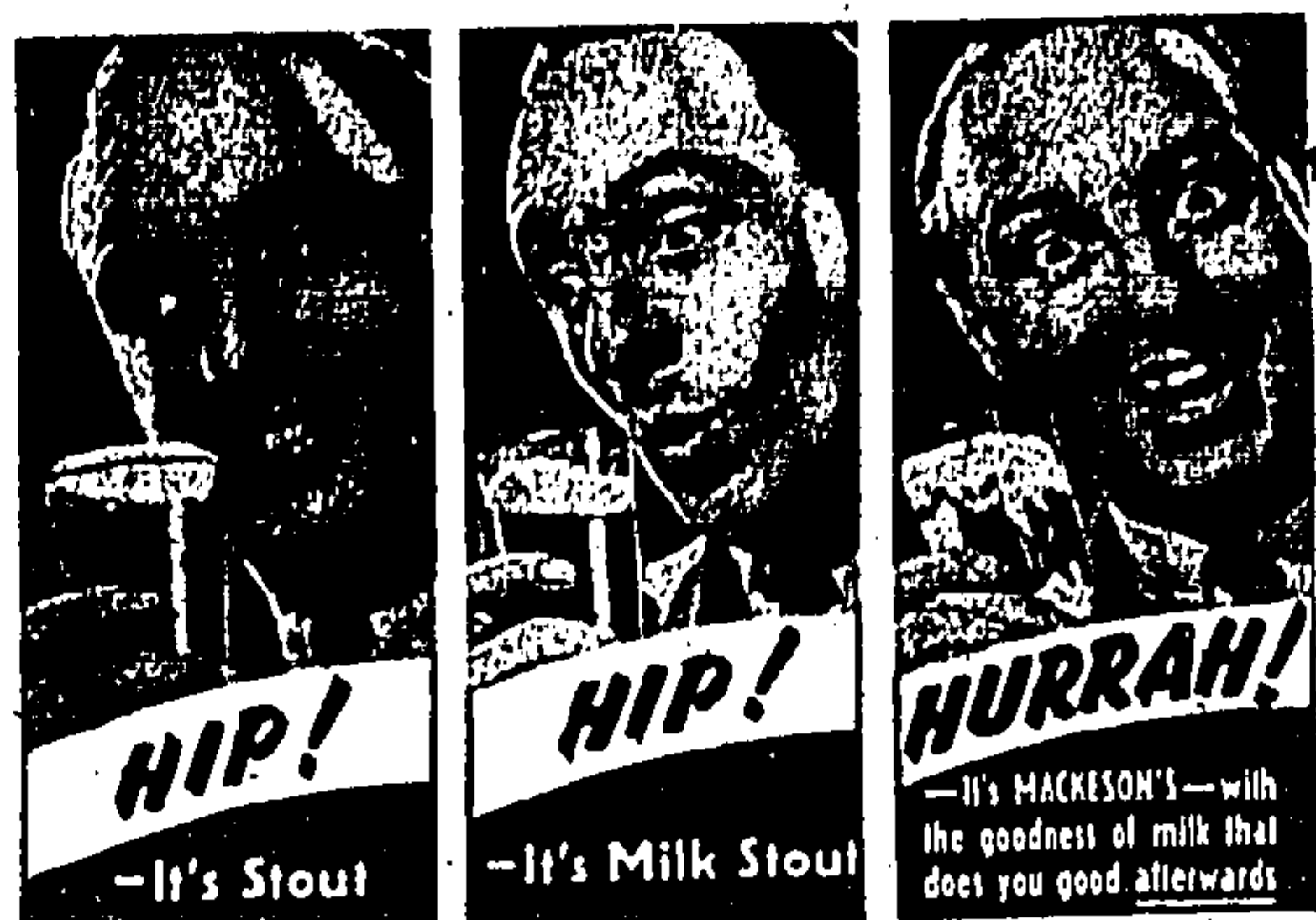
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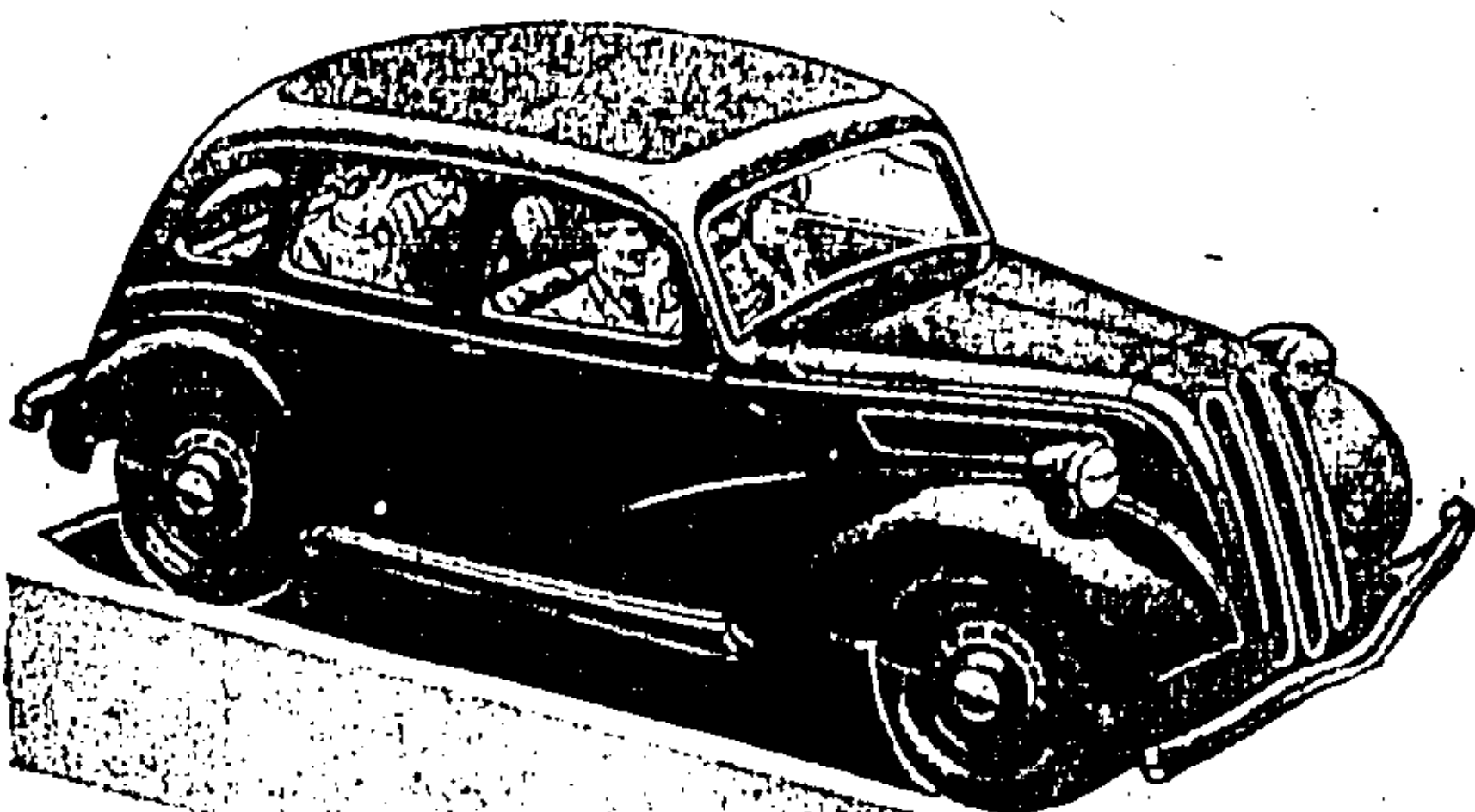
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Hongkong Telegraph.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1938.

Autumn or Fall?

When corn ears turn brown and hang downward, when nuts thud on thin sod or clatter on the bare earth, when leaves redden and yellow, when the lawn caretaker rakes them into heaps, and coal trucks rumble in speeded-up delivery, there is no mistaking the season. But do you call it autumn, or fall?

"In every way," says a learned Englishman of old London, "fall is better on the merits than autumn. It is short, Saxon, picturesque. It reveals its derivation to every one who uses it, not to the scholar only as does autumn. We once had as good a right to it as the Americans, but we have chosen to let the right lapse so that to use this monosyllable now is little better than larceny."

Apparently autumn is now English, while fall is American. Further investigation reveals autumn as better suited to verse, with fall congenial to prose. The searcher can scarcely find a poetic reference to fall whereas he encounters autumn almost at every turn—"yellow autumn wreathed with nodding corn," "autumn is the mellow time," "autumn nodding o'er the plain," "an autumn that grew by reaping," "autumn days are here again," "autumn's fire," "happy autumn-fields," "the windy lights of autumn," and "autumnal leaves in Vallombrosa."

Autumn has won classic approval and wide sanction through long usage; it speaks the scholarly. Fall is popular because of its shortness and ease of enunciation. But autumn remains the poets' favourite, because autumnal glory has a poetic ring and fall, it seems, has none.

Theory—

Almost 150 years ago Thomas Day died without learning much from life. He was an ardent apostle of Rousseau, the French educationist.

His enthusiasm for reform even coloured his idea of the wife he wanted. Day adopted an orphan girl and tried to train her after the Rousseau principles. But she jumped when he fired a blank shot near her, screamed when he dropped hot sealing-wax on her hand.

In fact, she reacted as any normal girl would, and Thomas Day decided against marrying her. For she would not behave according to his theories.

And human nature

Years later he was still trying to train other lives. He experimented with a colt this time. But the horse knew nothing about Rousseau.

It kicked Thomas Day and he never recovered.

EMPTY CRADLES in the Western World...

Small Increase Over 25 Years

	To-day	1911
World	2,100,000,000	1,020,000,000
BRITISH EMPIRE	495,800,000	419,400,000
United Kingdom	40,800,000	45,400,000
Ireland	3,000,000	5,800,000
Australia	5,650,000	5,800,000
Union of South Africa	8,000,000	6,000,000
Canada	10,375,000	7,100,000
Soviet Russia	105,750,000	135,000,000
France	41,000,000	39,250,000
Germany	66,000,000	64,500,000
Italy	43,000,000	34,700,000
United States	127,000,000	91,170,000
Japan	69,250,000	51,000,000

IN his speech at Margate, and last year when opening the Budget, Mr. Chamberlain drew attention to the new set of problems which "the progressive decrease in our population" is going to raise. They are vast and terrifying problems which demand the closest study.

The hour is at hand when our population will decrease. It has risen continuously for the last 250 years. It doubled itself between 1801 and 1851; it doubled itself once more between 1851 and 1911. But now this automatic advance is ceasing. We are approaching one of the turning-points in world history.

Falling Population

DR. GRACE LEYBOURNE, a statistician of special authority, after a detailed investigation of the figures, has calculated that a definite decline in the English population will begin in 1941. By 1951 the population will have fallen from 40,500,000 to 38,500,000. By 1975 it will have been halved and will fall to 19,000,000.

This calculation assumes that fertility will continue at its present level. There are experts who regard that as an optimistic assumption. Dr. Enid Charles, another statistician of distinction, calculates that if the rate of fertility should continue to fall as it is at present doing, a century hence the population of England will have shrunk to only 4,426,000.

This would be about half the population of Greater London to-day. It is an alarming figure, and were it verified, it would mean the fall of the British Empire.

Peculiar Decline

It will naturally be asked whether faith can be placed in such calculations. The answer is that the statisticians of the world are in tolerably close agreement. Moreover, there is the fact that in 1921 calculations of the probable population in 1931 were made in the Registrar-General's office for non-official use. When the 1931 Census Returns were available, the error in the estimates was only 0.13 per cent.—a negligible amount.

The decline in population is not going to be peculiar to Great Britain, though in her case it threatens to be more marked and much more dangerous than in other countries. The whole civilised world is affected. In France, the low birth-rate has for fifty years been causing anxiety, and there a drop in population from 42,000,000 to 39,000,000 is anticipated by 1980, the decline setting in next year.

In Germany, ever since the Nazi advent to power, there has been anxiety about the birth-rate, which has shown a distinct tendency to fall. A positive decline in the population is predicted by the biometricians from 1940 onwards.

According to Kahn's estimate—prepared before Herr Hitler's remedial measures were put into force—it will sink from its present figure of 66,000,000 to less than 50,000,000 by 1975; or, by Burgdorfer's calculations, it will fall to 47,000,000 in 2000.

The Exception

THE most important exception to the world-wide decline is likely to be Russia, perhaps because her civilisation is too rudimentary to be affected by the mysterious forces at work. The present population of about 150,000,000 is expected to double itself in the next sixty years. A Russia of 300,000,000 inhabitants confronting a Europe with shrunken and sinking population will be an ever graver problem than the unwieldy, heavily armed Soviet State of to-day.

The reason for Herr Hitler's strenuous efforts to increase the German birth-rate is now clear. The portentous Russia of the future will be a tremendous peril to Germany.

As yet, however, Herr Hitler's measures have produced disappointing results, though it is true that they have raised the number of births from 978,000 in 1930 to 1,181,000 in 1934.

In the opinion of Professor Carr-Saunders, the best British authority on the subject, "all that has happened so far is that an unusually large number of first births have been crowded into a year, and no abiding change has been produced in the rate of fertility." He thinks the forces at work too powerful to be readily mastered.

In Italy the case is much the same. There, too, the Government is doing its utmost to increase the birth-rate and to make Italy one of the most prolific nations. But there, too, the expert verdict is that its measures have not permanently increased the number of births, though they may have encouraged marriage and prevented the birth-rate from falling more rapidly than it has done.

In Asia's most highly civilised State, Japan, there are distinct indications that forces unfavourable to

fertility are at work, though her population is still increasing, and will probably continue to increase for another twenty years—till it reaches 80,000,000.

But according to Mr. Crocker, who studied the problem on the spot, Japan's people are marrying at a later date or avoiding marriage, despite strong social pressure upon them to marry.

Such is a bird's-eye view of the population problem in some of the world's typical States. What stands out from it is its menace to the British Empire. If the population of Great Britain sank by 10,000,000 or 20,000,000 there could be no steady flow of emigrants to the Dominions overseas, where the population now tends to stagnation or decline. The authorities on the subject are agreed with a singular unanimity that the small family customary to-day is the true cause of the world-wide movement of depopulation. They can point to the ancient Greeks,

among whom the same influences were seen at work.

To change from the small family, in which the number of children is deliberately limited, will not be easy. It will be a case of the cradle versus the coffin, and will involve drastic changes in our housing schemes, which have boycotted the baby, as garages have replaced nurseries.

Action Required

It is particularly noteworthy in this connection that, where the standard of comfort is highest, there the decline in the birth-rate is most marked.

Action is clearly required, but of what character should it be? Here the biometricians do not help us. Professor Carr-Saunders has no doubt as to the urgency of the matter or the stupendous difficulties which will have to be overcome. He holds that there must be a reform in the outlook upon marriage as the prelude.

PERSONALITIES OF OLD HONGKONG

Fate's Strange Trick On A Brilliant H.K. Lawyer

By T. PAUL GREGORY

Hongkong during the first few years of its history was the mecca for all sorts and conditions of men who flocked here in search of wealth, adventure, and a successful career. Some had been sailors before the mast, others, army veterans from India, and a formidable host of nondescript individuals of various crafts and professions. Among these latter were a number of lawyers, many of whom subsequently proved to be pariahs of the legal profession, whose sojourn here was usually short and troublous.

Many of them, moreover, were "Sydney ducks" and these men, especially by their irregular methods, brought disgrace upon the profession, so much so that by the year 1845, the European residents felt that one of their most urgent needs was for a fully qualified member of the Bar who would not only be able to represent them honourably in legal matters, but who also would be willing to assist in the building up of the infant Colony.

Their wishes were soon to be gratified; for late in June 1846, rumours were circulated that at long last a barrister who was really an ornament to his profession was shortly to settle in the Colony. This person whose identity was not disclosed, was stated to possess "extensive legal acquirements and experience," and, moreover, was avowed to be a "welcome acquisition to the society of the place." Naturally enough the

community which thrived upon gossip in lieu of infrequent news from the outside world was keyed up to expectancy, and the following announcement in the *Government Gazette* of July 29, 1846 was regarded with the most avid attention:

"Mr. N. D'Este Parker, Solicitor of the High Court of Chancery, and one of the Attorneys of Her Majesty's Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer, in Ireland, has been duly admitted to practice as a Solicitor, Attorney, and Proctor of the Supreme Court of Hongkong. Mr. Parker is likewise a legally constituted Public Notary of the High Court of Prerogation of England. Office at Messrs. Bowra and Co's., Queen's Road."

Mr. Norcott D'Este Parker was born in Ireland about the year 1818. Very little is known about his life at home, save that he was a graduate of the University of Dublin, and was a member of the Irish Bar. He was, however, apparently a man with high connections; for his establishment of a legal practice in the Colony was at once welcomed, and from the very beginning of his stay he possessed an extensive clientele. The local administration favourably regarded him, and he was appointed by the Governor, Sir John Davis, to serve as temporary Crown Prosecutor, "until

the pleasure of Her Majesty be known." Meanwhile, the official Coroner of the Colony, Mr. Percy Caulincourt McSwiney, who seemed to have been a former classmate of his, had been forced to resign from his office, and he was nominated to fill the vacancy. This latter appointment was, however, but temporary; for the Government felt that Mr. Parker was better fitted to serve as Proctor in Admiralty than as a Coroner, and he was accordingly gazetted in that capacity on January 12, 1847.

The year 1847 was, moreover, the *annus mirabilis*—the "wonderful year" of his stay in Hongkong—for on every hand he prospered. His legal practice increased by leaps and bounds, so that he felt it incumbent to seek additional assistance, and despatched a letter to his younger brother William in Ireland to come out and join him in Hongkong. The administration, too, had come to regard him as one of its most promising servants. His successful discharge of his duties as temporary Crown Prosecutor influenced the Governor to name him permanent appointee, and on November 30, 1847, an announcement to this effect was published in the *Gazette*.

His speedy rise in the esteem of the general public was unfortunately to be suddenly dashed by an apparently inexplicable performance, which brought the young Irishman's lofty visions of success down about his ears like the collapse of a house of cards. It seems that one January day in 1849, Mr. Parker finding time hanging rather heavy upon his hands was hoping that something would turn up to allay the tedium; for life in Hongkong was now for the first time beginning to surfeit him. As if in answer to his wish there arrived in his office a Chinese police informer by name of Lee Kip-tye, who told him that at Ping Chau, an island between Hongkong and Macao, there was a junk anchored which had on board a number of articles from the wreck of a European ship. "How jolly it would be," thought young Parker to himself, "if I could just find out what the name of the wreck may be. By Jove, I think I will go out and have a look."

Leaving his office in charge of his brother William, Mr. Parker set off for Ping Chau, in company with the above-mentioned police informer, and another Chinese whose name is not mentioned in accounts of the episode. Upon their arrival at the island they found the Chinese junk beached upon the shore, and being caulked by a number of boatmen who were

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty



"Next week is Joe's birthday—I'm thinking of buying him two new gags!"

(Continued on Page 7.)

LL. GEORGE CRITICISES GOVT. "SURRENDER TO DICTATORS"

Hongkong's Position in New Situation in Far East



MR. DAVID LLOYD GEORGE

British Evasion Of Realities in Orient

LONDON, Nov. 9.

TAKING PART IN the House of Commons debate to-day, Mr. David Lloyd-George, after pleading for more light on how the Government was going to attain peace, complained that there had always been a complete surrender to the dictators and their most extreme demands.

In China they had surrendered far more than Japan had ever demanded when she had begun her Chinese policy. "We have no policy" added Mr. Lloyd-George.

The news last night, continued the speaker, was that Japan's armies had announced their intention to march right to the boundaries of Burma. For the first time they are right on our frontier, a great, aggressive, military empire, commanding millions of soldiers. "It is a very grave event for the British Empire," said Mr. Lloyd-George.

"We have troubles which have been referred to by Sir Stafford Cripps. Troubles which revealed discontent with the concessions made to their demands for greater concessions for independence. And there is this military empire, with its millions marching right up to the borders of that great Eastern Empire of ours, and we have no policy that I can see, of any sort or kind in regard to that tremendous situation in the Far East."

Mr. Lloyd-George criticised the conclusion of the Anglo-Italian pact. The withdrawal of volunteers which had taken place were practically a sham as vital materials were not removed. Even the pact which the Government had entered into at Munich had been disregarded, and further aggressions had been committed.

"It isn't merely unconditional surrender, but it is giving a free hand in all these cases—East, West, and Africa." Mr. Lloyd-George spoke of the uneasiness of the country about their meetings with the great dictators who were some of the most astute and most daring men they had ever had to encounter. Re-armament in itself added a good deal to the difficulty. There was a feeling that they could not altogether trust the Government in negotiations with two of the most ruthless rulers in the world.

Discussing re-armament, Mr. Lloyd-George said he recognised the necessity under present conditions to make themselves ready and strong, but "general disarmament is going to be the real test of any peace" they could make. Herr Hitler had said so.

The fundamental mistake of the Government's policy, in his judgment, was the exclusion from its discussions of Russia, whose power Mr. Lloyd-George then proceeded to extol.

HONGKONG CUT OFF

In the course of a second reference to China, Mr. Lloyd-George referred ironically to the sending of a few packages to China when she was fighting for life against a terrible aggressor and invader, who was going to march up to the boundaries of Britain's and France's Eastern empires.

"Can you disarm without getting a settlement in China?" he asked. "I cannot imagine a greater act of folly than a settlement in China like that of Czechoslovakia."

"They have cut us off at Hongkong and Shanghai and our trade has been shut out. The Customs will be in their hands in the future, and we shall be entirely dependent on their goodwill."

Mr. Lloyd-George begged Mr. Chamberlain to discontinue trying to settle with the dictators these great difficulties which can only be settled by an appeal to the whole tribunal of mankind.—*Reuter.*

BRITAIN EVADING THE CHINA ISSUE

LONDON, Nov. 9. IN THE COURSE of criticising the Government in the resumed debate on the King's Speech to-day, Sir Stafford Cripps asserted that the Chinese people were in no way a conquered people yet.

"It would take even if it ever happened, many years for Japan to conquer China, but in the King's Speech there was no reference whatever to, or any suggestion of policy. There was no sympathetic reference to China's sufferings, or to give assistance to those people Britain had deserted under the most solemn treaty obligations."

"We don't even offer them pieces of silver," added Sir Stafford. He said that another curious omission from the speech was Government's attitude with respect to colonies.

A demand had been made for the return of German colonies. He would like to know whether the Government's attitude was the same now as a year ago.

He was sure the House, and the country, would welcome a precise statement of policy, as they could then ascertain the purpose for the armaments which were being built in increasing quantities. Were these armaments to protect the whole of the Empire, or only those parts not demanded from us by the dictators?

TOKYO PLAN REPUDIATED

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, declared that he could not recognise Government's foreign policy in the extraordinary description given by Sir Stafford Cripps.

He added that there had been pronouncements recently in Tokyo regarding the formation of an economic and political bloc comprising Japan, Manchukuo and China.

"I would like to say," said Mr. Butler, "that Britain's position in this connection is governed by the Washington treaties and other international agreements to which His Majesty's Government in conjunction with a large number of other governments, is a party."

"We should not, therefore, consider any alteration in the position as laid down in the treaties, but when the Government in conjunction with a large number of other governments, is a party."

Mr. Butler said that it was clear from Mr. Chamberlain's speech, that when the time came, Britain would be ready to play her part in giving such assistance as China, its Government and people might require to repair the terrible damage they have suffered, and to rehabilitate and re-equip their country for the years of peace which they hoped would come.

He did not mean that Britain was looking to lend money to Japan to enable her to complete her domination of China.

Referring to Spain, Mr. Butler said he understood the Spanish Government was evacuating more than 1,500 volunteers from Spain in the next day or two. With regard to belligerent rights, the Government view remained unchanged.

COLONIES—SILENCE

Mr. Butler said he could add nothing on the subject of colonies to-day. He emphasised that a Four-Power Pact of the type which Sir Stafford Cripps referred to was not contemplated by Government.

Mr. Butler said that Sir Stafford Cripps had stated that no assistance was being given China, adding: "We have taken our part in conjunction with other Powers in supplying medical and other assistance to China through the League of Nations organisation."

He would like to pay tribute to the medical unit at present operating under terrible conditions there, and said that the British Government would completely associate itself with any other schemes to help the Chinese people in that particular department in their terrible plight.

Sir Stafford Cripps, intervening, said if that meant granting a loan to which Mr. Butler replied that Sir Stafford knew that the Government had already made one announcement about a loan, and he was unable to add anything more about an international loan.

Mr. Butler continued to observe that Britain also offered her services either alone or in conjunction with any other Power or group of Powers, to take whatever steps possible to bring about a just and lasting solution in the present conflict.

"We have given, and we shall continue to give, sympathetic consideration to any scheme which may be put forward on a commercial basis, following upon our recent support of the resolutions on this subject at the League of Nations meeting."—*Reuter.*

Opposition Amendment To The Address

London, Nov. 9. The Opposition amendment to the address to be moved in the House of Commons on Monday is directed to Home policy, and regrets absence of reference to the "serious problem of unemployment as represented by nearly 2,000,000 men and women who cannot find work, and the failure of Your Majesty's advisers to recognise that the real strength and prosperity of the people depend on the full use of the resources of the country human and material, and upon the equitable distribution of wealth."

On Friday the House of Commons will meet at noon in view of the Armistice Day ceremonies, and after a formal introduction of private members' bills, will adjourn. The general debate on the Address will therefore conclude to-morrow night.—*British Wireless.*

FATE'S STRANGE TRICK ON A BRILLIANT H.K. LAWYER

(Continued from Page 5.)

evidently preparing the craft for a speedy departure. Their first impulse was to go aboard and search the craft, but, upon further consideration, they thought it would be better to get permission from the petty mandarin of the place. This worthy, upon matters being explained to him, readily consented to their request, and accompanied them to the beached craft. However, no sooner had they gone on board and had commenced to examine some of the chests and wreckage, than trouble began. About 500 'Tanka' boatmen appeared from apparently nowhere in particular, and angrily gesticulating, surrounded Parker and his two companions. Hot words were exchanged, and Parker with fists clenched attempted to force an opening through the excited crowd. A riot ensued, and the mandarin with the greatest difficulty succeeded in getting the young foreigner to his house. In the meanwhile, the boatmen having contented themselves with beating up one of the Chinese who had accompanied Parker on his foolhardy errand, cooled down sufficiently to despatch one of their number in hot haste together with the 'lei-po', or "local constable" of the place to Hongkong in order to lay a complaint with the authorities about the "outrageous conduct of this 'barbarian' who attempted to carry out a bold piracy in broad daylight."

The Hongkong police were frankly non-plussed at the report at first, but subsequently learning that Mr. Parker had left for Ping Chau early that morning, they decided that something was amiss, and Mr. D. R. Caldwell, the official interpreter, was ordered to take the police boat, and proceed to the island as speedily as possible. When he arrived there, he found Mr. Parker a veritable refugee in the house of the mandarin, which was surrounded by a dense crowd of Tanka fisherfolk. The mandarin when questioned about the affair claimed that a piracy indeed had been attempted, and in the end nineteen suspects including Parker were taken back to Hongkong. In the Magistrate's Court, Mr. Parker's version of the story was proved, but the flood of rumours which surged through the Colony did not prove any too favourable to his reputation as a Government official and practicing barrister. Although he made a newspaper statement of his connection with the matter, it did not assist him to regain his former prestige, and he felt that it might be best to retire from the Colony for a while, until the whole unfortunate affair should blow over. Accordingly, on September 29, 1849, having arranged that his brother should assume his official appointments with the local Government, he left the Colony for California. This was actually the last that was ever heard of him; for the vessel in which he was travelling, the Amoy Packet, foundered in a typhoon a few days out of Hongkong. Such was the sad end of the career of this talented individual who through the amazing caprice of fate sealed his own doom.

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1 p.m. — 2.30 p.m.

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2. Spanish Serenade Herbert.
3. Menuets et Coquilletois. Waltz Waldeufel.
4. Rigoletto. Selection Verdi.
5. Cavatina Raff.
6. Peer Gynt. Suite No. 1 Grieg.
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Interior Devastated In New Mass Air Terror

CHUNGKING, Nov. 10.

JAPANESE BOMBERS continued their wanton attacks on a number of open cities in Hunan and Kiangsi yesterday, exacting a heavy civilian toll and reducing large areas to ruins.

Hengshan and Hengyang, respectively 80 miles and 192 miles south-east of Changsha in Hunan, which were ruthlessly bombed on Tuesday, were subjected to further raids yesterday.

Hengshan was raided in the morning by nine planes which dumped over 10 missiles in the western outskirts. Nanyang, an old temple there, was completely demolished.

Shortly afterwards, 16 Japanese machines, in two squadrons, passed over Hengshan and broke into Hengyang. They concentrated their attacks on the railway station and the vicinity, dropping about 70 bombs.

Chinese anti-aircraft batteries opened up on the raiders, forcing them to break formation and fly away shortly afterwards.

In the afternoon, six Japanese bombers again raided Hengshan, unleashing a number of bombs inside the city. Several huge fires were started, devastating a large area of the thriving section of the town. Besides Hengshan and Hengyang, Japanese raiders yesterday extended their work of destruction to another city in north Hunan, Changchi, on the Yuanjiang (River).

CHANGTSE CARNAGE

Six machines passing over Tungting Lake, broke into Changtse and released more than 10 missiles, at Shihmenchiao. Eighteen civilians were killed and wounded, while 13 houses were razed to the ground.

Ten more bombs landed on an open lot in the vicinity of Shihmenchiao. One missile exploded on the highway there, causing only slight damage. In Kiangsi province, four Japanese planes, raiding Tungshiang, southeast of Nanchang, in the morning, dropping 11 explosives at Tangtien, a village nearby. Two farmers were killed and four wounded.

Simultaneously with the attack on Tungshiang, eight other machines dumped 14 bombs at Yenchiatsun, northwest of Tungshiang, killing nine farmers and wounding 10 others. They dropped four more bombs at Yehlingmiao, a village nearby.

Shortly afterwards, Kongsloshang, southwest of Tungshiang, was bombed by seven invading planes which released a number of incendiary missiles.

Chennan, in south Kiangsi near the Kwangtung border, was also raided by two enemy aircraft, which dropped two bombs, inflicting several civilian casualties.

The Japanese raiders passed over Nanchang on different occasions, drawing heavy anti-aircraft gunfire.—*Central News.*

EXTENSIVE OPERATIONS

Shanghai, Nov. 10. With the weather conditions improving, Japanese naval aircraft resumed on Tuesday extensive operations against the Chinese inland air bases in Szechuen and Hunan, according to a Japanese naval communiqué.

A squadron led by Lieut.-Commander Yamahouchi attacked Chikiang in western Hunan. While engaging a force of 16 Chinese fighting planes in a fierce mid-air combat, the Japanese raiders bombed and des-

stroyed 4 grounded Chinese machines. Several of the Chinese pursuit planes were shot down in the air duel. Two Japanese planes were also lost in the attack, the communiqué says. Lieut.-Commander Tanamachi led the attack on Hengyang in Southern Hunan, the communiqué further points out. Twelve Chinese machines spotted on the ground were demolished in the bombing attack that ensued, while factories and anti-aircraft positions attached to the airfield were also bombed and damaged, the communiqué says. Although the Chinese anti-aircraft fire was intensely displayed, all of the Japanese planes safely returned to their base, the communiqué claims.

A third squadron led by Lieut.-Commander Yasunobu staged a long-distance flight to Chengtu, capital of Szechuen Province, and besides blowing up 8 grounded Chinese machines, engaged 5 Chinese pursuit planes and shot down 2 of them, the communiqué continues.—*Domet.*

Veteran Missionary Dies In H.K.

En Route Home From
New Guinea

Thirty-five years' patient, self-sacrificing service closed for the Rev. Father Emile Jerome, S.A.S., when his body was interred in St. Michael's Roman Catholic Cemetery, Happy Valley, on Wednesday afternoon. Stricken ill at his work in Madang, New Guinea, Father Jerome began a journey to his home in Alsace, France, but a peaceful death checked his worldly travellings at Hongkong.

The late Father Jerome was 62 years of age. In 1895, leaving his native Alsace, he entered the Society of the Divine Word, a missionary congregation having its headquarters in Steyl, Holland. He was ordained a priest in 1903 and sent out to the New Guinea Mission of Wewak, province of Madang, where he saw the growth of that brave undertaking to a flourishing mission staffed with about 50 fathers and 75 brothers, working mainly among the native tribes called Kanakas. The territory, once a German colony, is now under Australian administration.

When illness interrupted the work it was hoped that his native country climate might improve his health and he was ordered to repatriate. On his way home, however, accompanied by Lay Brother Bartholomew, he had to wait in Hongkong for his boat to Europe.

Here, his case became more grievous and he was compelled to enter St. Paul's Hospital, Causeway Bay, where, despite every care, he died on Wednesday afternoon.

Bishop Vallorta led the burial service, paying the last, well-merited honours to a veteran of the mission field. Several fathers of the local mission and some sisters were also present and sang ritual prayers.



HAROLD LARWOOD NOT PLAYING ANY MORE FIRST-CLASS CRICKET

London, Nov. 9. Harold Larwood, the Nottinghamshire fast bowler, who recently resigned from the Nottinghamshire C.C.C., will play for Blackpool in the Ribblesdale League next season.—*Reuter*.

The report of Larwood's retirement from county cricket came through last month. In a statement on the matter, the Nottinghamshire committee said:

"It is a matter of general knowledge that for some time past owing to the condition of his knee, Harold Larwood has been unable to bowl. Having come to the conclusion, founded on medical advice, that there is no likelihood of any improvement, Larwood has generously asked the committee to release him from the remainder of his contract, which has another two years to run. This offer the committee has accepted whilst deeply regretting the circumstances which rendered it necessary."

Larwood was the central figure in the regrettable "body-line bowling" controversy whilst touring with Mr. D. R. Jardine's team in Australia in 1932-33. Since then he has steadfastly refused to take part in Test cricket.

Regarded as one of the best fast bowlers to have played for England in Test matches, Larwood played in two matches against Australia at home in 1926, five in Australia in 1928-29, three at home in 1930 and five in Australia in 1932-33. In 1929, he played in three Test matches against South Africa in England.

In the England v. Australia series, Larwood figured in an eighth wicket record partnership with "Patsy" Hendren in 1928-29 when they scored 124 runs at Brisbane to help England win by 675 runs.

Last summer, Larwood turned out for Nottingham in some of the earlier County Championship matches, but owing to his knee trouble he dropped out towards the latter part.

KOWLOON TONG BOWLS TEAM

The following will represent the Kowloon Tong Club in a friendly bowls match against the Kowloon Bowling Green Club at Kowloon Tong on Saturday, November 12: C. Mose, S. M. White, J. L. Stephens and A. Spary (skip); H. Gittins, J. N. Wong, V. N. Atienza and A. H. Basto (skip).



Harold Larwood
No more first-class cricket.

Czecho-Slovak Refugees Total 12,000

Prague, Nov. 9. A census carried out by the Czech authorities of refugees who sought refuge from the ceded areas in the new Republic shows that altogether 12,000 persons from the ceded areas crossed into Czecho-Slovakia, of whom 73,000 are Czechs, 11,000 Germans and 6,700 Jews. Only 54 declared themselves to be Poles.

The majority of the fugitives are staying with friends or relatives and only 5,500 persons are quartered in the 32 fugitive camps which have been established by the authorities.

In Prague only about 15,000 from the ceded areas are in distress.—*Trans-Ocean*.

FANLING GOLF

Starting Times For Holidays

Friday, Nov. 11
Old Course
9.16 H. J. D. Lowe, K. R. Quick.
9.20 V. Greaves, J. W. Mayhew.
9.24 N. K. Littlejohn, J. Forbes.
9.28 J. A. D. Morrison, J. H. McIlroy.
9.32 T. R. Waters, W. H. Stoford.
9.36 A. M. Mack, R. G. Gray.
9.40 H. Harrison, A. R. Perry.
9.44 C. Worrall, I. H. Gears.
9.48 S. J. H. Fox, P. H. Scopes.
9.52 H. P. Sommers, D. D. Forbes.
9.56 J. P. Crozier, H. S. Jones.
10.00 W. J. S. Key, A. H. McBride.
10.04 J. Hall, G. Riddell-Care.
10.08 H. Over, W. J. E. Mackenzie.

New Course
9.22 Mr. & Mrs. Sander.
9.26 C. R. Mallory, B. Holle.
9.30 Mrs. Over, Mrs. Mackenzie.

Saturday, Nov. 12
Old Course
9.16 W. L. Alexander, W. M. Barton.
9.20 E. T. McMullen, L. R. Andrews.
9.24 E. T. McMullen, L. R. Andrews.
9.28 F. H. King, R. G. Gray.
9.32 W. Stewart, K. R. Quick.
9.36 A. C. I. Bowker, W. F. Blimmons.
9.40 A. H. Penn, J. R. Collis.
9.44 B. D. Evans, D. D. Forbes.
9.48 D. C. Worrall, R. Young.
9.52 G. A. Leiper, F. Phipps.
9.56 W. G. Grabbe, W. Park.
10.00 W. T. Foxall, J. Hall.

New Course
9.24 F. S. Geldart, H. C. Margrett.

Sunday, Nov. 13
Old Course
9.16 E. T. McMullen, L. R. Andrews.
9.20 A. C. I. Bowker, W. F. Blimmons.
9.24 E. T. McMullen, L. R. Andrews.
9.28 F. H. King, R. G. Gray.
9.32 W. Stewart, K. R. Quick.
9.36 A. C. I. Bowker, W. F. Blimmons.
9.40 A. H. Penn, J. R. Collis.
9.44 B. D. Evans, D. D. Forbes.
9.48 D. C. Worrall, R. Young.
9.52 G. A. Leiper, F. Phipps.
9.56 W. G. Grabbe, W. Park.
10.00 W. T. Foxall, J. Hall.

New Course
9.24 F. S. Geldart, H. C. Margrett.

7550 DIAMOND BROOCH LOST
Miss Dodwell, of 301 The Peak, has reported the loss of a diamond brooch valued at \$750 between her home and Wyndham Street yesterday.

Handbag Lost
The loss of her handbag containing money and a fountain pen valued at \$55 altogether in a taxi somewhere between her home and the Kingsville Hotel, has been reported to the police by Mrs. A. Borgstein, of Prince Edward Road.

Rugby

FRANCE WISHES TO RESUME TIES WITH BRITISH ISLES

London, Oct. 17. There is a possibility that France may shortly be readmitted to the international rugby programme, from which she has for seven years been denied by England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales.

The home countries put the bar up against France in 1931, accusing her of permitting professional practices. France was told to go and do some house-cleaning, after which she could apply again.

Several times she has applied for readmittance to the illustrious circle, only to be rebuffed. This time, however, there seems to be a genuine move afoot to bring about restoration of playing relations.

The French declare that the Welsh R. U. are behind the latest effort and the attitude of the countries is briefly as follows:

The last official attempt by France to come in with us on the old friendly terms was made two years ago. The home Unions called for evidence showing that semi-professionalism had indeed been banished. As relations were not resumed, we must assume that the required proofs were not forthcoming.

The French insist that they have now "cleaned house" and the only point at issue is their championship

cup. The Rugby Union have no liking for cups, or a club championship, though their view is not shared in some parts of England.

NO WISH FOR TRAVEL

It would almost seem as if the chief Irish and Scottish objection to including France in the international programme is a dislike of long-distance travelling. The Irish view-point was expressed by an official who asked, "Why should our players have to suffer four Channel crossings to play one Rugby match?"

The Scots, too, are very conservative and apparently are content to continue playing within the British Isles until the crack of doom.

The rugby game is having a hard fight to retain its popularity in France and badly needs British aid. One French writer plainly says: "When the split took place, we thought we could get along equally well without the British, but we were wrong. The playing of rugby is not possible without the British."

EXCHANGE

Selling	Buying
T.T. London	227/32
T.T. Shanghai	227/32
T.T. Singapore	175 Nom.
T.T. Japan	100
T.T. India	82 1/2
T.T. U.S.A.	20 1/2
T.T. Manila	58 1/2
T.T. Batavia	140 1/2
T.T. Saigon	110
T.T. France	73 1/2
T.T. Switzerland	120 1/2
T.T. Australia	176 1/2

4 m/s L/c London	1/3.3/32
4 m/c D/p do.	1/3 1/2
4 m/s L/c U.S.A.	20 1/2
4 m/s France	11.60
30 d/s India	84 1/2
U.S. Cross rate in London	4.75 1/2

HANDBAG LOST

The loss of her handbag containing money and a fountain pen valued at \$55 altogether in a taxi somewhere between her home and the Kingsville Hotel, has been reported to the police by Mrs. A. Borgstein, of Prince Edward Road.

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SPORT ADVTS

THE MACAO JOCKEY CLUB

The November Race Meeting will be held at Arcia Preta, Macao, on SATURDAY, 12th November, 1938, commencing at 2.15 p.m.

The first bell will be rung at 1.45 p.m. approximately.

The offices of the Club at Gloucester Building, 2nd Floor, will remain open on Friday, 11th November, up to 1 p.m.

By order, S. W. CHENG, Secretary.

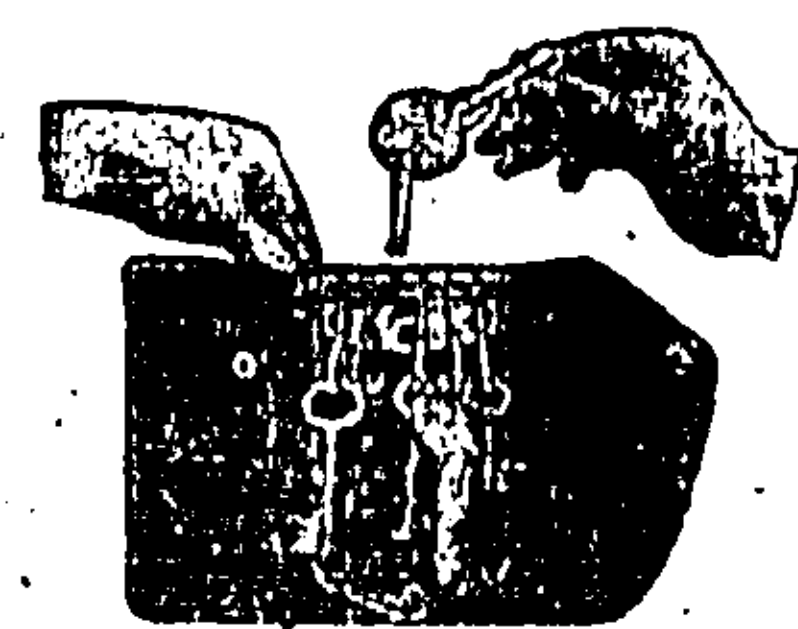
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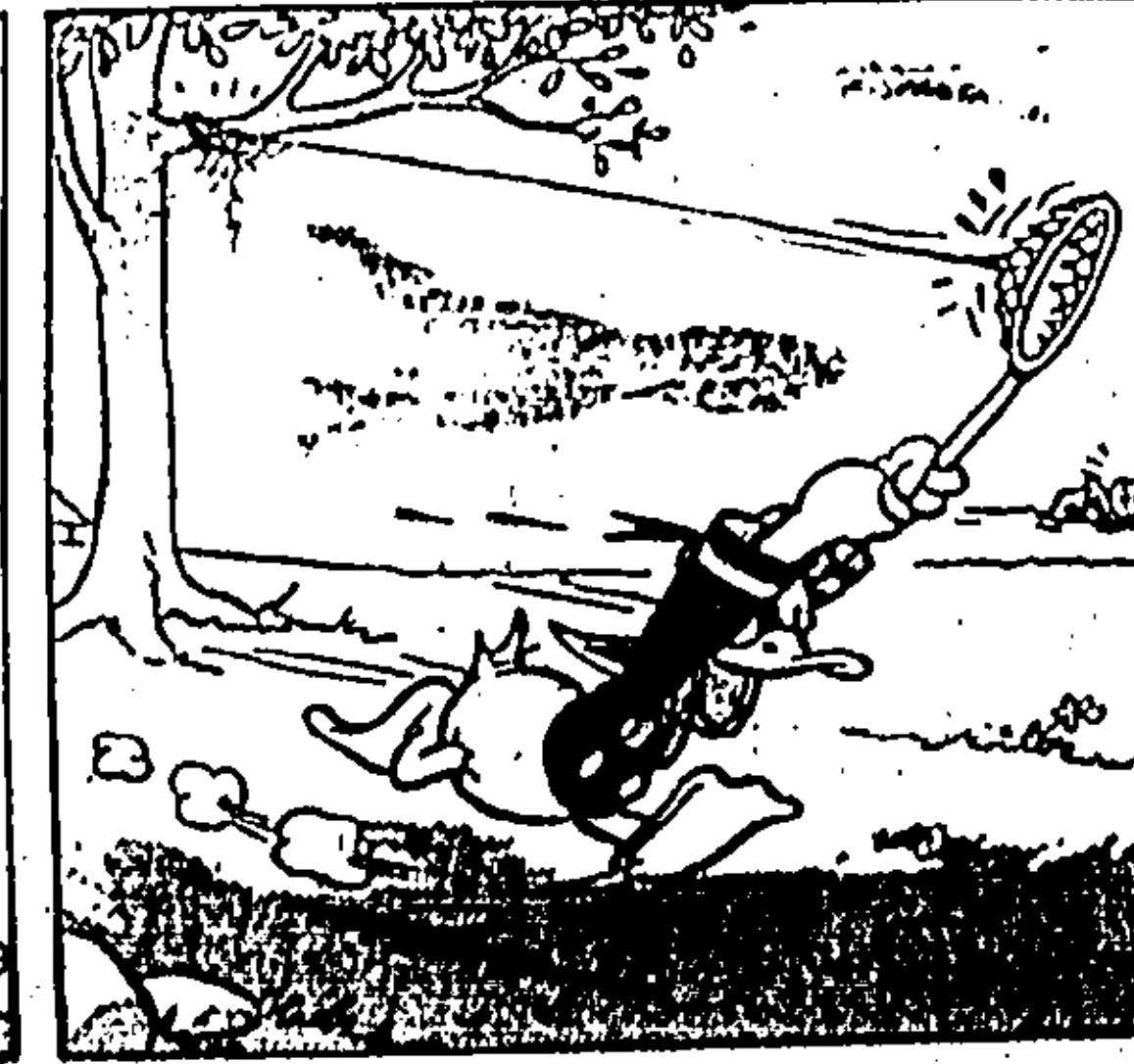


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H. E. Sir Geoffrey Northcote, K.C.M.G.)in
ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL

at

9.15 p.m.

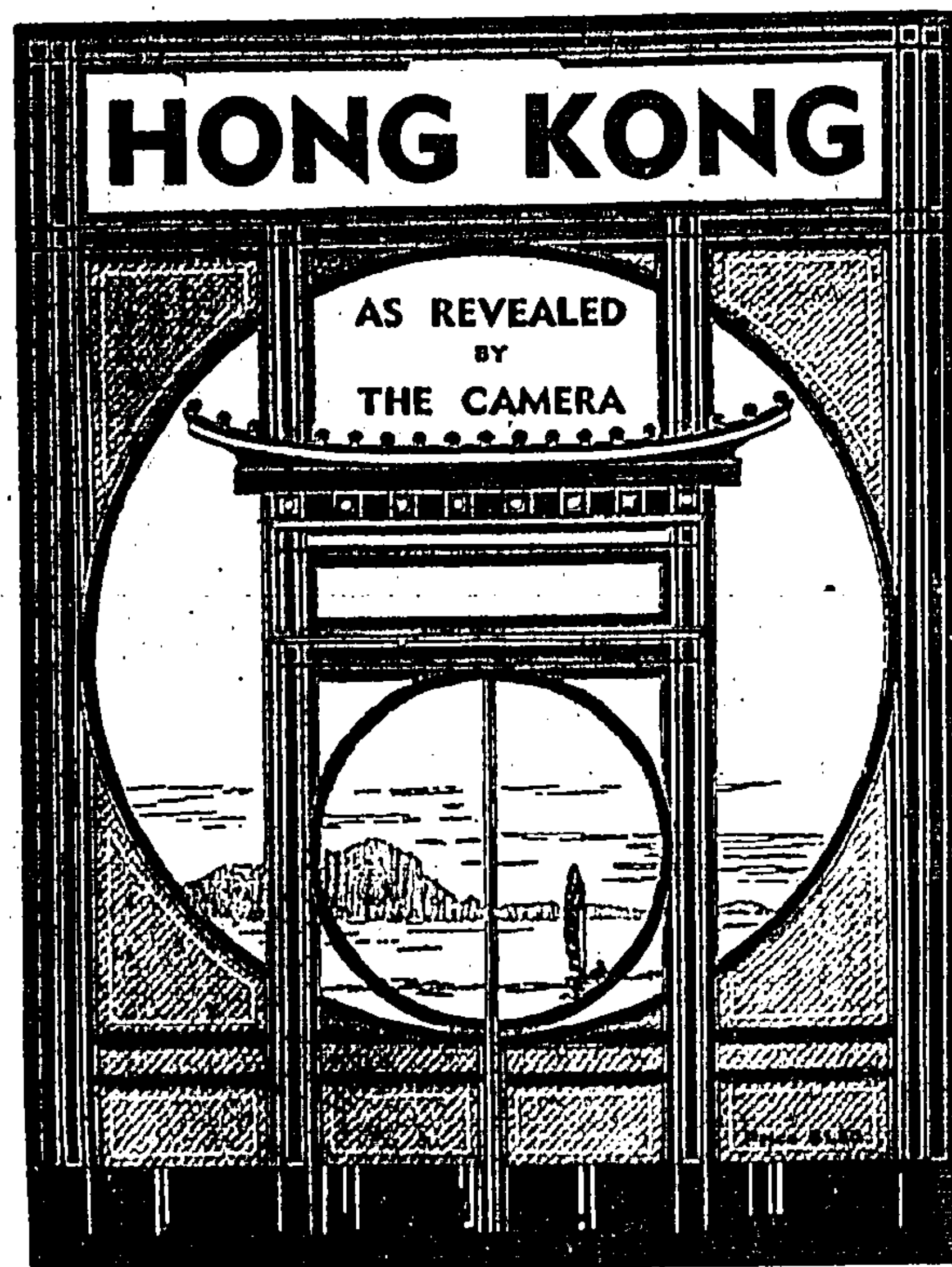
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NOW ON SALE
AT THE MORNING POST OFFICE

NO HOPE OF SUCCESSFUL CHINESE COUNTER-BLOW SAYS U.S. CAMERAMAN

Robbed 4 Times On Way To Hongkong

"REPORTS of general counter-offensive by the Chinese are quite untrue," stated Mr. K. H. Eskelund, Associated Press War Correspondent, who arrived in the Colony this morning from Canton via Shekai and Macao, after having been forced to turn back in a previous attempt to walk here along the railway.

In that attempt he was robbed four times and shot at by both Japanese and Chinese.

"Neither Chanchuen, nor Fatsien have been taken back. I passed through the outskirts of Chanchuen, which was still in Japanese hands, while from questioning the Chinese I met, I gathered that Fatsien was also in Japanese possession," said Mr. Eskelund, who added that there had been some slight fighting about 10 miles from Chanchuen.

NO HOPE OF SUCCESSFUL COUNTER-ATTACK

Referring to the Japanese forces around Canton, he said they were dispersed along the country and were still pushing forward, but any chance of the Chinese making a successful surprise attack was obliterated by the fact that about 200 planes were extensively used in reconnaissance, which enabled ample warning to be given to the Japanese.

"I saw Japanese gunboats and destroyers going up the river and hundreds of other Japanese ships," he said.

"Only about 10 per cent. of the population are back in Canton, and they live only in certain districts. The rest of the city is deserted."

"Not even a tenth of Canton has been destroyed by fire, though a few of the larger buildings have been razed. Fortifications are being built."

JAPANESE GIRLS' ON WAY

Five hundred Japanese girls from Formosa are at present on their way to Canton, according to an official Japanese announcement, said Mr. Eskelund.

He also mentioned that when troops commandeered the food supplies in Canton, they refused to eat the stocks of caviar which fell into their hands and gave them away.

He revealed that his photographs of the fall of Canton had been flown to Shanghai via Formosa and Taku by the Japanese, who had at first wanted to confiscate the lot after he had returned from his unsuccessful attempt to walk to Hongkong. Thanks, however, to the intervention of a prominent Briton in Canton, the Japanese were persuaded to let them go through. They did not even ask to have them developed in order to see what they showed.

ROBBED BY BANDITS

Recounting his first attempt to reach the Colony with the films, when he left Canton on October 27, Mr. Eskelund said he had managed to walk some distance past Shekai before he was turned back.

On the way he was robbed four times by Chinese bandits.

"They were not soldiers, but were armed with mausers, probably taken from the dead. The first time I was held up, I lost most of my money. The second time I lost all of it."

"On the third occasion the robbers took my camera, while on the fourth, as there was nothing else left, they took my food, torch light and some of my clothes."

"During these hold-ups I was stripped to the skin, in the search for valuables. My films were in an attache case, but they let me keep them, as they were useless to themselves."

"At Shekai, as I was walking along the railway embankment in the evening, carrying a small Danish flag, I was fired at by the Japanese. I shouted to let them know who I was and they allowed me in. They sent a wire to Canton, and permission came through for me to go on."

CARRIED JAPANESE FLAG A MISTAKE

"I was given a Japanese flag and told to carry it as a safety precaution. I did so, but it was a mistake. After leaving Shekai, I swam across two rivers, and then came up on more armed Chinese who opened fire and chased me. I dropped the Japanese flag and managed to get back to Shekai, after recrossing the rivers."

"I stayed the night there and walked back towards Canton. On the way I met some Japanese on lorries who carried me back."

"At Canton I was questioned by



Mrs. Neville Chamberlain, wife of the British Prime Minister, received almost as much acclaim as did her popular husband, when news arrived in London that the four-power parley in Munich had decided on peace. Here she is mobbed by a cheering throng when she attempted to leave 10 Downing street, for her daily walk in St. James's park.

NOT MUCH RAIN IS EXPECTED

Hongkong need not expect any great rainfall according to the Royal Observatory, whose local weather forecast this morning predicted East winds, fresh, cloudy with occasional rain, but improving later.

The temperature remained at 77 as the maximum point during the past 24 hours, but the minimum dropped to 68. There were 12 points of an inch of rain recorded, which had brought the year's aggregate to 55.11 inches, as compared with an average of 82.87 inches.

Chinese Attack Tsungfa

Shiukwan, Nov. 10. After defeating the Japanese at Leungchow, Chinese troops are reported to be counter-attacking Tsungfa. Confused fighting is now raging there.

The Japanese troops at Kongsun on the Canton-Hankow Railway, 10 miles north of Canton, have been routed by the Chinese and are retreating southward.

Severely harassed by Chinese self-defence corps, the Japanese force at Lungmoon, 70 miles northeast of Canton, is stated to be preparing to withdraw.

A Japanese unit which landed at Lungmoon in Shuntai in over 20 trawlers and steam boats was surrounded and attacked by the Chinese self-defence corps yesterday. Over 200 Japanese were killed during the engagement.

Chinese guerrillas active around Wanchow and Tamsui are attempting to cut Japanese communication between Bias Bay and the inland.

LOCAL ARCHITECT RETURNING

We learn that Mr. Leslie Ross, F.R.A.S.A., the well-known local Architect, is returning to Hongkong, with Mrs. Ross, and will arrive by the Glenapp on November 23.

Mr. Ross's return has been delayed by the fact that he was the victim of a motor accident in London in 1936, but he has now entirely recovered from the effects of this.

Mr. Ross intends to resume his Architectural Practice on arrival in the Colony.

The gendarmerie, who wanted to confiscate the films, but I made so much trouble over them, that after my friend had spoken for me, they agreed to send them to Shanghai for me.

"Day before yesterday I left again for Hongkong, travelling by foot and sampan to Chanchuen, and from there to Lankau and Sullam and then to Shekai, which has hardly been damaged by bombs. The Chinese villagers I came upon seemed to be taking things normally."

Hust Is New Capital Of Ruthenia

Government Assumes New Headquarters

Hust, Nov. 9. The Government of Carpatho-Ruthenia to-day finally moved to the new capital of Hust. Premier Wolochin has appointed a special committee to prepare a reconstruction programme.

The Committee will draw up the measures to be taken at once, and will prepare a general plan for the economic development of the country by exploitation of mineral wealth.

With Ushorod, Carpathian Ruthenia has lost its only aerodrome. The state-controlled airlines, therefore, decided to-day to build new aerodromes at Hust and Akna Slatina, since other parts of the Czechoslovak Republic can be reached from Ruthenia only by plane, unless the territory of other States is to be crossed.

Contrary to Hungarian claims, complete calm prevails throughout despite Hungarian propaganda.

Cool Weather Fails To Stop Cholera

Despite the cooler weather, cholera has not yet been stamped out in Hongkong this year, and yesterday, a further three cases were reported, making the total number for the year up to 519.

Dysentery continues to claim a large number of victims, a further half a dozen cases being notified during the past 24 hours, and making the aggregate for 1938 up to 899.

There were also three cases of enteric fever reported.

MANILA SHARES

The following quotations were received after the close of the morning session through Reuters:

Antanok	Prices in Pesos
Nov. 9, 1938	
Atok	31 1/2
Baguio Gold	24 1/2
Baguio Cons.	13 1/2
Cebu Cons.	13 1/2
Consolidated Mines	30 1/2
Demonstration	30 1/2
Paracale Cons.	15 1/2
San Mateo	15 1/2
Suyoc	15 1/2
United Paracale	15 1/2

The Manila market was unchanged to off 4 points, the strong spots being San Mateo, up 4 points, and Benguet Consolidated, up 40 points. The only loss in the above list was in Atok which was off 1 1/2 points. The market was quiet and very steady.

POST OFFICE.

GENERAL HOLIDAY.
On Friday, November 11, and Saturday, November 12, the General Post Office and Kowloon Central Post Office will be open from 9.00 a.m. to Noon. The Sheungwan Branch Post Office will be open from 9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. and the other Branch Post Offices will be entirely closed.

There will be one collection from the pillar boxes each day on Sunday. One delivery of ordinary correspondence at 11.30 a.m. and one delivery of registered correspondence at 11.00 a.m. on each day.

The Branch Post Offices at Stanley, Tai Po and Un Long will also have one delivery of ordinary correspondence each day at 11.00 a.m. The Money Order Office will be entirely closed.

CHRISTMAS MAILS FOR GREAT BRITAIN VIA SUEZ.

Printed Paper Mail (Christmas Cards etc., in open envelopes) closes as follows:

Registered Mail 9.45 a.m. Nov. 26.
Ordinary Mail 10.30 a.m. Nov. 26.
This mail will be forwarded by the s.s. "Ravenscliff" and is due to arrive at London on December 24, 1938.
Parcel Mail for Great Britain closes at Noon on Friday, November 11, per s.s. "Rampura" and is due to arrive at London on December 10, 1938.

POSTAL SERVICES

Postal Service to Canton is temporarily suspended.

CHRISTMAS MAIL FOR CANADA AND U.S.A.

Christmas Printed Paper Mail (Christmas Cards etc., in open envelopes) and Parcels for Canada and Letters and Parcel Mails for U.S.A. will be closed in the General Post Office and Kowloon Central Post Office per s.s. "Empress of Asia" as follows:

Parcels 3.00 p.m. Nov. 24.
Registered Mail 5.00 p.m. Nov. 24.
Ordinary Mail 7.00 p.m. Nov. 24.
These mails are due to arrive at Vancouver B.C. and Seattle (U.S.A.) on December 12, 1938.

AIR MAIL SERVICES
Air Mail for certain places previously served by the Chungking and Hankow Air-lines, will be despatched via Hanoi and thence by air as services permit.

VIA SIBERIA ROUTE
Letters and Postcards for Europe (except Great Britain and Eire) and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so superscribed.

OUTWARD MAIL TIMES
Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m., registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

MAIL LETTERS
Ordinary letter mail only for West Kiangtung, Kwanang, Szechwan, Kweichow and Hunan will be accepted at senders' risk.

INWARD MAILS

From	Per	Due
Straits	Bellerophon	November 10.
Swatow	Holhow	November 10.
Saigon	Laos	November 10.
Parcels from Calcutta and Straits	Santhia	November 10.
Japan and Shanghai	Felix Roussel	November 11.
Rabaul	Friderun	November 11.
Air Mail by "Pan-American Airways"		
Direct Service—San Francisco, Pan-American		
date, 2nd November.	Airways Plane	November 11.
Japan and Shanghai	Rampura	November 11.
Straits and Manila	Victoria	November 11.
Bangkok	Kwangtung	November 12.
Shanghai and Swatow	Rio de Janeiro Maru	November 12.
Huiphong, Pakhoi and Fort Bayard	Shantung	November 12.
Shanghai and Swatow	Yunnan	November 12.
Amoy	Tjinegara	November 13.
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways"		
Direct Service—London date, 6th Imperial		
November.	Airways Plane	November 14.
Shanghai	Rakuyo Maru	November 14.

OUTWARD MAILS

For	Per	Date and Time
Thursday		
Air Mail for "Imperial Airways"	Imperial Airways Plane	Thurs., Nov. 10.
Direct Service—due London,	K.P.O.	
17th November.	Reg.	Nov. 10, 3 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 10, 5.30 p.m.
	G.P.O.	
	Reg.	Nov. 10, 5 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 10, 7 p.m.
Air Mail for Malaya, Java and Australia by "Imperial Airways"	Imperial Airways Plane	Thurs., Nov. 10.
Direct Service—due Sydney, 15th	K.P.O.	
November.	Reg.	Nov. 10, 5 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 10, 5.30 p.m.
	G.P.O.	
	Reg.	Nov. 10, 5 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 10, 7 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan and Europe (except Great Britain and Eire) via Siberia	m/v Canton	Thurs., Nov. 10.
	K.P.O.	
	Reg.	Nov. 10, 5 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 10, 5.30 p.m.
	G.P.O.	
	Reg.	Nov. 10, 5 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 10, 7 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, (Parcels Emp. of Japan only for Canada) and Papers only for (Canada) U.S.A., C. and S. America via	G. F. O. and K. P. O.	
Vancouver B.C. due Vancouver	Reg.	Nov. 10, 9.15 a.m.
B.C. 29th November.	Ord.	Nov. 11, 10 a.m.
Sandakan	Mausang	Thurs., Nov. 10, 7 p.m.
Manila	Gansterkerk	Thurs., Nov. 10, 7.00 p.m.

Friday

Shanghai	Victoria	Fri., Nov. 11, 8.30 a.m.
Shanghai, Japan and Europe (except Great Britain and Eire) via Siberia	m/v Canton	Fri., Nov. 11, 10.30 a.m.
Swatow and Tientsin	Chaksang	Fri., Nov. 11, 10.30 a.m.
Saigon	Felix Roussel	Fri., Nov. 11, Noon.
Foochow	Nanchang	Fri., Nov. 11, Noon.
Tientsin	Tai Seun Hong	Fri., Nov. 11, Noon.
Holhow	Mulnam	Fri., Nov. 11, 12.30 p.m.
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Hong Kong and U.S.A. by "Pan-American Airways"	Pan-American Airways Plane	Fri., Nov. 11.
Direct Service—due San Francisco, 17th	K. P. O.	
November.	Reg.	Nov. 11, Noon
	Ord.	Nov. 11, Noon
	G. F. O.	
	Reg.	Nov. 11, Noon
	Ord.	Nov. 11, 7.00 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt, Malta and Europe via Marseilles—due	Parcels	Fri., Nov. 11.
Marseilles, 9th December	Reg.	Nov. 11, 5 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 12, 9.45 a.m.
	G.P.O. and K.P.O.	

Saturday

Air Mail for "K.L.M. Airways"	Rampura	Sat., Nov. 12.
Direct Service—due Amsterdam,	G.P.O. and K.P.O.	
22nd November	Reg.	Nov. 12, 8.30 a.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 12, 10 a.m.
Fort Bayard and Holhow	Yochow	Sat., Nov. 12, Noon.
Huiphong	Laos	Sat., Nov. 12, 2 p.m.
Amoy and Shanghai	Nanning	Sat., Nov. 12, 3.30 p.m.
Mombasa (Papers only) Laurence		
Marques and (Parcels and Papers Rio-de-Janeiro Maru only) for South Africa		
Manila, Australia and New Zealand Taping	Rio-de-Janeiro Maru	Sat., Nov. 12, 5 p.m.
via Thursday Island—due Thurs-	G.P.O. and K.P.O.	
day Island, 24th November.	Reg.	Nov. 14, 8.45 a.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 14, 9.30 a.m.

Sunday

Swatow, Foochow and Tientsin	Holhow	Sun., Nov. 13, 8.30 a.m.
Swatow	Halton	Sun., Nov. 13, 9 a.m.
Huiphong	Talsang	Sun., Nov. 13, 9 a.m.

Monday

Air Mail for "Imperial Airways"	Imperial Airways Plane	Mon., Nov. 14.
Direct Service—due London,	K.P.O.	
21st November.	Reg.	Nov. 14, 5 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 14, 5.30 p.m.
	G.P.O.	
	Reg.	Nov. 14, 5 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 14, 7 p.m.
Air Mail for Malaya, Java and Australia by "Imperial Airways"	Imperial Airways Plane	Mon., Nov. 14.
Direct Service—due Sydney,	K.P.O.	
21st November.	Reg.	Nov. 14, 5 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 14, 5.30 p.m.
	G.P.O.	
	Reg.	Nov. 14, 5 p.m.
	Ord.	Nov. 14, 7 p.m.

MYSTERY ARMS CARGO WAS FOR H.K.

Bricks and Refuse In Consignment By Steamer Merkland

Patriotism Of Hongkong Chinese Applauded

CHUNGKING, Nov. 10. THE EXECUTIVE YUAN has sent a telegram to Hongkong, acknowledging the receipt of \$300,000 and many gold, silver and jade articles donated by the Chinese in support of the patriotic fund drive sponsored by the vegetable hawkers in the British Colony recently.

The telegram pays a glowing tribute for the patriotism of the donors and sponsors.—Central News.

Dramatic Story Of Loss Of Italian Steamer

IT NOW APPEARS that the 82-ton steam launch Comorant had a long struggle with the elements before she sank on October 18 off Nam Ping Island, near Kwongchowwan.

The report of the skipper, Capt. A. M. Miller, states that the ship sprang a serious leak in the engine room in heavy weather on the night of October 17. The pumps were manned and all hands were put to bailing.

However, it was obvious that the leak could not be mastered and the boat was turned to the nearest point of land and was eventually anchored at 2.45 a.m. off the island. The sea was very rough and a high wind was blowing. At 4.45 a.m., Capt. Miller decided that the position was hopeless and gave orders to abandon ship. The crew went ashore in the life boat, making several trips to save as much of the wreck as they could. It was impossible to salvage the wolfram ore which was the main cargo.

The ship sank soon after noon the next day. The crew were taken to Tung Ting, Kwangtung, and were there held by the military until October 28 when they were allowed to proceed to Hongkong.

EUROPEANS VICTIMISED

A burglar who entered the residence of Mr. E. B. Sykes at No. 141 Sai Yee Street, stole clothing, a suitcase, and money to the total value of \$639 between November 8 and 9. Entry into the flat was gained by opening the back door with a duplicate key.

Mr. G. Taylor, second officer of the steamer Changan, has reported the theft of \$75, two medals and other property, from his cabin during his absence yesterday.

STOCK MARKET REPORT

The Hongkong Stock Exchange official summary issued at 12.30 p.m. yesterday, says:

Although the market remained quiet there was some enquiry for a few of the lower priced stocks, but the short session did not allow of this enquiry broadening.

Buyers
 Union Insurance \$402.
 Peak Trains (Old) \$87.
 Yauwatt Ferries (Old) \$23.
 China Lights (Old) \$10.40.
 H.K. Govt. 4% Loan 6% pm.
 H.K. Govt. 5% Loan par.
 Maraming (Loan) 10.
Sellers
 Providents (Old) \$6.20.
 Star Ferry \$25.
 China Lights (Old) \$10.50.
Sales
 Union Insurance \$495.
 Anlamok P. \$5.
 Atok 201.
 Bagulo Gold 244.
 Hongkong Consul 12.70.
 Coco Grove 50.
 Consolidated Mines \$603.
 Demonstrations 2714.
 Paracale Gumam 1314.
 San Maurice 124.
 Suiyee Consul 23.
 United Paracales 50.

AUSTIN CAR STOLEN

Mr. Halligan, of Jordan Road, has reported to the police that some person has stolen his Austin motor car which was parked outside his home.

Consigner Fined In London

A STORY of talks about arms for China, and the shipping of a mystery cargo, was told at the Mansion House when Dennis Corrigan, Park-lane, W., was fined £500, and ordered to pay 25 guineas costs, with the alternative of six months' imprisonment.

A detective said that Corrigan, who had changed his name from Cassidy, had lived in affluent style. He claimed to be an agent on commission for the sale of munitions. In this respect he had come under the adverse notice of the British authorities.

A summons accused him that last April he caused to be made a false declaration relating to 550 cases of goods on the s.s. Merkland described as machine tools and parts for motor-cars when, in fact, they were bricks and refuse.

Mr. B. M. Stephenson, for the Customs, said that the alleged false declaration was made by a man named Clements, a clerk employed by shipping agents, Wingate and Johnston (Limited) upon a specification relating to the export of certain goods. These were contained in 550 cases which were placed on board the steamer Merkland which sailed from London to Marseilles on April 2, 1938. The contents of the cases were described in the specification as machine tools and parts for motor-cars.

FOR HONGKONG

The port of final destination, continued Mr. Stephenson, was shown as Hongkong, and the value of the goods £9250. In fact the contents of the 550 cases, instead of being as described, were "junk"—old bricks and mortar, worn-out motor tyres and other rubbish.

The story began, said Mr. Stephenson, in March, 1938, when Corrigan entered into arrangements with a man called Chou Ting Hsu. So far as could be ascertained, the arrangement then made was for the sale by Corrigan of a quantity of arms and ammunition which apparently were to go to China. The matter was discussed at interviews which took place at Corrigan's flat in Park-lane, and elsewhere. At one of these interviews a man named Heinz came into the picture.

Corrigan asked Heinz if he could put him into touch with a shipping company for the shipment of 550

guns to hardware, Mr. Cassels explained that while negotiations were in progress for the shipment of these munitions and guns the actual munitions and guns had never been in this country.

They had been paid for and were available to be sent on their voyage to China when it came to the knowledge of Mr. Hsu that this consignment in the name of the firm in Paris was not intended for China, but for Spain.

It was a breach of the non-inter-vention regulations for any arms or munitions to be sent by anybody in this country to Spain, but it was not a breach of any regulation for arms or munitions to be provided for China, provided there was a Board of Trade licence.

If these guns and munitions had reached Spain instead of China—if they had been diverted from their proper course—it might well have involved international complications of a very serious kind, and might have involved Hsu and Corrigan in consequences which might well be described as very serious.

A TRAP

It was Mr. Hsu's idea that a trap should be made to see whether these goods, when they got to Marseilles, were sent to Spain or whether they would go on to China.

If they had gone to Spain, and the cases had contained what was described as rubbish, no harm would have been done. But they would have discovered what was the intention of the buyers of this ammunition.

If, on the other hand, the cargo had gone to China, it could have been arranged that the actual ammunition and guns could follow.

Mr. Cassels said it was difficult to understand what great harm had been done to the Customs in this matter.

He said that Corrigan had taken every step to repair and satisfy any loss which might have been sustained by anybody concerned in this affair.

Messrs. Willing's had received back the sum of £3775 which they had had to pay.

The man who supplied the rubbish was paid £500 for it; the freightage costs of the voyage, £225, had been paid; Wingate and Johnston had been paid £250, and the dock charges amounting to £225 had been paid.

PAID OUT £5000

Corrigan had paid just on £5000 out of his pocket in order to repair any damage which might have been done as a result of this transaction, and the total sum he had received was £95.

It was stated that Corrigan offered

"ANTI-TANK GUNS"

On March 30 a man named Willing met Corrigan and Chou Ting Hsu at an office in Southampton-street and received from them an invoice which appeared to be on Chinese Embassy notepaper, and referred to 50 cases described as containing "Madsen anti-tank guns and cartridges." The invoice purported to show a purchase by Willing to be "c.i.f." to Marseilles for £9250. Willing paid Corrigan £5250 on account, and Corrigan gave him a receipt which was signed by Hsu.

Corrigan then asked Willing for a copy of the invoice, saying that he wanted it for Board of Trade statistical purposes. Willing gave him a copy of the invoice addressed to the Societe des Armes de Paris dated March 30, and describing the goods as Madsen guns and cartridges. However, Mr. Clements, in all good faith, filled in the Customs form, describing the contents of the cases as machine tools and parts for motor-cars.

Mr. Stephenson said that on March 31, while the cases were being put on board the Merkland, three of them fell from the sling and were partially broken. When the vessel reached Marseilles on April 17 all the cases were examined and were found to contain rubbish.

Willing went to Marseilles at the request of the Societe des Armes, where he was placed upon "open arrest," and it cost him something like £1000 to regain his freedom.

CHANGED HIS NAME

Detective Inspector Charles William Allen said that Corrigan changed his name from Kenneth Edward Cassidy by deed poll in 1927 to Michael Dennis Corrigan.

At the Old Bailey, in September, 1930, Corrigan was sentenced to five years' penal servitude for fraudulent conversion of property amounting to £20,000.

At Essex Quarter Sessions, Chelmsford, on September 9, 1937, for aiding and abetting in the commission of an offence under the Air Navigation Consolidation Act, he was fined £50 with £30 costs.

Mr. J. D. Cassels, K.C. (for Corrigan) said that the convictions in this country were admitted.

Inspector Allen said that Corrigan's nationality was uncertain. In July 1920 he obtained a British passport in the name of Kenneth Edward Cassidy. He then said that he was born in Montreal in September 1887. That passport was impounded by the British authorities.

ARMS FOR CHINA

Mr. Cassels said it was perfectly true that in March Corrigan had been concerned in the sale by Hsu of certain arms in response to an order which had been given to Hsu by the French munitions firm.

It was also true that arrangements were made with Messrs. Wingate and Johnston for the purpose of shipping those arms to China.

It was not true that the money in respect of those arms was paid at the end of March; it was paid on March 4. A certain sum of money was in fact paid to a Belgian firm for the purpose of supplying these guns and ammunition for China.

Referring to Mr. Stephenson's statement regarding the changing of the document from munitions, and



KEMAL ATATURK

TURKISH DICTATOR'S DEATH IMMINENT

ISTANBUL, Nov. 9.

KEMAL ATATURK is unconscious according to to-night's bulletin, which adds that the seriousness in his general condition has increased.

Kemal Ataturk's adopted daughters and his sister are keeping constant watch in a nearby room.

There is grave concern among the entire Turkish people. Police patrols are being strongly reinforced and precautionary measures are being taken.

The Prime Minister arrived at the palace this afternoon, following an all-night journey from Ankara.

It is officially stated that a communique concerning Ataturk's condition will be issued shortly. It is feared that this may reveal the death of the President.—Reuter.

to pay £200 of the fine down. He was given seven days to pay the balance.

Mr. W. Share stated on behalf of the Universal Lamp Company, Ltd., that they had no knowledge of the nature of the transaction.

Germany And Colonies

Now Up To Franco And Britain

Berlin, Nov. 9.

Now that the German Chancellor has made an official declaration regarding Germany's colonial claims, it remains for France and England to state their position, it was declared here to-day in political circles.

"We shall see whether the other side has the courage to render justice, whether it is willing to grant equitable demands voluntarily, or whether the old style of the Versailles policy still prevails," writes the Berliner Tageblatt.—Trans-Ocean.

Buy A
Flanders Poppy
To-morrow



TELEPHONE
NOS.
25313.
25332.

KINEMA
AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

BOOKING
at the
THEATRE

GRAND OPENING TO-MORROW

LAUGHING, WOONG, FIGHTING...

on to Fame and Fortune!

The private life of history's bravest adventurer, who fought his way to the court of golden China's emperor to win a princess.



SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents
GARY COOPER

Adventures of Marco Polo

WITH
BASIL RATHBONE

ERNEST TRUAX • GEORGE BARBER
ALAN HALE • BINNIE BARNES

AT ROADSHOW PRICES

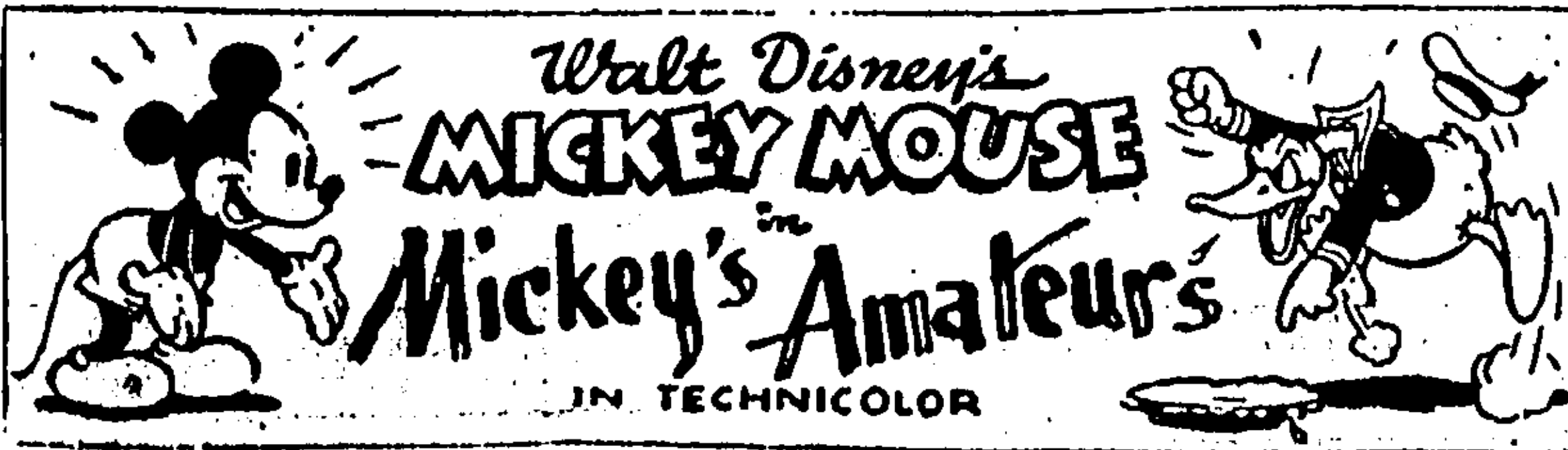


INTRODUCING
SIGRID GURIE

New Film Find from Norway
Directed by ARCHIE MAYO

From the Screenplay by
ROBERT E. SHERWOOD
Released thru United Artists

ALSO



Walt Disney's
MICKEY MOUSE

Mickey's Amateurs

IN TECHNICOLOR

FIFTY—FIFTY

THESE GIVE YOU
THE NEW LOW
LINE... WITHOUT
LEAVING YOUR
SHOULDERS quite
UNCOVERED...

NATURALLY you are going to have one of the new evening gowns with the low corsage. All the same, you may be feeling a little nervous about it. Your arms and neck are not what they were before the Summer. Or you are not quite certain how your husband will take such décolletage.

Here are three ways to solve your problem—you can keep the line without being quite so bare, or feeling so entirely unsupported.



Drawn
by ROBB

fining the line of the corsage from which they spring.

The bodice is held up by narrow ribbon straps. You must have the straps criss or vivid green, or some bright colour contrasting with the frock. Then they don't break the line of the bodice.

PERHAPS you want to be a Gibson girl, like grandma? Well, take a look at the girl at the bottom of the picture. Her billowy-skirted gown is made of black velvet or rich taffeta. The bodice is sheer, edged up the front and stiffened with whitebone.

Stiff bows falling off the shoulders accentuate the low line, take away from the bare effect and give a feel-

ing of support all at the same time. They are made by tying pieces of the bodice, which continue back and front ribbonwise. If you choose a velvet gown remember to stiffen the bows.

If you want a youthful frock which frolics in nines and of the bodice stretch more flat leaves, paillettes, take a look at the middle girl. Spangly sequins flow up, de-

THE top girl has on her autumn dinner gown, draped and formal. This requires the new line bodice, which continues back and front ribbonwise. If you choose a velvet gown remember to stiffen the bows.

And this is how it is done: formal shaped leaves are cut out of one piece of gold kid to go on the shoulder straps, leaf points facing outwards to the arms. Across the front of the bodice stretch more flat leaves, paillettes, take a look at the middle girl. Spangly sequins flow up, de-

IRIUM THRILLS MILLIONS WITH NEW LUSTER ON TEETH

PEPSODENT alone of all tooth pastes contains IRIUM which so amazingly restores natural brilliance to teeth!

Irium is the new modern way to remove dull, dingy film—make teeth sparkle, and keep the mouth clean and fresh.

So effective is IRIUM that one good brushing with Pepsodent tooth paste leaves enamel cleaner and more radiant than you have ever before experienced.



Anita Louise, star of WARNER BROTHERS PICTURES, says: "I'm THE GO-GETTER."

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When better automobiles are
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Kill Kidney Trouble Quick

Thousands of sufferers from Kidney trouble and bladder weakness have enjoyed relief. Up Night, Leg Pain, Crises Under Eyes, Swollen Ankles, Nervousness, Headache, Rheumatism, Diabetes, Lumbago, Burning, Itching, Smarting, Acidity and Loss of Vigour by a doctor's new discovery called Cystex (Sulfate). Gently soothes, tones, cleans, and drains your kidneys. In 15 minutes Cystex starts purifying your blood. Brings new health, youth and vitality in 15 hours. Guaranteed to end your troubles in 3 days or money back. Get Cystex at all chemists.

Items For The Home

NEW electric fires have a floodlit effect which gives a pleasing warm glow. Many of these floodlit models can be used either as a portable screen fire or can be built in as a permanent fixture.

The utility fire that is particularly good value is one that, besides heating your room, can also be used for boiling, drying, and toasting. Pans or a teapot can be kept hot on the hob, extensions attached to the model.

Little did the brothers Grimm realise when they told the tale of "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs" how, in the years to come, these little figures of their imagination would come to life. We see them and hear them talk at a cinema, we see them pictured on dress materials, on vases and bathroom accessories—and now they will illuminate our rooms.

Snow White, the Dwarfs, and their animal friends are reproduced in colour from Walt Disney's drawings on non-inflammable translucent shades for electric decoration lamps. These should prove very popular during the winter party season.

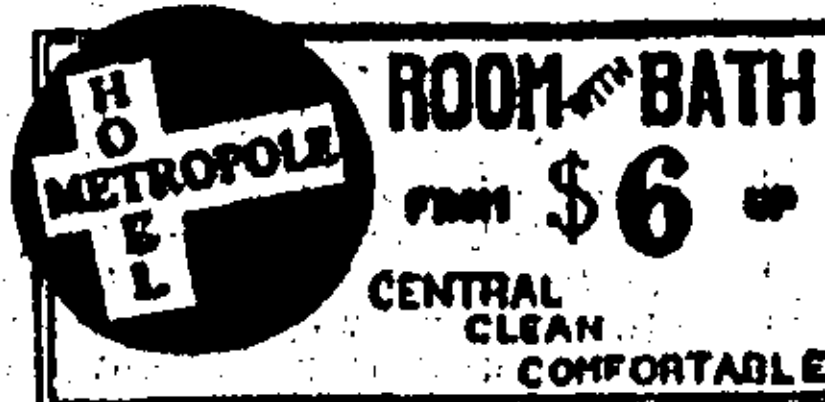
An iron of streamline shape has a bevelled edge for ironing round buttons. It is specially balanced, and has a handle shaped to prevent undue fatigue, as the hand is held in a natural and not a strained position.

A combined lamp and table clock is a practical and attractive novelty. The clock, made in both light and dark oak, has coloured "pips" to indicate the hours. The light oak has green, blue, or pink pips, and the dark oak models have pips of white or green. The lampshades match whatever colour pips you choose.

Tomato Jam

TWO pounds each of tomatoes and loaf sugar, three lemons, one pint of water are needed. Skin the tomatoes and cut them up. Boil the lemons in water till soft, cut up finely, removing pips. Put the fruit into a pan with sugar and water in which lemons were boiled, and simmer till the jam sets. This will be in a little over one hour.

H. W. S.



Stale Cakes Transformed

AN elementary knowledge of cooking tells us that the basis of all well-made cakes is butter, sugar, flour, and eggs.

When these ingredients which form the cake have become stale and dry it can be reduced to crumbs, and with the addition of something to moisten and re-bind, they can be used in many ways.

Fruit cake—sultana, cherry, &c.—contain all the requirements of a good steamed pudding. It needs to be finely crumbled, and re-bound with a little milk, fruit juice, or egg. The same treatment to a plain cake will make a nice luncheon sweet, if it be baked in a shallow tin lined with pastry.

Cake crumbs mixed with jam, and used as a filling in a good short pastry, makes a delicious change from the ordinary jam tart.

Fancies and Biscuits

If moistened with a little fruit juice crumbs can be converted into delicious fancies for an afternoon tea party. Form them into oblongs, balls, cover with melted jelly, and roll in coconut or chopped nuts.

Tasty biscuits can be made by adding egg and flavouring to crumbs. Roll them out to about 1/4 inch in thickness, cut into fancy shapes, and bake in a moderate oven about seven to ten minutes. If decorated, when cold, with a little glaze icing, these will be great favourites with the children.

A Festive-Looking Trifle

A really festive-looking trifle can be made with a stale sponge cake. Cut it up into fingers, arrange these in a glass dish, and spread on a little jam. Dissolve a pint lemon jelly in hot water, and while it is still hot pour half over the sponge cakes. Allow the other half to become cold, then whip up till it is light and frothy. Pile on top of sponge cakes, and decorate with glaze cherries.

By far the easiest solution to the stale cake problem is, of course, to keep cakes fresh! They should be kept in an airtight tin, which should be frequently dusted out and exposed to the sun. Fruit cakes keep longer than plain ones, but the lives of both can be prolonged if kept wrapped in greaseproof paper. Nothing dries a cake more than exposure to the air, so when your meal is over, always put your cakes back at once into their tin.

Isobel

EWO MALTONIC

If you are run-down, nervous and cannot sleep, drink a bottle of Maltonic just before going to bed.

You will sleep well and arise feeling strong and full of energy.

For Health, Energy and Enjoyment drink Maltonic daily.

Obtainable from all compradores, dispensaries or from

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SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA AND SINGAPORE

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IF you have any beauty problems, why not try Mrs. Boten's Beauty Salon which has a reputation of being the most reliable in the Colony.

Peninsula Hotel.

Tel. 58081, Extension 34.

TOGETHER AGAIN.....THE WORLD'S GAY DANCING
SWEETHEARTS IN THE GREATEST OF ALL THEIR SHOWS!

Throw out that old
fashioned swing stuff...
it isn't fast enough
when Fred and Ginger
groove that YAM!

Fred Astaire
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"CAPTIVITY"
with the greatest score ever
written by **IRVING BERLIN**
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RALPH BELLAMY
LUELLA GEAR
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FRANKLIN PANGBORN
A PANDRO S. BERMAN Production.
Directed by Mark Sandrich... Screen
play by Allan Scott and Ernest Pagano.
Story and Adaptation
by Dudley Nichols and
Hagar Wilde.
RKO RADIO PICTURE

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QUEEN'S

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UNITED ARTISTS

ACTION for SLANDER
ANN TODD • MARGARETTA SCOTT

TO-MORROW GARY COOPER in
United Artists "The Adventures of Marco Polo"

QUEENS

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• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •
LAUGHS! ROMANCE! DYNAMITE! ACTION!



Directed by BEN STOLOFF. Produced by LOU LUSTY. Screen Play by Bert Graner and Paul Yawitz

This is one of the MOVIE QUIZ
\$250,000.00 CONTEST PICTURES

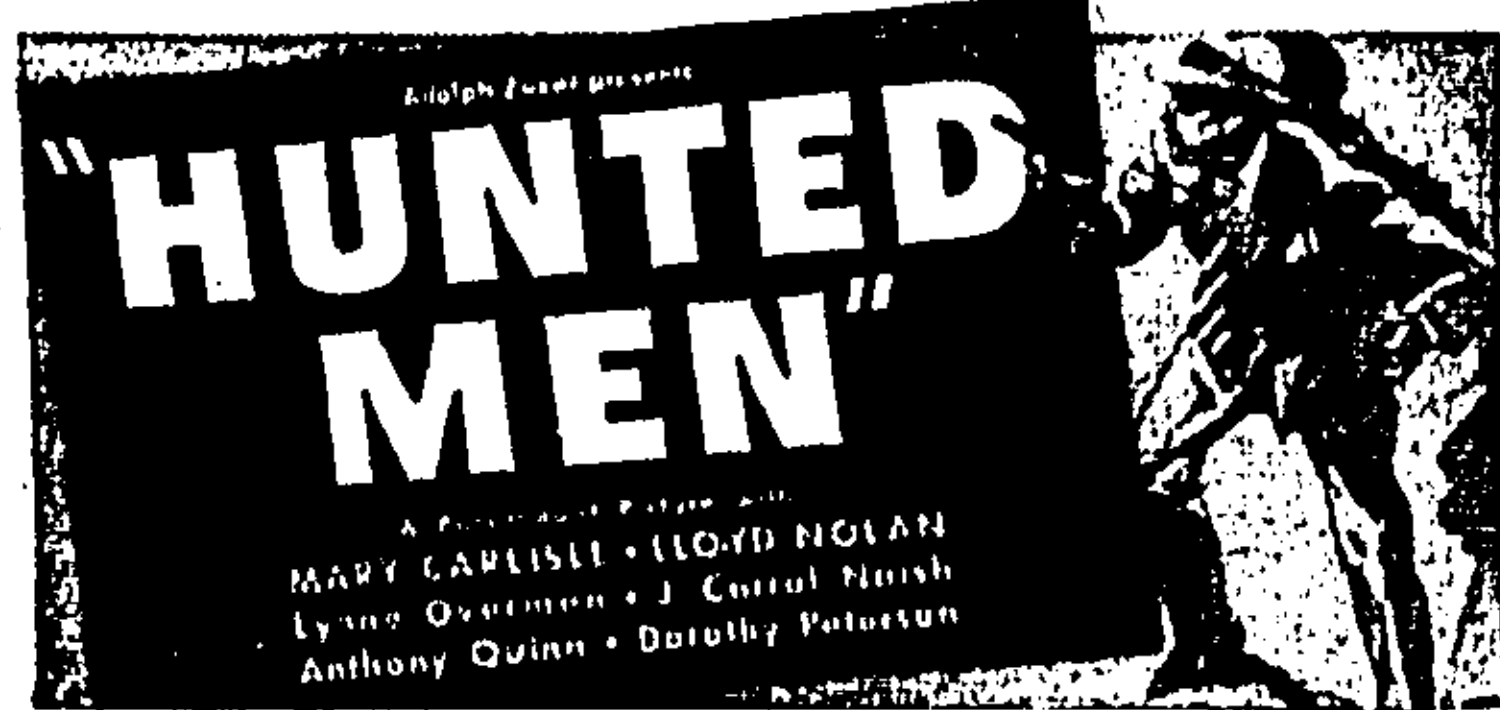
ADDED! NEW ISSUE MARCH OF TIME
"MEN OF MEDICINE, 1938"

A portrayal of your doctor — his life — his work, etc.

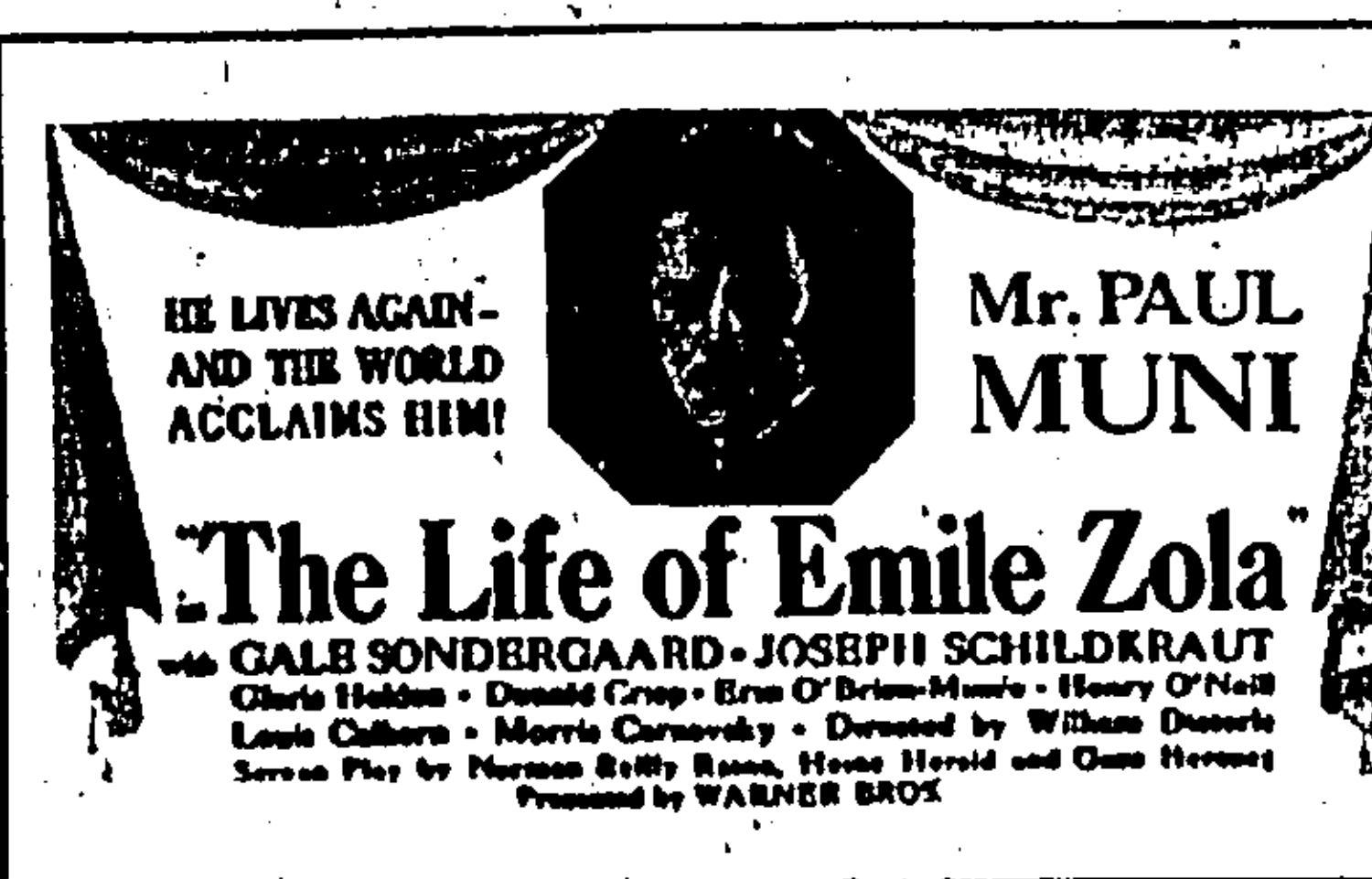
TO-MORROW FRED ASTAIRE - GINGER ROGERS
RKO Picture in "CAREFREE"

6 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.15 7.15-9.30
ORIENTAL THEATRE
LAST 4 TIMES TO-DAY
GLAMOUR RIPPED FROM THE UNDERWORLD "BIG SHOTS!"
It turns the spotlight on a fresh and startling angle of gangsterdom, a heart-tugging and thrilling picture.

THE PICTURE THAT RIPS THE GLAMOUR FROM UNDERWORLD "BIG-SHOTS!"



2 DAYS ONLY — TO-MORROW & SATURDAY
AN EXTRAORDINARY PICTURE NO ONE SHOULD MISS!



• MATINEES: 20c-30c • EVENINGS: 20c-30c-50c-70c •

LATE NEWS

(Continued from Page 1.)

of these proposals had been sufficiently advanced when the first draft was prepared for their inclusion in the original print.

DEFICIT REDUCED

The estimated deficit, should revenue continue as originally predicted, is thus reduced from \$2,405,435 to \$1,659,000.

The following are the items which have been added:

Head 9, Education Department—Training of Teachers	\$18,000
Head 13, Kowloon Canton Railway—New post of Assistant Mechanical Engineer	11,200
Head 20, Police Force—Care-taker at Tsun Wan	24
Head 24 (A), Public Works Department—2 Class VIB Clerks	989
Head 28, Royal Observatory—Aerological Investigation, (England)	250
Head 31, Public Works Extraordinary—Alterations to Prisons	20,000
	\$50,403

No New Dog Kennels

The following are the items which on Your Excellency's suggestion have been omitted or reduced:

Sub-head 12, Control Launch	\$90,000
Head 13, Kowloon-Canton Railway:	
Sub-head 34, Additional Crossing Station between mile 11 and 11½	41,000
Head 31, Public Works Extraordinary:	
Sub-head 4, New Police Station—Stanley	50,000
Sub-head 11, New Dog Kennels, Kennedy Town	20,000
Sub-head 30, Layout of a Government Quarry—Hok On. (Reduced from \$150,000 to \$75,000)	75,000
Sub-head 37, Kowloon Canton Road: Improvements to Kowloon-Muk Fu Ferry Section	500,000
Sub-head 45, Rewiring of Government Buildings. (Reduced from \$22,000 to \$17,000)	5,000
Sub-head 49, Botanical Gardens—Layout of Albany Site	5,000
Sub-head 66, Extension of Reclamation from Jubilee Street Pier to Pottinger Street Pier. (Reduced from \$150,000 to \$140,000)	10,000
	\$706,000

The Committee considered at some length the claims of various charitable organizations for increased subsidies but did not in the circumstances described recommend any additions.

Before sitting down I should like to express my thanks to my unofficial colleagues for their careful and diligent work in Committee. Every Head of Estimates was scrutinized and many Heads of Departments were summoned to attend our meetings. On every hand I was assured of the advantages from the practical point of view of the new method of considering the Colony's annual expenditure.

I wish also to thank Mr. Hawkins for his labours both before and during the final stage. To add anything in praise of the Honourable Financial Secretary would be almost presumptuous on my part.

I now move—
"That the Estimates of Expenditure for the year, 1939 as now presented be approved."

Japanese Reach Yochow

Shanghai, Nov. 10.

A detachment of Japanese Infantry has reached the outskirts of Yochow, according to an unofficial Japanese despatch.

Another column has appeared five miles south of Tungcheng. It is claimed that Yunki, north of Yochow, has been completely occupied.—Reuter.

RESUMPTION OF H.K. TRADE RIGHTS

During debate in Council this afternoon, His Excellency the Governor said:

"The Senior Unofficial Member, speaking on behalf of himself and all his colleagues, ended his speech with a plea on behalf of this Colony's trade with South China.

"I can assure the honourable and learned member that this Government is in full sympathy with what he said on this subject and that I will do all that lies in my power to secure the early resumption of our long established trade rights in these waters."

GUESTS AT HOTELS

Fines Imposed for Failure To Make up Lists

The fact that all weekly hotel guest returns, including "hill" returns, should be made and sent to the Police was stressed at the Central Magistracy yesterday when two persons were fined and one cautioned for failing to do so, by Mr. H. R. Butters.

Mrs. A. Lloyd, of Jordan Road, was fined \$20, while Miss M. G. Clarke of the Kingsville Private Hotel was cautioned.

Wong Tze-lung, manager of the Wong Kung Boarding House, was fined \$25. Mr. J. M. D'Almada Remedios pleaded guilty on behalf of Wong, stating that it was an oversight on the part of the accountant of the boarding house, who had been instructed to send in the returns.

Inspector H. E. Langley prosecuted in all cases.

ANNAMITE IN COURT

Police Withdraw Charge In Passport Case

An Annamite named Mauk Van Lien, alias Fung Yuen-pang, 31, was discharged when he made a further appearance before Mr. H. R. Butters at the Central Magistracy yesterday, on a charge of entering the Colony without a valid passport on November 1, and with failing to report his arrival in the Colony.

Inspector H. E. Langley said no further evidence would be offered in the case by the Police.

At a previous hearing, defendant had claimed to be a Chinese subject.

BLACK-OUT PLANS

Exercises During Combined Manoeuvres

A series of black-outs will be held during the combined naval and military manoeuvres later this year. It was announced yesterday by Wing Cmdr. A. S. H. Steele-Perkins, A.R.P. Officer.

The time of the first black-out will be announced later but the second will be a surprise exercise and will be indicated by the sounding of certain air raid warning signals. These exercises will consist of two phases. During the first traffic will be permitted to run with restricted lighting and during the second phase all types of land and water traffic will cease running for a period of 20 minutes.

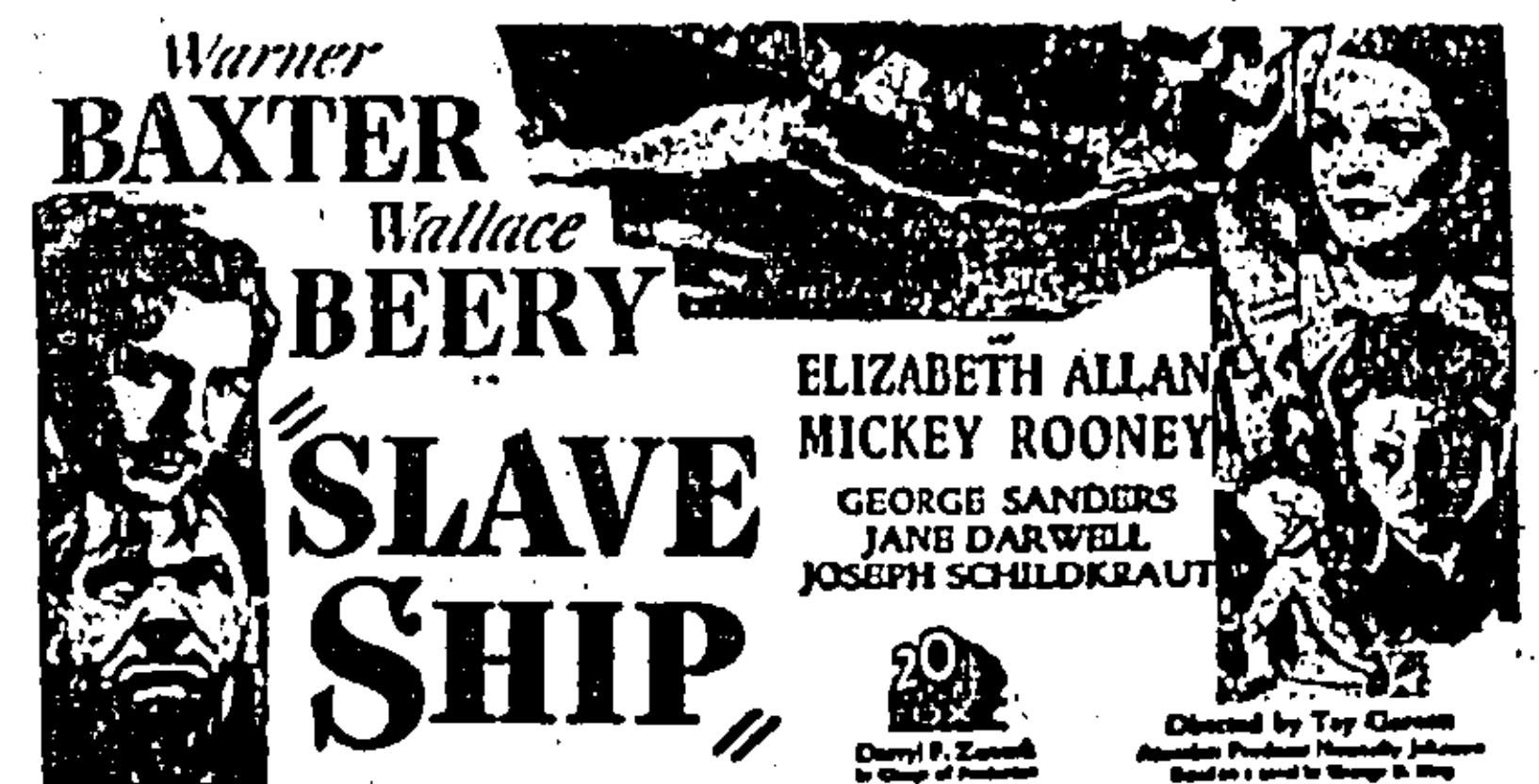
In addition, during the first black-out, it is proposed to exercise the Fire Brigade, the Police, Air Raid Wardens and decontamination squads in the wearing of full protective clothing and respirators.

CENTRAL

Daily at 12.30, 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.
PRICES 35 cts. - 45 cts. - 55 cts.

QUEEN'S RD. CENTRAL: CAR PARK — JERVOIS STREET
Take Bus No. 4 or 5 going west, 3 min. from stop opposite Queen's

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IF IT'S SERVICE YOU REQUIRE —
YOU SHOULD TRY — IN FACT —
YOU MUST TRY OUR CREPE
GEORGETTE STOCKINGS — THEIR
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TO-MORROW

RKO Picture

"CAREFREE"

FRED ASTAIRE - GINGER ROGERS



• TO-DAY ONLY •

Vive La Dance! Vive La Romance! Vive La France!



TO-MORROW

MGM Picture

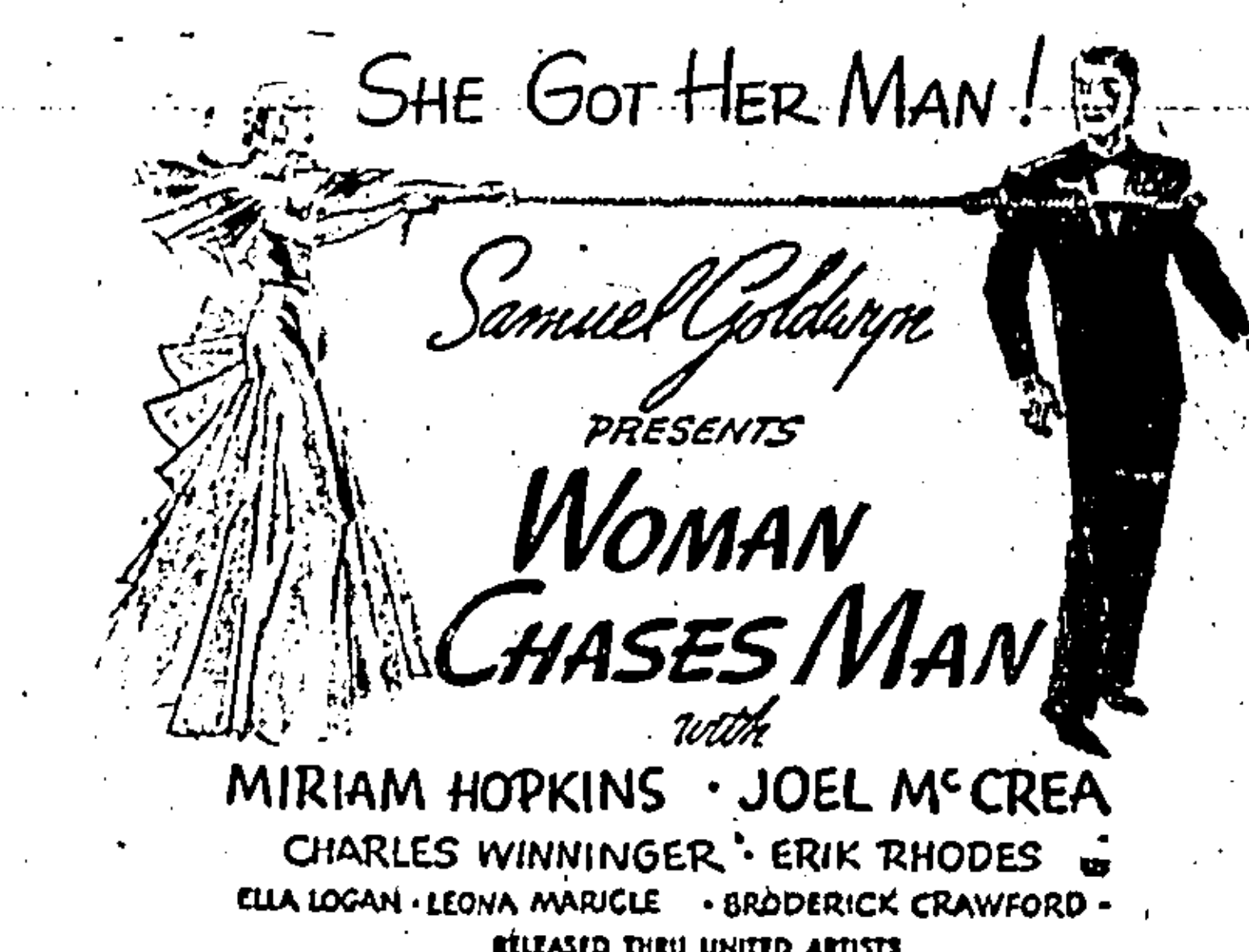
ROBERT TAYLOR

"A YANK AT OXFORD"



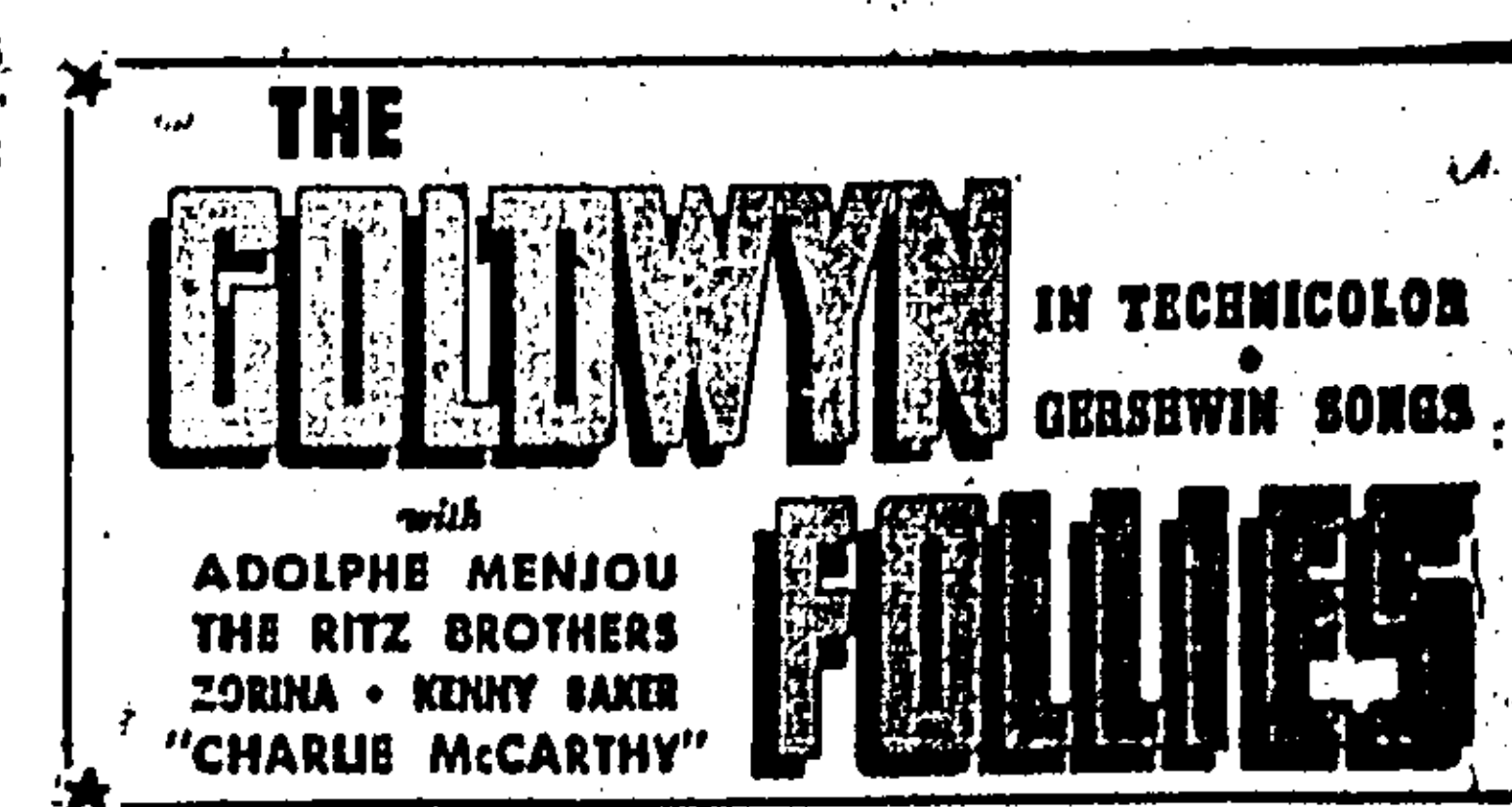
• TO-DAY & TO-MORROW •

YOU'LL LAUGH YOURSELF SILLY AT THIS MAD, INSANE,
HILARIOUS MAN-HUNT!



• COMMENCING SATURDAY •

THE ARISTOCRAT OF FUN SHOWS! THE SHOW THAT HAS
EVERYTHING!



SALE OF PROPERTY

Demolish or Repair
Order to Buyer

Leasehold property in King's Road district, went under the hammer yesterday at Messrs. Lamert Bros., auctioneers, when, after keen bidding, Mr. Chan Yung, of No. 3, Gordon Road, became the owner at \$29,000. Bidding began at \$20,000 and went

up by \$500 bids.

Mr. M. J. Abbott, Assistant Crown Solicitor, attended the auction.

The property, which was sold by the Crown, comprised 10 dwelling houses at King's Road and "Ming Yuen" Western Street, but these are not fully occupied as they are in a bad state of repair. One of the conditions of sale was that the purchaser should, within two months of attaining ownership, put the premises in habitable repair or demolish them.

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